
USACE / NAVFAC / AFCEA UFGS-13234 (August 2004)

Preparing Activity: USACE Superseding
UFGS-13234A (April 2001)

UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated 25 June 2004

Latest change indicated by CHG tags

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SECTION 13234

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08/04

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SECTION 13234

FLOATING COVER FOR SLUDGE-DIGESTION TANKS 08/04

NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for floating cover for sludge-digestion tank.

Comments and suggestions on this guide specification are welcome and should be directed to the technical proponent of the specification. A listing of technical proponents, including their organization designation and telephone number, is on the Internet.

Recommended changes to a UFGS should be submitted as a Criteria Change Request (CCR).

Use of electronic communication is encouraged.

Brackets are used in the text to indicate designer choices or locations where text must be supplied by the designer.

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

NOTE: Issue (date) of references included in project specifications need not be more current than provided by the latest guide specification. Use of SpecsIntact automated reference checking is recommended for projects based on older guide specifications.

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISC)

AISC 325 (2001) LRFD Manual of Steel Construction

AISC 335 (1989) Structural Steel Buildings
Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING, REFRIGERATING AND AIR-CONDITIONING
ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)

ASHRAE Hdbk-IP (2001) Fundamentals Handbook, I-P Edition

AMERICAN WOOD-PRESERVERS' ASSOCIATION (AWPA)

AWPA P5 (2002) Standard for Waterborne
Preservatives

ASME INTERNATIONAL (ASME)

ASME B31.1 (2001) Power Piping

ASME BPVC SEC IX (2001) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code;
Section IX, Welding and Brazing
Qualifications

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A 167 (1999) Stainless and Heat-Resisting
Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet, and
Strip

ASTM A 36/A 36M (2003a) Carbon Structural Steel

ASTM B 209 (2002a) Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet
and Plate

ASTM B 209M (2002a) Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet
and Plate (Metric)

ASTM B 370 (1998) Copper Sheet and Strip for Building
Construction

THE SOCIETY FOR PROTECTIVE COATINGS (SSPC)

SSPC SP 10 (2000) Near-White Blast Cleaning

1.2 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Submittals must be limited to those necessary
for adequate quality control. The importance of an
item in the project should be one of the primary
factors in determining if a submittal for the item
should be required.

A "G" following a submittal item indicates that the
submittal requires Government approval. Some
submittals are already marked with a "G". Only
delete an existing "G" if the submittal item is not

complex and can be reviewed through the Contractor's Quality Control system. Only add a "G" if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For submittals requiring Government approval on Army projects, a code of up to three characters within the submittal tags may be used following the "G" designation to indicate the approving authority. Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy projects.

Submittal items not designated with a "G" are considered as being for information only for Army projects and for Contractor Quality Control approval for Navy projects.

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are [for Contractor Quality Control approval.] [for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government.] The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-02 Shop Drawings

Field Erection

Drawings containing complete wiring and schematic diagrams and any other details required to demonstrate that the system has been coordinated and will function as a unit. Drawings shall show proposed layout and anchorage of equipment and appurtenances, and equipment relationship to other parts of the work including clearances for maintenance and operation.

SD-03 Product Data

Floating Cover

A complete list of equipment and material, including manufacturer's descriptive data and technical literature, performance charts and curves, catalog cuts, and installation instructions.

Spare Parts

Spare parts data for each different item of material and equipment specified, after approval of the related submittals and not later than [_____] months prior to the date of beneficial occupancy. The data shall include a complete list of parts and supplies, with current unit prices and source of supply.

Framed Instructions

A copy of the instructions proposed to be framed and posted.

SD-06 Test Reports

Testing
Coating Testing

Performance test reports in booklet form showing all field tests performed to adjust each component and all field tests performed to prove compliance with the specified performance criteria, upon completion and testing of the installed system. Each test report shall indicate the final position of controls.

SD-10 Operation and Maintenance Data

Floating Cover[; G][; G, [_____]]

[Six] [_____] copies of operation and [six] [_____] copies of maintenance manuals for the equipment furnished. One complete set prior to performance testing and the remainder upon acceptance. Operating manuals shall detail the step-by-step procedures required for system startup, operation, and shutdown. Operation manuals shall include the manufacturer's name, model number, parts list, and brief description of all equipment and their basic operating features. Maintenance manuals shall list routine maintenance procedures, possible breakdowns and repairs, and troubleshooting guides. Maintenance manuals shall include piping and equipment layout and simplified wiring and control diagrams of the system as installed. Manuals shall be approved prior to the field training course.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Procedures and welders shall be qualified in accordance with the code under which the welding is specified to be accomplished.

1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

All equipment delivered and placed in storage shall be stored with protection from the weather, excessive humidity and excessive temperature variation; and dirt, dust, or other contaminants.

1.5 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

The Contractor shall become familiar with all details of the work, verify all dimensions in the field, and shall advise the Contracting Officer of any discrepancy before performing the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

2.1.1 Standard Products

Materials and equipment shall be the standard products of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of such products and shall essentially duplicate items that have been in satisfactory use for at least 2 years

prior to bid opening. Equipment shall be supported by a service organization that is, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, reasonably convenient to the site.

2.1.2 Nameplates

Each major item of equipment shall have the manufacturer's name, address, type or style, model or serial number, and catalog number on a plate secured to the item of equipment.

2.1.3 Special Tools

One set of special tools, calibration devices, and instruments required for operation, calibration, and maintenance of the equipment shall be provided.

2.2 GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

**NOTE: Include only non-gasholding covers or only
gasholding covers, not both.**

Floating cover shall conform to the general design requirements specified and as shown.

2.2.1 Non-Gasholding Floating Cover

**NOTE: A ceiling plate serves two functions: first,
it submerges floating scum; second, it protects the
structural truss assembly from corrosive digester
contents and gas. However, the ceiling plate may be
deleted if its worth does not exceed the cost.
Covers with attic space designs will be seal welded
to prevent entrance of digester gas into attic space.**

The floating cover shall be a rigid steel structure designed to float on the liquid contents of the digestion tank as indicated. The cover shall consist of [structural steel radial truss sections] [arched radial beams] with cover plates welded to [trusses] [beams] and to each other to form a gas-tight support system for roof, sidewalls, [ceiling] and appurtenances required for a complete installation. [The ceiling shall be of welded steel plate and shall float on the liquid surface, keeping floatable scum submerged and in contact with actively digesting sludge. The plate shall slope radially upward from a vertical rim plate at the tank wall to a circular gas dome at the center of the tank.] The installed weight of the digester cover and appurtenances, including any necessary concrete ballast, shall be sufficient to provide a static gas pressure of at least [_____] pascals (inches water column). inches water column. Additional supports shall be provided as required to maintain the stability of the cover when it is subjected to uneven live loads.

2.2.2 Gasholding Floating Cover

**NOTE: All volume under gasholder cover (ceiling)
and in upper 300 mm (12 in.) of sidesheet cylinder
may not be considered as usable gas storage because**

gas in this portion of holder cannot be withdrawn without a sudden loss of gas pressure.

Coordinate with paragraph Non-Gasholding Floating Cover.

The gasholding floating cover shall be a rigid steel structure designed to float on a gas layer above the liquid contents of the digestion tank as indicated. The cover shall consist of [structural steel radial truss sections] [arched radial beams] with cover plates welded to [trusses] [beams] and to each other to form a gas-tight support system for roof, sidewalls, [ceiling] and appurtenances required for a complete installation. [The ceiling shall be of welded steel plate and shall float on a gas layer above the liquid contents of the digester. The ceiling shall provide scum submergence when the gas pressure is reduced and the cover is allowed to settle on the digester contents. The plate shall slope radially upward from the vertical sidewall to a circular gas dome at the center of the tank.] An extended rim skirt shall extend below the digester liquid level to contain the produced gas. The gasholder shall have an effective gas storage capacity of [_____] cubic meters ([_____] cubic feet) [_____] cubic feet at an operating pressure of [_____] pascals (inches water column). inches water column. The cover shall be capable of vertical liquid surface travel of [_____] mm feet with minimum to maximum gas storage available over this range of travel. Volume under gasholder cover [ceiling] and in upper [300 mm] [12 inch] [_____] of sidesheet cylinder shall not be considered as usable gas storage.

2.2.3 Coordination

The floating cover and the digester gas, heating, and mixing system shall be coordinated to ensure proper operation and interface between the two items.

2.3 STRUCTURAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

NOTE: Live, snow, and vacuum loads depend upon geographical area of installation. Dead and roof loads vary depending on type of roof construction and equipment to be installed on the cover. Various manufacturers must be consulted to determine loads to be specified.

Coordinate with paragraph Non-Gasholding Floating Cover.

The floating cover shall be self-supporting when resting in an empty tank and shall be designed to withstand a live, snow, and vacuum load of [_____] kPa ([_____] pounds per square foot) [_____] per square foot and a dead load and roof load of [_____] kPa ([_____] pounds per square foot). [_____] per square foot. Design and construction shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of AISC 325 and AISC 335. [Ceiling plates shall not be considered as a structural member in calculations.]

2.4 FRAME ASSEMBLY

The frame assembly shall be of minimum 6.4 mm (1/4 inch) 1/4 inch thick

ASTM A 36/A 36M structural steel radial truss sections.

2.5 ROOF DECK, WOOD

**NOTE: Select the type of roof system required by
the design.**

The roof deck shall consist of not less than 50.8 x 101.6 mm (2 x 4 inch) 2 x 4 inch wood rafters and not less than 50.9 mm (2 inch) 2 inch [_____] mm ([_____] inch) [_____] inch thick tongue and groove sheeting. Lumber shall be any species and grade of sufficient quality to support the roof loads and shall be free from large cracks, knotholes, and loose material. All lumber shall be pressure treated in accordance with AWPA P5. Rafters shall be bolted to the top chord of each truss and installed in the intermediate spaces as required to provide a maximum span of 610 mm 24 inches between rafters. Sheeting shall be nailed to the rafters.

2.6 ROOF DECK, CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

**NOTE: Select the type of roof system required by
the design.**

Corrugated steel sheets shall be installed directly on the steel framework. Concrete deck shall be cellular, perlite, or vermiculite in accordance with Section 03340 ROOF DECKING, CAST-IN-PLACE LOW DENSITY CONCRETE.

2.7 ROOF DECK, PRECAST CONCRETE

**NOTE: Select the type of roof system required by
the design.**

A precast concrete deck shall be installed in compliance with Section 03414A PRECAST ROOF DECKING.

2.8 ROOF DECK, STEEL

**NOTE: Select the type of roof system required by
the design.**

The roof deck shall be of 6.4 mm (1/4 inch) 1/4 inch minimum thickness ASTM A 36/A 36M steel plate and shall be designed, installed, and welded in compliance with the applicable sections of AISC 325 and AISC 335. The roof shall be made up of fabricated assemblies which shall be piecemarked for erection. Prefabricated insulated metal panels may be provided in lieu of the roof deck, roofing, and insulation if they comply with all of the design requirements specified herein.

2.9 ROOF INSULATION

NOTE: The coefficient of heat transmission through

the roof in W per square meter, per degree K (Btuh, per square foot, per degree F) temperature difference will be inserted. Uninsulated covers generally are the standard practice. The boiler size generally is increased to compensate for heat losses in the roof. Before insulation is specified, an economic analysis of the cost of roof insulation versus the cost of increased boiler size will be made. In this analysis, the cost of fuel for the boiler may be minor where excess sludge gas is wasted. Insulation of covers varies with design of covers. For truss supported roof with ceiling covers, lightweight concrete or urethane may be added to ceiling plate. For designs without ceilings, urethane may be added to exterior of roof to provide insulation.

Insulation shall be of sufficient thickness to provide a coefficient of heat transmission (U-value) through the complete roof construction, air-to-air, not exceeding [_____] watt per square meter per degree K ([_____] Btu per hour, per square foot, per degree F [_____] Btu per hour, per square foot, per degree F temperature difference when calculated in accordance with ASHRAE Hdbk-IP. Material and installation shall be in accordance with Section 07220 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION.

2.10 ROOFING

NOTE: Roofing and flashing are not required on steel plate roof decks and paragraphs ROOFING and FLASHING should be deleted if only steel plate decks are specified.

Roofing shall be in accordance with Section 07511 BUILT-UP ASPHALT ROOFING.

2.11 FLASHING

Flashing shall be light cold-rolled temper 340 g (12 ounce) 12 ounce copper conforming to ASTM B 370, type 301, 302, 304, or 316 stainless steel conforming to ASTM A 167, or alloy 3003, 3004, alclad 3003, and alclad 3004 aluminum conforming to ASTM B 209M ASTM B 209. Flashing shall be installed around the periphery of the cover and shall extend approximately 150 mm 6 inches below the top of the deck. The flashing shall be formed to act as a gravel stop. Flashing shall be installed around the center dome, manholes, and other openings as required to ensure a watertight structure.

2.12 RIM SKIRT FOR GASHOLDING COVERS

NOTE: Delete this paragraph if non-gasholding covers are specified.

An extended rim skirt shall be provided around the periphery of the cover and extend below the liquid level to contain the gas. If necessary for proper operation of the pressure relief valve, a precast or cast-in-place concrete ballast ring shall be provided. Precast concrete ballast rings

shall be attached to the bottom of the rim skirt by steel straps welded to the rim skirt. Cast-in-place concrete ballast ring shall be cast integrally with the rim skirt with reinforcing bars welded to the rim skirt for support.

2.13 WALL GUIDES AND ROLLERS

NOTE: Delete inapplicable types of guides.
Vertical guides should be used on all covers except gasholder covers over 9 m (30 feet) in diameter. Spiral guides are recommended for gasholders over 9 m (30 foot) diameter to protect against tipping. Teflon slide plates have replaced rollers on spiral guide type system on some digester cover systems. The floating cover in the low or nonoperational position will rest on tank supports or corbels. The number and size of corbels cast into the tank wall should take into account dead and live loading of floating cover. Some tank designs may utilize top cover supports instead of corbels. On truss supported covers, one corbel per truss is usually supplied around the inside wall of the digester.

[Vertically guided covers shall be equipped with [_____] peripheral guide rollers located on the cover and vertical wall guides located on the inside face of the digester tank wall. The rollers shall prevent tipping of the cover when subjected to unbalanced loads. The vertical guides shall prevent rotation of the cover during its vertical travel.] [Spirally guided covers shall be provided with spiral guides mounted in the rim skirt and arranged to engage rollers set in the wall of the tank. The spiral guides shall assure that the gasholder remains level under all operating conditions, preventing the gasholder from tilting or binding under any operating conditions.]

2.14 APPURTENANCES

Appurtenances provided shall include the following:

2.14.1 Gas Dome

A gas dome shall be provided to prevent light materials from the sludge from carrying over into the gas piping.

2.14.2 Gas Pipe Housing

A gas pipe housing shall be provided when required to allow vertical travel of the cover without conflict with interior gas piping. A gas mixing compressor and housing shall be added as required.

2.14.3 Drain Sumps and Access Wells

NOTE: Delete this paragraph if ceiling plates are not specified. If steel roof is specified, provide only two drain sumps.

[A drain sump shall be provided at every other truss] [Two drain sumps shall be provided, on opposite sides of the cover,] for collection of water that collects in the floating cover. An access well with an aluminum ventilating cover shall be provided for each drain sump.

2.14.4 Manhole

NOTE: Delete this paragraph if ceiling plates are not specified.

A manhole with cover shall be provided to allow access to the digestion tank. The manhole shall be gas tight.

2.14.5 Entrance Hatch

NOTE: Include "cover attic space" for covers with ceiling plates. Include "digester" for covers without ceiling plates.

An entrance hatch shall be provided to permit access to the [cover attic space] [digester].

2.14.6 Sampling Well

A sampling well with quick-opening gas tight cover shall be provided. The well shall extend below the liquid level to allow sampling of the digester contents without releasing the gas from the tank.

2.14.7 Pressure-Vacuum Relief Unit

A combination pressure-vacuum relief unit with a flame arrester designed to protect against excessive pressure and vacuum and to prevent accidental ignition of gas within the digester from external sources shall be provided. Valve materials shall be impervious to the attack of digester gas, and interior parts shall be readily accessible for inspection and maintenance.

2.15 FABRICATION

The floating cover shall be shop fabricated in subassemblies as large as practicable for shipping. The gas dome shall be completely shop fabricated with top and bottom rings, truss chord connection plates, and top plate in place. The gas pipe housing, sampling wells, manhole, and entrance hatch shall be completely shop assembled and match-marked for proper installation.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 FIELD ERECTION

Assembly and installation shall be in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

3.2 PAINTING

Paint preparation and application shall be in accordance with

manufacturer's instructions and following:

3.2.1 Preparation and Application

All metal surfaces, except aluminum, bronze, brass, and stainless steel, and equipment normally factory finished shall be painted. Surface preparation and painting shall be performed in the field. Ferrous metal surfaces shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC SP 10 and painted with coal tar bitumastic for surfaces exposed to digester sludge and high build polyamide or amine epoxy system for exterior surfaces.

3.2.2 Coating Testing

Coatings shall be examined for flaws and tested for thickness and holidays. Thickness of coatings shall be measured by a commercial film thickness gauge. Coatings shall be tested for pinholes, holidays, and other defects with an electric detector equipped with an audible signal that operates when a flaw defect is detected. The detector shall be a 90-volt wet sponge type pinhole detector.

3.2.3 Coating Repair

If welding is required after application of the coating or if the coating is damaged in any way, repair shall consist of preparing the affected area in compliance with SSPC SP 10 and reapplying the coating to that area. If holidays are detected or film thickness is insufficient, the surface shall be prepared and additional coats applied in the affected area in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.3 TESTING

**NOTE: Delete the bracketed part of this paragraph
if ceiling plates are not specified.**

After erection and installation of the cover, the tank shall be filled with water and the cover floated on the water, trapping air beneath the cover. Water shall be furnished by the [Government] [Contractor]. Welded seams shall be checked for leaks by application of a soapsuds solution. Leaks shall be repaired by rewelding and the cover shall be retested until no leaks are discovered. [The trapped air shall be released and the cover shall be floated on the water, testing all seams for watertightness. Leaks shall be repaired by rewelding and the cover shall be retested until the ceiling is watertight.] Volume of [water] [air] shall be added such that cover travels the full range of design in order to test vertical and/or spiral roller and guide systems.

3.4 WELDING

**NOTE: If the need exists for more stringent pipe
welding requirements, delete the sentences in the
first set of brackets.**

[Piping shall be welded in accordance with qualified procedures using performance qualified welders and welding operators. Procedures and welders shall be qualified in accordance with ASME BPVC SEC IX Boiler and

Pressure Vessel Code. Welding procedures qualified by others, and welders and welding operators qualified by another employer may be accepted as permitted by ASME B31.1. The Contracting Officer shall be notified 24 hours in advance of tests and the tests shall be performed at the work site if practical. The welder or welding operator shall apply his assigned symbol near each weld he makes as a permanent record. Structural members shall be welded in accordance with Section 05055A WELDING STRUCTURAL.] [Welding and nondestructive testing procedures for piping shall be as specified in Section 05093 WELDING PRESSURE PIPING.]

3.5 MANUFACTURER'S SERVICES

Services of a manufacturer's representative who is experienced in the installation, adjustment, and operation of the equipment specified shall be provided. The representative shall supervise the installation, adjustment, and testing of the equipment.

3.6 FRAMED INSTRUCTIONS

Framed instructions containing wiring and control diagrams under glass or in laminated plastic shall be posted where directed. The instructions shall show wiring and control diagrams and complete layout of the entire system. The instructions shall also include, in typed form, condensed operating instructions explaining preventive maintenance procedures, methods of checking the system for normal safe operation and procedures for safely starting and stopping the system. Condensed operating instructions, prepared in typed form, shall be framed as specified above and posted beside the diagrams. The framed instructions shall be posted before acceptance testing of the system.

3.7 FIELD TRAINING

A field training course shall be provided for designated operating and maintenance staff members. Training shall be provided for a total period of [_____] hours of normal working time and shall start after the system is functionally complete but prior to final acceptance tests. Field training shall cover all of the items contained in the operating and maintenance manuals.

-- End of Section --