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Preparing Activity: NAVFAC

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UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated July 2024

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04/06

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SECTION 43 21 29

FLOW MEASURING EQUIPMENT [POTABLE WATER] [SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT]
04/06

NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for flow measuring equipment for use in potable water or sewage treatment plant.

Adhere to [UFC 1-300-02](#) Unified Facilities Guide Specifications (UFGS) Format Standard when editing this guide specification or preparing new project specification sections. Edit this guide specification for project specific requirements by adding, deleting, or revising text. For bracketed items, choose applicable item(s) or insert appropriate information.

Remove information and requirements not required in respective project, whether or not brackets are present.

Comments, suggestions and recommended changes for this guide specification are welcome and should be submitted as a [Criteria Change Request \(CCR\)](#).

NOTE: Special consideration not included in this guide must be given to sewage with high salt water concentration or carrying industrial wastes containing components detrimental to materials used in typical treatment plant and biodegrading micro-organisms.

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

NOTE: This paragraph is used to list the publications cited in the text of the guide specification. The publications are referred to in

the text by basic designation only and listed in this paragraph by organization, designation, date, and title.

Use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature when you add a Reference Identifier (RID) outside of the Section's Reference Article to automatically place the reference in the Reference Article. Also use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature to update the issue dates.

References not used in the text will automatically be deleted from this section of the project specification when you choose to reconcile references in the publish print process.

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS (ASME)

ASME B16.1 (2020) Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings Classes 25, 125, and 250

ASME PTC 19.5 (2022) Flow Measurement

AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION (AWWA)

AWWA C700 (2020) Cold-Water Meters - Displacement Type, Metal Alloy Main Case

AWWA C704 (2019) Propeller-Type Meters for Waterworks Applications

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A126 (2004; R 2023) Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings for Valves, Flanges, and Pipe Fittings

ASTM B61 (2015; R 2021) Standard Specification for Steam or Valve Bronze Castings

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD)

MIL-DTL-24441 (2009; Rev D; Notice 1 2021) Paint, Epoxy-Polyamide, General Specification for

1.2 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

The flow measuring equipment must be the [variable head meter type for closed channel] [variable head meter type for open channel] [variable area meter type] [propeller meter type] [electromagnetic meter type] [volumetric meter for [open] [closed] channel] [ultrasonic meter type]. The design must permit ease of installation and must not have any features hazardous to personnel or detrimental to the equipment. Provision must be made to align and adequately lubricate moving parts. Interior parts must

be easily accessible for adjustment, repair, and replacement.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Review Submittal Description (SD) definitions in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES and edit the following list, and corresponding submittal items in the text, to reflect only the submittals required for the project. The Guide Specification technical editors have classified those items that require Government approval, due to their complexity or criticality, with a "G". Generally, other submittal items can be reviewed by the Contractor's Quality Control System. Only add a "G" to an item if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For Army projects, fill in the empty brackets following the "G" classification, with a code of up to three characters to indicate the approving authority. Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy and Air Force projects.

The "S" classification indicates submittals required as proof of compliance for sustainability Guiding Principles Validation or Third Party Certification and as described in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES.

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" or "S" classification. Submittals not having a "G" or "S" classification are for Contractor Quality Control approval. Submittals not having a "G" or "S" classification are for information only. When used, a code following the "G" classification identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government. Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-03 Product Data

Flow measuring equipment components

Read-out device

SD-06 Test Reports

Flow measuring equipment calibration

Open channel test

Dimensional inspection report

Closed channel test

SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions

Flow measuring equipment components

Submit manufacturer's written recommendation for installation and handling.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

1.4.1 Requirements

Perform calibration and submit test report for flume in variable head meter for open channel. Submit dimensional inspection report and flow versus differential head curve for variable head meters for closed channel; accuracy must be plus or minus 1.0 percent over a 10 to 1 flow range. Submit as required in paragraph entitled "Field Tests and Inspections."

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

NOTE: Choose the paragraphs which follow based on
type of meter needed for the system selected in the
paragraph entitled "System Requirements."

Unless otherwise specified, all materials and equipment must be standard commercial products in regular production by the manufacturer and suitable for the required service.

2.1.1 Variable Head Meter for Closed Channel

NOTE: Delete this paragraph and the subparagraphs
which follow when variable head meter for closed
channel is not required.

must include [an orifice plate] [a flow nozzle] [a Venturi tube] as differential head producer, a diaphragm meter as differential measurement, and [an indicator] [and an integrator] as read-out device[s]. [Remote transmission also must be included.] Meter must be provided for [potable water] [plant water] [water for chlorination] [air for aeration] [recirculated plant effluent] [plant effluent] [plant influent] [bypass line] [primary sludge] [return sludge] [sludge to waste] [digested sludge] flow where indicated.

2.1.1.1 [Orifice Plate]

NOTE: Select this paragraph entitled "Orifice
Plate," or the paragraphs below entitled "Flow
Nozzle," "Venturi Tube," or "Modified Venturi."

must be of the differential producing type with circular hole, and

designed for insertion in a [_____] mm inch pipe where indicated. The orifice plate must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm]. Provide the orifice plate with a flange union to hold the plate perpendicular to the axis of the pipe. The flange must have a pressure rating of 862 kPa 125 psi and must have threaded ends. The orifice plate must be of stainless steel and must be furnished with a tab designating line size, orifice size, and flow direction. The orifice plate must be in accordance with recommendations of the ASME PTC 19.5, except as modified herein. The pressure taps must be of the [flange] [one diameter upstream and one-half diameter downstream] [corner] type and sized in accordance with recommendations of the ASME PTC 19.5.

]2.1.1.2 [Flow Nozzle

must be of the differential producing type having a modified Venturi flow nozzle contour, and designed for at least 90 percent head recovery for insertion in [_____] mm inch pipe where indicated. The nozzle must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm]. The flow nozzle must have 862 kPa 125 psi flanged ends conforming to ASME B16.1. Construct the nozzle of cast iron conforming to ASTM A126, Grade B. The throat liner must be of bronze conforming to ASTM B61. The length of the throat liner must be equal to 75 percent of the throat diameter. The inlet pressure tap must be one diameter upstream and the outer pressure tap must be [one-half diameter downstream] [the throat type]. [The taps for use with sewer and sludge must have built-in capabilities for manual rodding of the holes.]

]2.1.1.3 [Venturi Tube

must be of the differential producing type, and designed for [potable water] [sewage] [sludge] service with at least 90 percent head recovery [in accordance with recommendations of the ASME PTC 19.5] for use in a [_____] mm inch pipe where indicated. The Venturi must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm]. The Venturi must have 862 kPa 125 psi flanged ends conforming to ASME B16.1. The laying length must be approximately that indicated. Construct the body of cast iron conforming to ASTM A126, Grade B. The throat section and vent bushing must be bronze conforming to ASTM B61. [For sludge service, equip the tube with manual vent cleaners requiring not more than 1.57 rad 90 degrees rotation for full operation.] [For sludge service, provide a water purge system and two matched assemblies of piping, valves, rotometers, and fittings. The purge system must operate on a clean water supply of 0.000063 cubic meter per second one gpm at a regulated pressure of 69 kPa 10 psig greater than line pressure. The Venturi interior waterways must be finished with an anti-stick coating.]

]2.1.1.4 [Modified Venturi

must be of the differential producing type, and designed for [potable water] [sewage] [sludge] service with at least a 90 percent head recovery for use in a [_____] mm inch pipe where indicated. The Venturi must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm]. The laying length must be approximately that indicated. The modified Venturi must be of the insert type constructed of fiberglass reinforced polyester. The holding flange must be carbon steel, bronze, or fiberglass reinforced plastic with integral pressure taps for mounting between 862 kPa 125 psi ASME B16.1 flanges.

2.1.1.5 Diaphragm Meter

must have a range of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm], and a minimum differential of not less than 25 mm one inch. The maximum differential must be equal to the range squared but must not exceed 2500 mm 100 inches of water column. It must have stainless steel bellows with built-in overrange protection to prohibit deformation of the bellows. Contain the bellows in a forged brass or cadmium-plated forged carbon steel housing to withstand a working pressure of at least 3.45 MPa 500 psi. Transmit the output motion of the bellows to the local read-out device. There must be zero adjustment in the diaphragm meter. Accuracy must be plus or minus 0.5 percent of full scale over a 3 to 1 flow range.

2.1.2 [Variable Head Meter for Open Channel

NOTE: Delete these paragraphs when variable head meter for open channel is not required.

must include [a weir] [a flume] as head producer, a stilling well with float and cable as head measurement, and [an indicator] [a recorder] [and an integrator] as read-out device(s). [Remote transmission also must be included.] Provide meter for [potable water] [plant influent] [bypass line] [plant effluent recirculation] [return sludge] [plant effluent] flow where indicated.

2.1.2.1 [Weir

NOTE: Select this paragraph entitled "Weir," or the paragraphs below entitled "Parshall Flume," or "Flume."

must be of the [rectangular] [1.05 rad] [60 degree] [triangular (V-notch)] [1.57 rad] [90 degree] [triangular (V-notch)] [Cipolletti] type as indicated. The weir must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [mgd]. The upstream face of the weir plate must be flat and smooth. Any bolts or rivets used to fasten the plate must be countersunk flush with the plate. Bolt holes must include provision for adjustment of height and level. The edges of the weir plate exposed to flow must not exceed 3 mm 1/8 inch in thickness; where thicker plates must be used, the edge must be beveled 0.78 rad 45 degrees or more to the required 3 mm 1/8 inch. Make the weir plate of stainless steel or fiberglass reinforced polyester laminate containing at least 30 percent fiberglass by weight.

2.1.2.2 [Parshall Flume

must be of the Parshall type, and must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [mgd]. The flume must have a converging upstream section, a throat, and a diverging downstream section. The complete unit must have vertical walls. Stilling wells and throat floor must be inclined downward. Construct the flume of polyester resin reinforced with not less than 30 percent fiberglass by weight and provided with locking devices for engagement with the grout around the liner. Reinforcing ribs must be an integral part of the flume while removable bracing must be provided to ensure proper maintenance of liner dimensions

during shipment and installation.

]2.1.2.3 [Flume

must be of the characterized type, and must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [mgd]. The flume must have a cast iron measuring section having a circular inlet and a characterized outlet. The inlet line size must be [_____] mm inches. The inlet must be ASME B16.1, 862 kPa 125 psi, flanged. The flume must have a flat invert free from pockets and obstructions. [Equip the flume with a manual vent cleaner and sediment trap.]

]2.1.2.4 Float and Cable

must have a range of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [mgd] with a head measurement of [_____] mm inches. Measure the crest level in a stilling well as indicated. The measuring system must include a float, cable, drum, transfer gear assembly, and cam mechanism to provide uniformly graduated units of flow. The float must be of polyester, stainless steel, or copper, and of a weight and shape that conform to the application requirements. The cable must be plastic-coated multi-strand stainless steel, stainless steel beads, or multi-strand monel. Groove the drum to prevent overlapping of the cable. Provide the float and cable with stops to prevent overranging and to provide a zero adjustment. All materials of construction must be corrosion-resistant. Provide protection tubes for the cables. Accuracy must be plus or minus 2 percent of the actual rate over a 5 to 1 range.

2.1.3 Variable Area Meter for [Open] [Closed] Channel

**NOTE: Delete this paragraph when a variable area
meter for an open or closed channel is not required.**

Provide a variable area meter as indicated. Make the variable area meter of a tapered tube with a float that will indicate a flow range of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm]. The tube must be glass with flow units etched on it and must be placed vertically for reading. It must consist of fiberglass, stainless steel, or aluminum with stainless steel fitted ends and fluorinated hydrocarbon rubber or chloroprene O-rings. The float must be stainless steel and easily read. The metering tube must be easily removed for range change or cleaning without tools or removing the meter from the line. Provide a needle valve for adjusting flow where indicated. Accuracy must be plus or minus 5 percent over a 3 to 1 range.

2.1.4 Propeller Meter

**NOTE: Delete this paragraph when a propeller meter
is not required.**

Provide a propeller meter where indicated. The meter must measure the velocity and convert it to flow units. The meter must have a range of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm] for use in a [_____] mm inch pipe. Materials must conform to the applicable requirements of AWWA C704. [The propeller meter must be of the saddle type for a working

pressure of 862 kPa 125 psi and be supplied with a steel welding saddle and separate straightening vanes.] [The propeller meter must be of the tube type for a working pressure of 862 kPa 125 psi and be furnished complete with a tube, built-in straightening vanes, and 862 kPa 125 psi ASME B16.1 flanged ends, or threaded connections, as appropriate for the pipe.] Provide the meter head with a conical shaped three-blade propeller mounted transversely in the line. The meter must be completely sealed from water pressure and able to withstand thrust on the front of the propeller. Accuracy must be plus or minus 2 percent of actual rate over a 10 to 1 range.

2.1.5 Electromagnetic Meter

NOTE: Delete this paragraph when an electromagnetic meter is not required.

NOTE: For plant influent service, allow the optional use of chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel, polyurethane-lined stainless steel or steel, or fiberglass tubes. For primary sludge service, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel, vitreous enamel-lined stainless steel or steel, glass-lined stainless steel or steel, or tetrafluoroethylene-lined aluminum tubes. For recirculated plant effluent, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel, chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel, or fiberglass tubes. For return sludge service, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel, chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel, or fiberglass tubes. For sludge to waste service, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel, vitreous enamel-lined stainless steel or steel, or glass-lined stainless steel or steel tubes. For digested sludge service, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel, chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel, or fiberglass tubes. For plant effluent service, allow the optional use of tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel, chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel, or fiberglass tubes.

NOTE: Delete the bracketed sentence beginning "Provide a transformer..." when power supply is 120 volts.

NOTE: Delete requirements for cleaning except when meter is for any sludge service.

Provide a magnetic flow meter where indicated. The magnetic flow meter must measure the flow of [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [mgd] and be suitable for a [_____] mm inch pipe. The magnetic flow meter system must include a flow tube, local read-out receiver, [remote transmission,] and interconnecting cable where indicated. The flow meter must be a [tetrafluoroethylene-lined stainless steel or steel] [chloroprene-lined stainless steel or steel] [polyurethane-lined stainless steel or steel] [vitreous enamel-lined stainless steel or steel] [glass-lined stainless steel or steel] [tetrafluoroethylene-lined aluminum] [fiberglass] tube with the necessary cores and coils to provide a magnetic field without any interference and with [1034 kPa] [150 psi] [modified ASME B16.1 carbon steel flanges] [Dresser type coupling] [Victaulic type couplings] [integral fiberglass flanges]. Electrodes must be of stainless steel. The tube must operate from [120] [240] volts, [_____] hertz, single-phase ac power. A weatherproof housing must cover the magnets, coils, and connections. [Provide a transformer within the transmitter housing to provide 120 volts power to the receiver.] [Provide a system for cleaning the electrodes or tube automatically without taking the tube out of service. Automatic mechanical cleaning of electrodes or tube will not be acceptable.] The metering tube must have an approximate laying length as indicated. Provide all necessary cable between the transmitter and receiver. Accuracy must be plus or minus one percent over a 10 to 1 range. The receiver must convert the ac voltage signal generated in the flow tube to a uniform flow signal. There must be an adjustment for zero and span.

2.1.6 Volumetric Meter

NOTE: Delete this paragraph when a volumetric meter is not required

Provide a volumetric meter where indicated. The meter must conform to AWWA C700. The meter must be of the rotating-disc type for use in a [_____] mm inch pipe and must be of the frostproof type, if applicable.

2.1.7 Ultrasonic Meter

NOTE: Delete this paragraph when an ultrasonic meter is not required.

Provide an ultrasonic meter where indicated. The meter must have a velocity range of 0 to 1.52 meters per second through 0 to 6.10 meter per second 0 to 5 feet per second through 0 to 20 feet per second for use with a [_____] mm inch pipe. The flow meter must consist of [separate transmitting and receiving transducers clamped to the outside of the pipe to measure the liquid flow without, in anyway, intruding into or altering the pipe.] [the primary element employing a single pair of electro-acoustic transducers mounted diagonally in a flow tube, and in direct contact with the liquid flow to be measured] [a single transducer with twin crystals encapsulated in an epoxy housing mounted on the outside of the pipe. The transmitting crystal must emit a continuous ultrasonic pulse or frequency into the liquid stream to be reflected back to the receiving crystal. It must measure the difference in frequencies which is proportional to the liquid flow.] The transmitter must contain all necessary circuitry enclosed in NEMA 4 [indoor] [outdoor] housing suitable

for [wall] [panel] mounting and connected to the transducers by [_____] m feet of cable. It must produce an accurate 4 to 20 mA dc signal linear with flow rate. It must provide linearity of plus or minus 0.5 percent and repeatability of 0.1 percent under simulated flow. Long term drift of the pulse rate output must be less than 0.1 percent. It must operate with 115 or 230 volt plus or minus 10 percent, 50 or 60 Hz electrical power. The unit must function over an ambient temperature range of [_____] degrees C F to [_____] degrees C F indoor or [_____] degrees C F to [_____] C F outdoor. The flow rate indicator must be integrally mounted in the transmitter housing. Graduate 150 mm 6 inch scale length in [meter per second] [cubic meter per second] [fps] [gpm].

2.2 READ-OUT DEVICE

NOTE: Retain appropriate paragraphs and delete others.

Provide the meter with the following read-out device which must read from [_____] to [_____] [cubic meter per second] [gpm].

2.2.1 [Local Read-Out

NOTE: Choose this paragraph entitled "Local Read-Out," or the paragraph below entitled "Local Read-Out and Remote Transmission," including its subparagraphs "Indicator," "Recorder," and "Integrator."

Provide [an indicator] [a recorder] [and an integrator] for local read-out of flow. The scale graduation must be [uniform] [square root]. The read-out must be visible through a shatterproof clear window. The read-out mechanism must not be affected by the intended end use environment. The unit must be non-corrosive and weatherproof or provided with a separate weatherproof housing with a sealed door for access to the mechanism, and designed to prevent the accumulation of moisture or fog inside the case. Provide a suitable mounting.

2.2.2 [Local Read-Out and Remote Transmission

Provide [an indicating transmitter] [a recording transmitter] [and an integrator] for local read-out and transmission of flow data to remote read-out. The scale graduation must be [uniform] [square root]. The read-out must be visible through a shatterproof clear window. The read-out and transmission mechanism must not be affected by the intended end use of environment. The transmission must be impulse duration type or milliampere dc analog signal type to the remote read-out. Actuate all transmission by the output motion or the ac voltage signal of the meter. Power required [must come from the meter] [must be [_____] volts, [_____] hertz, ac]. When impulse duration type transmission is used, the system must have a 15 second maximum cycle actuating a cam-operated contact. The contact must be of the totally-enclosed type. The unit must be non-corrosive and weatherproof or provided with a separate weatherproof housing with a sealed door for access to the mechanism, and designed to prevent the accumulation of moisture or fog inside the case. Provide a suitable mounting.

2.2.2.1 Indicator

must be a minimum of 150 mm 6 inches long.

2.2.2.2 Recorder

must be a minimum of 250 mm 10 inches in diameter and must rotate once [daily] [weekly] [monthly]. The chart drive must be driven by a synchronous motor from [_____] volts, [_____] hertz, ac.

2.2.2.3 Integrator

must read the total flow in the units specified using only a whole power of 10 multiplier.

]2.2.3 Remote Read-Out

Provide [an indicator] [a recorder] [and an integrator] for remote read-out of flow. The scale graduation must be [uniform] [square root]. The read-out must accept the signal output and be of the same range and flow units as the local read-out and remote transmission device. The signal must actuate an electro-mechanical receiver in which the input duplicates the output of the remote transmission device. Ac or dc power supply must be provided, if required. The read-out must be visible through a shatterproof clear window. The read-out must not be affected by the intended end use environment. The unit must be weatherproof or provided with a separate weatherproof housing with a sealed door for access to the mechanism, and designed to prevent the accumulation of moisture or fog inside the case. Provide a suitable mounting.

2.2.3.1 Remote Read-Out Indicator

must be a minimum of 150 mm 6 inches long.

2.2.3.2 Remote Read-Out Recorder

must be a minimum of 250 mm 10 inches in diameter and must rotate once [daily] [weekly] [monthly]. The chart drive must be driven by a synchronous motor from [_____] volts, [_____] hertz, ac.

2.2.3.3 Remote Integrator

must read the total flow in the units specified using only a whole power of 10 multiplier.

2.3 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

NOTE: Delete paragraph except when electromagnetic
meter, electric drive chart for recorders, or remote
read-out is required.

NOTE: Delete requirements for signal circuit when
remote read-out is not required.

Unless indicated or specified otherwise, the electrical components of the meters, such as chart drives and electrical disconnecting (isolating) means, are included under this section. [Provide wiring for signal circuit as specified by the equipment manufacturer.] The interconnecting conduit and wire (except when otherwise specified herein, or when included in factory-assembled equipment) and the electrical connection of the meters to the electrical power circuit are specified in Division 16.

2.4 SPARE PARTS

**NOTE: Delete the bracketed sentence when recorder
is not required.**

Provide all standard recommended spare parts as specified in the manufacturer's instruction manuals for each component in the system.
[Furnish one year's supply of charts and ink for each recording device.]

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 MATERIALS PROTECTION

The entire tube, except the throat section of the [flow nozzle] [Venturi] [characterized flume], must receive a series of coats of paint conforming to MIL-DTL-24441. Apply the paint in the following order: one coat of Formula 150, one coat of Formula 151, one coat of Formula 156, and one coat of Formula 152. The final total dry-film thickness must be not less than 0.25 mm 10 mils. Furnish all other items in accordance with the manufacturer's standard practice suitable for end use environment.

3.2 INSTALLATION

Furnish the services of an engineer representative of the manufacturer of the flow measuring equipment for checking the installation, making the necessary adjustments and calibrations, placing the equipment in operation, and performing the acceptance tests. The representative also must be available for not less than 2 days to instruct operating personnel in the use, operation, and maintenance of the equipment during the initial operating period. Install all flow measuring equipment in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer. Install variable head meter[s] for closed channel[s] in accordance with the ASME PTC 19.5. Install weir[s] with the top exactly level at the elevation indicated.

3.3 FIELD TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

Test and calibrate in place the flow measuring equipment to demonstrate that it meets the accuracy requirements for the full range of flows specified herein. Provide all labor, equipment, and incidentals required for the tests, including electric power and water required for tests. The Contracting Officer will witness all field tests and conduct all field inspections. The Contractor must give the Contracting Officer ample notice of the dates and times scheduled for tests. Rectify any deficiencies found and retest work affected by such deficiencies at the Contractor's expense. Record data from each field test must be recorded and documented in a formal field test report.

-- End of Section --