
USACE / NAVFAC / AFCEA UFGS-02217 (August 2004)

Preparing Activity: USACE (CW) Superseding
UFGS-02217A (September 2003)

UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated 25 June 2004

Latest change indicated by CHG tags

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SECTION 02217

FOUNDATION PREPARATION 08/04

NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for embankments and concrete structures placed on rock foundations, including all operations on the rock surface to make that surface acceptable for the placement of embankment or concrete.

Comments and suggestions on this guide specification are welcome and should be directed to the technical proponent of the specification. A listing of technical proponents, including their organization designation and telephone number, is on the Internet.

Recommended changes to a UFGS should be submitted as a Criteria Change Request (CCR).

Use of electronic communication is encouraged.

Brackets are used in the text to indicate designer choices or locations where text must be supplied by the designer.

PART 1 GENERAL

NOTE: This section is not complete, but should normally be incorporated into the sections EARTHWORK, and/or CONCRETE, or a separate section on FOUNDATION PREPARATION may be included in the project specifications.

1.1 REFERENCES

NOTE: Issue (date) of references included in project specifications need not be more current than provided by the latest guide specification. Use of

SpecsIntact automated reference checking is
recommended for projects based on older guide
specifications.

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the
extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the
basic designation only.

ACI INTERNATIONAL (ACI)

ACI 506.2 (1995) Specification for Shotcrete

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A 185 (2002) Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement,
Plain, for Concrete

ASTM C 270 (2003) Mortar for Unit Masonry

ASTM C 387 (2000e1) Packaged, Dry, Combined Materials
for Mortar and Concrete

1.2 UNIT PRICES

NOTE: If Section 01270A MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT is
included in the project specifications, this
paragraph title (UNIT PRICES) should be deleted from
this section and the remaining appropriately edited
subparagraphs below should be inserted into Section
01270A.

1.2.1 Preliminary Cleanup

1.2.1.1 Payment

Payment will be made for costs for each preliminary cleanup satisfactorily
performed at the direction of the Contracting Officer. Payment will be
made for each cleanup of the same area if more than one cleanup has been
directed and satisfactorily performed.

1.2.1.1 Measurement

Preliminary cleanup will be measured for payment by determining the area
cleaned to the nearest square meter yard.

1.2.1.2 Unit of Measure

Unit of measure: square meter yard.

1.2.2 Final Cleanup

1.2.2.1 Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with final cleanup of the area
[for each type of foundation preparation] that has been satisfactorily
prepared. Where preliminary cleanup has been directed and performed and

the contractor subsequently performs final cleanup, payment will be made for preliminary cleanup. Payment will not be made for any cleanup subsequent to final cleanup.

1.2.2.2 Measurement

Final cleanup will be measured for payment by determining the area cleaned to the nearest square meter yard.

1.2.2.3 Unit of measure

Square meter yard.

1.2.3 Foundation Preparation

1.2.3.1 Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with foundation preparation of the area [for each type of foundation preparation] that has been satisfactorily prepared. Where preliminary cleanup has been directed and performed and the contractor subsequently performs foundation preparation, payment will be made for foundation preparation. Payment will not be made for more than one foundation preparation of the same area.

1.2.3.2 Measurement

Foundation preparation will be measured for payment by determining the area prepared to the nearest square meter yard.

1.2.3.3 Unit of measure

Square meter yard.

1.2.4 Dental Concrete

1.2.4.1 Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with dental concrete placed.

1.2.4.2 Measurement

Dental concrete will be measured for payment by determining the volume to the nearest one-tenth cubic meter yard.

1.2.4.3 Unit of measure

Cubic meter yard.

1.2.5 Dental Mortar

1.2.5.1 Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with dental mortar placed.

1.2.5.2 Measurement

Dental mortar will be measured for payment by determining the volume to the nearest one-tenth cubic meter yard.

1.2.5.3 Unit of measure

Cubic meter yard.

1.2.6 [Shotcrete]

1.2.6.1 [Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with shotcrete satisfactorily placed.]

1.2.6.2 [Measurement

Shotcrete will be measured for payment by determining the area satisfactorily covered to the nearest square meter yard.]

1.2.6.3 [Unit of measure

Square meter yard.]

1.2.7 [Protective Coating]

1.2.7.1 [Payment

Payment will be made for costs associated with protective coating satisfactorily applied. Separate payment will not be made for reapplication necessary due to damage by construction activities, fault or negligence of the contractor, or failure of the contractor to prosecute the work in a timely manner. Otherwise, separate payment shall be made for each reapplication directed and satisfactorily performed.]

1.2.7.2 [Measurement

Protective coating will be measured for payment by determining the area satisfactorily covered to the nearest square meter yard.]

1.2.7.3 [Unit of measure

Square meter yard.]

1.3 DEFINITIONS

1.3.1 Foundations

The rock foundation is comprised of the rock surfaces upon which [embankment] [and] [concrete] structures are placed. Vertical surfaces, where permitted or required by these specifications, are included.

1.3.2 Rock Joints

Rock joints are all planar and/or curvilinear fractures, including cracks, crevices, and seams which separate a rock mass into individual rock blocks of various sizes. They may be open or closed and may be filled with material other than rock material.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Submittals must be limited to those necessary

for adequate quality control. The importance of an item in the project should be one of the primary factors in determining if a submittal for the item should be required.

A "G" following a submittal item indicates that the submittal requires Government approval. Some submittals are already marked with a "G". Only delete an existing "G" if the submittal item is not complex and can be reviewed through the Contractor's Quality Control system. Only add a "G" if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For submittals requiring Government approval on Army projects, a code of up to three characters within the submittal tags may be used following the "G" designation to indicate the approving authority. Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy projects.

Submittal items not designated with a "G" are considered as being for information only for Army projects and for Contractor Quality Control approval for Navy projects.

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are [for Contractor Quality Control approval.][for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government.] The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-03 Product Data

Tools[; G][; G, [_____]]

Tabular list of light power tools to be used in lieu of hand tools shall be submitted for approval prior to their use on the job site.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

2.1.1 Dental Concrete

NOTE: Select the appropriate alternatives.

Dental concrete shall conform to the requirements of [Section [[_____]]]

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE

PERMISSIBLE LIMITS
PERCENT BY WEIGHT, PASSING

[_____]

[_____]

GRAVEL "D"

[_____]
[_____]
[_____]

[_____]
[_____]
[_____]

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE

PERMISSIBLE LIMITS
PERCENT BY WEIGHT, PASSING

CRUSHED STONE

[_____]
[_____]
[_____]

[_____]
[_____]
[_____]

The [filter materials] shall be well-graded between the limits shown. [Gravel shall not be crushed stone.] At least one test shall be performed on each 1000 tons (metric) 2,000,000 lb to be delivered to the project site for each gradation band. All points on individual grading curves obtained from representative samples of [filter material] shall lie between the boundary limits as defined by smooth curves drawn through the tabulated grading limits plotted on a mechanical analysis diagram. The individual grading curves within these limits shall not exhibit abrupt changes in slope denoting either skip grading or scalping of certain sizes or other irregularities which would be detrimental to the proper functioning of the filter.]

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

The limits of the proposed foundations for the various parts of the work are approximately as indicated. The Contracting Officer reserves the right to change the depth to, or the width of, the foundations if, conditions exposed in the foundation excavations, or as determined by exploratory drilling, warrant such modifications.

3.2 PREPARATION

3.2.1 Equipment

3.2.1.1 Tools

Hand tools, where required or permitted by these specifications include, but are not limited to [shovels,] [bars,] [picks,] [wedges,] [and] [brooms]. Light power tools may be used in lieu of hand tools only when such use is approved.

3.2.1.2 Air Jet

An air jet shall consist of a [40] [_____] mm [1-1/2] [_____] inch nozzle with a supply hose connected to a suitable source of compressed air. The

compressed air shall have a pressure between [620] [_____] and [760] [_____] kPa [90] [_____] and [110] [_____] psi. The compressed air shall be controllable at the nozzle.

3.2.1.3 Air/Water Jet

An air/water jet shall consist of a [40] [_____] mm [1-1/2] [_____] inch nozzle with associated controls and supply hoses connected to suitable sources of compressed air and water. Compressed air shall have a pressure between [620] [_____] and [760] [_____] kPa [90] [_____] and [110] [_____] psi. Water shall be introduced into the airstream at the nozzle when needed, at a rate of up to [2] [_____] L/s [30] [_____] gpm. The air and water shall be separately controllable at the nozzle.

3.2.1.4 Water Jet

A water jet shall consist of a [25] [_____] mm [1] [_____] inch nozzle with a supply hose connected to a suitable source of water. The system shall be capable of delivering up to [13] [_____] L/s [200] [_____] gpm. The flow rate shall be controllable at the nozzle.

3.3 PRELIMINARY CLEANUP

When the excavation has reached the approximate limits shown or when the Contracting Officer determines that a satisfactory foundation may have been reached, the Contracting Officer may direct that a preliminary cleanup be performed on all or any part of the rock foundation surface. This cleanup shall consist of removing all debris, loose rock, sand, silt, and other objectionable material by hand tools followed by [air] [water] [air/water] jets or any combination of additional methods approved or directed. The Contracting Officer may require that the excavation be continued and the preliminary cleanup procedure repeated until a satisfactory foundation surface is reached.

3.4 FINAL CLEANUP AND FOUNDATION PREPARATION

**NOTE: Insert a description of the areas to receive
(this type) foundation preparation.**

Where more than one type of final cleanup and foundation preparation is needed, this paragraph may be repeated with appropriate variations. See EM 1110-2-2300 for guidance on where foundation preparation should be required under embankment dams. Compacted filter material should be used under overhangs only when granular fill is being placed against the foundation.

Unless otherwise directed, Final Cleanup and Foundation Preparation [, Structural] [, Embankment] [, Type [_____]] shall be performed [_____] . This work shall consist of removing loose and/or weather rock and pockets of fines, sand, rock rubble or gravel and other objectionable material from the in place rock surface including areas of depression, large crevices, and open rock joints. [The loose material need not be removed where the width of the opening is less than [_____] mm inches.] [Mechanical equipment may be used but such equipment will be rubber tired only.] Picking, barring, and hand excavation may be necessary to obtain a

foundation surface free from loose, drummy, or shattered materials. [Irregularities in the rock surfaces shall be trimmed to form a reasonable uniform slope on the abutments.] [Slopes shall not be steeper than [_____] vertical on [_____] horizontal.] [Overhangs shall not be permitted at any location.] [Overhangs shall be excavated and backfilled with compacted [filter] [granular] materials. Placement of such filter materials shall be in accordance with the provisions contained in Section [[_____] [_____] .] [Vertical surfaces shall not be [permitted.] [higher than [_____] m feet] and benches between vertical surfaces shall be of such width so as to provide a stepped slope comparable to the adjacent uniform slope.] The final rock surface shall be thoroughly cleaned by use of [air jets] [water jets] [air/water jets] or other approved method and shall be maintained in a clean condition until the placement of [embankment] [or] [concrete] thereon.

3.5 DENTAL TREATMENT

NOTE: If a schedule is not provided, a description of the areas to receive dental treatment, and the minimum width joint to be treated should be included. For embankment dams, the minimum width joint to be treated depends on the gradation of the embankment material that will be placed against the joint (see EM 1110-2-2300).

Dental treatment shall consist of excavation, if necessary, of the material in joints, cavities, depressions, and overhangs and the placement of [concrete] [or] [mortar] such that the final surface is satisfactory for the subsequent placement of [embankment] [or] [concrete]. [Unless otherwise directed, Dental Treatment shall be performed in accordance with the following schedule:

Foundation Area	Minimum Width Joint to be treated
[_____] [_____] [_____]	[_____] [_____] [_____]

Joints and cavities shall be excavated to a depth [3] [_____] times the width (measured at the base of the excavation) of the joint or cavity.

3.5.1 Dental Concrete

NOTE: Normally the concrete specification will be included in Division 3, Concrete. When Division 3 would not otherwise be included, and only small quantities will be needed, the ASTM alternate may be used. The maximum aggregate size in dental concrete should not be more than one third the minimum widths of joints in which it is to be used.

Concrete shall be used to fill joints, cavities, depressions, and overhangs except where the use of mortar is required or permitted. Prior to placement, the surfaces of the joint, cavity, depression, or overhang will be thoroughly cleaned using [air] [or] [air/water] [or] [water] jets. The maximum aggregate size shall be [[_____] mm inch] [as directed]. The

concrete shall conform with paragraph MATERIALS.

3.5.2 Dental Mortar

Mortar shall be used to fill joints, cavities, depressions, and overhangs when the width of the opening is less than [_____] mm inches and at other areas as directed or approved. Placement of the sand-cement mortar will be accomplished by [troweling] [brooming] the mortar [with stiff bristled brooms] into the cleaned joints, cracks, and crevices so as to provide a thorough seal. The surface moisture of the rock shall be such that absorption of water from the mortar mix will be minimized. However, no standing water will be allowed. All mortar which cannot be worked into the joints, shall be removed from the rock surface. [The mortar shall be moist cured for a period of at least [_____] .] The mortar shall conform with paragraph MATERIALS.

3.6 PROTECTIVE TREATMENT

NOTE: Insert here a description of the areas to be protected, and the type(s) of protection to be used.

If more than one type of protection is specified, it should be clear which method(s) is (are) required for each area. If the choice of methods is optional with the contractor that should be stated. Care should be used when selecting protective measures. Not all methods are suitable in all situations or with all types of rock. Of the following paragraphs, only those methods specified should be included.

Protective treatment shall be [_____] .

3.6.1 Wetting

The area shall be kept wet by [continuous spraying] [flooding] or by other approved method. [The Contractor shall provide positive measures to control the runoff.]

3.6.2 Shotcrete

NOTE: See ACI 506.2 for additional options that may be specified and for guidance on their use. The first alternate should be used if shotcrete is being used for other purposes on the job, or if a different shotcrete specification is appropriate.

NOTE: Alternate 1.

[Shotcrete shall conform to the requirements of paragraph MATERIALS.]

NOTE: Alternate 2.

[The area to be protected shall be covered by welded wire fabric in accordance with paragraph MATERIALS.] The fabric shall be securely anchored in place as shown on the contract drawings. The shotcrete shall conform to paragraph MATERIALS. The Contractor shall be responsible for construction and preconstruction testing. [Gradation [_____] will be used.] [Gradations [_____] or [_____] will be used.] The minimum cover [over reinforcement,] shall be [_____] mm inches.

3.6.3 Protective Coating

NOTE: Celtite 42-51 HI-SEAL, (42-52C (Clear)), and (45-51W (White)) epoxy resin and emulsion, manufactured by Celtite, Inc., telephone 1-800-626-2948 and Aero-Spray, manufactured by American Cyanamid/CYTEC, telephone 1-800-835-9844, (Mining Products Division) have been successfully used and were available at time of publication. However, the availability of these and similar products should be investigated before their use is specified. Asphaltic emulsions have been used, with limited success, in some applications.

An approved protective coating shall be applied within [_____] hours of exposure of the rock surface. The coating shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or as otherwise approved. The contractor shall reapply the coating as necessary to repair damage caused by construction activities or when needed to provide adequate protection. [The protective coating shall be [_____] , or equal.]

3.6.4 Protective Backfill

The final [600] [_____] mm [2] [_____] feet of excavation, final cleanup and foundation preparation, inspection, [dental treatment,] and placement of the first [300] [_____] mm [12] [_____] inches of backfill shall all be accomplished within a period of [16] [_____] hours. Within [48] [_____] hours after the start of the final excavation, the backfill shall have a minimum thickness of [1000] [_____] mm [3] [_____] feet. The backfill shall be placed in accordance with the requirements of Section [[_____] [_____]].

3.6.5 Protective Concrete

The final [600] [_____] mm [2] [_____] feet of excavation, [cleanup,] inspection, preparation, [dental treatment,] and placement of at least [_____] mm inches of protective concrete, shall all be accomplished within a period of [_____] hours. The concrete shall conform to the requirements of Section [[_____] [_____]].

3.6.6 Temporary Earth Cover

NOTE: Insert the requirements of the material to be used.

[Within [_____] hours of excavation,] [Before freezing weather is

expected,] [Before other construction activities are permitted,] the area will be protected by a temporary earth cover [_____] mm feet thick. The material shall [_____] . The material shall be removed and the area [cleaned,] [inspected,] [and prepared] prior to placement of [embankment] [or] [concrete] thereon.

3.7 TESTS

3.7.1 General

The Contractor shall establish and maintain quality control for foundation preparation operations to assure compliance with contract specifications and shall maintain records of his quality control for all operations including but not limited to the following:

3.7.1.1 Equipment

Quantity and type.

3.7.1.2 Foundation Excavation

Strict adherence to foundation excavation limits and depths.

3.7.1.3 Inspection, Mapping, and Cleanup

Orderly prosecution of inspections, mapping, and cleanup of foundation excavation areas.

3.7.1.4 Specialized operations

Protective treatment [and Dental treatment].

3.7.2 Reports

Three copies of these records of inspection as well as corrective action taken shall be submitted daily.

3.8 FOUNDATION INSPECTION AND GEOLOGIC MAPPING

Inspections to determine adequacy of the foundations will be performed by the Contracting Officer in all foundation areas between completion of excavation and placement of [embankment,] [or] [concrete,] [or protective treatment]. The Contractor will cooperate to the extent necessary to assist in inspection and mapping activities which may require additional survey control points and access. The Contractor will coordinate his schedule for foundation excavation and preliminary cleanup with the Contracting Officer to insure that the cleanup, inspection, and mapping proceed in an orderly manner.

-- End of Section --