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Preparing Activity:    NASA                      Superseding  
   NASA-07530S (December 2005)

## UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are NOT in agreement with UMRL dated 01 April 2006

Revised throughout - changes not indicated by CHG tags

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##### SECTION 07 53 00.00 40

##### SINGLE PLY MEMBRANE ROOFING

04/06

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SECTION 07 53 00.00 40

SINGLE PLY MEMBRANE ROOFING  
04/06

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NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for ethylene propylene diene terpolymer (EPDM) elastomeric sheet roofing, with associated elastomeric sheet flashing, for installations with the insulation below the membrane.

Comments and suggestions on this guide specification are welcome and should be directed to the technical proponent of the specification. A listing of technical proponents, including their organization designation and telephone number, is on the Internet.

Recommended changes to a UFGS should be submitted as a Criteria Change Request (CCR).

Use of electronic communication is encouraged.

Brackets are used in the text to indicate designer choices or locations where text must be supplied by the designer.

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NOTE: Standard application methods include loose-laid ballasted, fully adhered, and mechanically fastened systems. Also included is a special combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened system for excessive wind loading conditions. This guide specification does not include the structural roof deck, insulation, sheet metal fascias, gravel stops, flashings, nor use of elastomeric sheets for roofing located adjacent to kitchen or food service exhaust system discharge ducts. Grease and oil attack EPDM. Exhaust fumes must be directed away from the roofing system.

This section shall be coordinated with other roof system components specifications such as rough

carpentry, insulation and sheet metal flashing. This section shall also be coordinated with the criteria contained in Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 3-110-06 DESIGN: ROOFING as it relates to the specific project and Service Exceptions indicated therein.

Specified membrane attachment must be compatible with the insulation specified. Membrane shall not be adhered directly to polystyrene, perlite or standard wood fiber, insulation. Facer on polyisocyanurate insulations must be compatible with the adhesive of a fully adhered membrane application. Glass mat, moisture resistant gypsum roof board can be used as an underlayment over insulation for adhesive application of roof membrane with approval of the membrane manufacturer. Top insulation layer under ballasted roofing systems shall be wood fiberboard, perlite, or glass mat, moisture resistant gypsum roof board.

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## PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 REFERENCES

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: This paragraph is used to list the publications cited in the text of the guide specification. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only and listed in this paragraph by organization, designation, date, and title.

Use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature when you add a RID outside of the Section's Reference Article to automatically place the reference in the Reference Article. Also use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature to update the issue dates.

References not used in the text will automatically be deleted from this section of the project specification when you choose to reconcile references in the publish print process.

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The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS (ASCE)

ASCE/SEI 7 (2005; Supple 1) Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A 653/A 653M (2004a) Standard Specification for Steel

	Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process
ASTM A 924/A 924M	(2004) Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process
ASTM D 448	(2003a) Sizes of Aggregate for Road and Bridge Construction
ASTM D 4637	(2004) Standard Specification for EPDM Sheet Used in Single-Ply Roof Membrane
ASTM D 4811	(2004) Nonvulcanized (Uncured) Rubber Sheet Used as Roof Flashing
ASTM D 6369	(1999) Design of Standard Flashing Details for EPDM Roof Membrane
ASTM E 108	(2005) Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings
FM GLOBAL (FM)	
FM AS 4470	(1986; R 1992) Class I Roof Covers
FM P7825	(2003) Approval Guide
FM P7825c	(2003) Approval Guide Building Materials
NATIONAL ROOFING CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION (NRCA)	
NRCA 0405	(2001, 5th Ed) Roofing and Waterproofing Manual (2 Vol)
SINGLE PLY ROOFING INDUSTRY (SPRI)	
ANSI/SPRI RD-1	(2005) Standard for Retrofit Roof Drains
SPRI RP-4	(2002) Wind Design Standard for Ballasted Single-Ply Roofing Systems
UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES (UL)	
UL 790	(2004e8) Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings
UL RMSD	(2005) Roofing Materials and Systems Directory

## 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF ROOF MEMBRANE SYSTEM[S]

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**NOTE: Coordinate with Part 2 materials specification.**

**Select the application method required. Delete other options.**

Where EPDM systems are utilized, fully adhered systems applied over minimum two layers of rigid board roof insulation is the preferred norm.

Stone ballasted systems shall not be specified along flight lines, in wind zones exceeding 160 km/h 100 mph, within 8 km 5 miles of coastline, within 457 m 1500 feet of open body of water, and on or adjacent to critical facilities such as hospitals. Ballasted systems, where required in these areas shall utilize interlocking pavers designed to resist the required wind loads. Ballasted systems on air permeable decks (e.g., metal decks, precast concrete panels or planks) shall incorporate an air barrier in the assembly.

Mechanically fastened systems shall incorporate an air barrier in the roof assembly. Additionally, mechanically fastened systems shall utilize reinforced membrane in wind zones exceeding 160 km/h 100 mph, within 8 km 5 miles of coastline or within 457 m 1500 feet of open body of water.

Combination attachment should only be specified for isolated geographic locations that experience extreme and extended wind conditions such as portions of Alaska and Iceland, or as otherwise required by the Government.

Where one membrane system is required for all roof areas, use the first paragraph. Where different systems are required, use the second paragraph successively and replace the open brackets with a description of the substrate(s) or area of the building or project where each system is to be applied.

\*\*\*\*\*

[Fully adhered] [Mechanically fastened] [Ballasted] [Combination fully adhered and mechanically fastened] EPDM roof membrane system applied over [insulation] [recovery board] [concrete roof deck] substrate.

[\_\_\_\_\_]: [Fully adhered] [Mechanically fastened] [Ballasted] [Combination fully adhered and mechanically fastened] EPDM roof membrane system applied over [insulation] [recovery board] [concrete roof deck] substrate.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

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NOTE: Review Submittal Description (SD) definitions in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES and edit the following list to reflect only the submittals required for the project. Submittals should be kept to the minimum required for adequate quality control.

A "G" following a submittal item indicates that the submittal requires Government approval. Some submittals are already marked with a "G". Only

delete an existing "G" if the submittal item is not complex and can be reviewed through the Contractor's Quality Control system. Only add a "G" if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For submittals requiring Government approval on Army projects, a code of up to three characters within the submittal tags may be used following the "G" designation to indicate the approving authority. Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy, Air Force, and NASA projects.

Choose the first bracketed item for Navy, Air Force and NASA projects, or choose the second bracketed item for Army projects.

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Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are [for Contractor Quality Control approval.][for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government.] Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

#### SD-02 Shop Drawings

Roof Plan Drawing

Wind Load Calculations

Boundaries of Enhanced Perimeter

Corner Attachments of Roof System Components

Location of Perimeter Half-Sheets

Spacing of Perimeter, Corner, and Infield Fasteners

Slopes and Drain Locations

#### SD-03 Product Data

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Edit the product data submission requirements as necessary for the system specified. Include bracketed requirements as applicable to the system being specified.

\*\*\*\*\*

Cement

EPDM Sheet [; G] [; G, [\_\_\_\_\_]]



Seam Tape

Bonding Adhesive

Lap Splice Adhesive

Water Cutoff Mastic/Water Block

Lap Cleaner, Lap Sealant, and Edge Treatment

Flashings

Flashing Accessories

Flashing Tape

Fasteners and Plates

[Ballast]

Roof Insulation

[Protection Mat]

[Pre-Manufactured Accessories]

Sample warranty certificate[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

Submit all data required together with requirements of this section. Include a written acceptance by the roof membrane manufacturer of the insulation and other products and accessories to be provided. List products in the applicable wind uplift and fire rating classification listings, unless approved otherwise by the Contracting Officer.

#### SD-05 Design Data

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Incorporate this paragraph for ballasted systems and anytime non-FM rated systems are permissible. Coordinate with requirements of "Wind Uplift" paragraph.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Wind Uplift Calculations[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

[Engineering calculations validating the wind resistance of roof system.]

#### SD-07 Certificates

##### Qualification of Manufacturer

Certify that the manufacturer of the roof membrane meets requirements specified under paragraph entitled "Qualification of Manufacturer."

##### Qualification of Applicator

Certify that the applicator meets requirements specified under paragraph entitled "Qualification of Applicator."

[Wind Uplift Resistance classification, as applicable[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]]

Fire Resistance classification[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

Submit the roof system assembly [wind uplift and] fire rating classification listings.

#### SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions

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NOTE: Edit the manufacturers instructions  
submission requirements as necessary for the system  
specified. Include bracketed requirements only as  
applicable to the system being specified.

\*\*\*\*\*

Application[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

Application Method[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]], including pattern and frequency of mechanical attachments required in the field of roof, corners, and perimeters to provide for the specified wind resistance

Membrane Flashing[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

Seam Tape

Tape Seams / Lap Splices

Adhesive Seams / Lap Splices

Perimeter Attachment

Primer

Fasteners

[Pavers]

[Protection Mat]

[Pre-Manufactured Accessories]

Cold Weather Installation[; G][; G, [\_\_\_\_]]

Include detailed application instructions and standard manufacturer drawings altered as required by these specifications. Explicitly identify in writing, differences between manufacturer's printed instructions and the specified requirements.

#### SD-11 Closeout Submittals

Warranty

## Information Card

### Instructions To Government Personnel

Include copies of Material Safety Data Sheets for maintenance/repair materials.

#### 1.3.1 Shop Drawings

Roof plan drawing depicting wind load calculations and boundaries of enhanced perimeter and corner attachments of roof system components, [location of perimeter half-sheets] [, spacing of perimeter, corner, and infield fasteners,] as applicable. The drawing must reflect the project roof plan of each roof level and conditions indicated. Provide all slopes and drain locations.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

##### 1.4.1 Qualification of Manufacturer

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**NOTE: Specify 5 years manufacturer experience  
unless directed otherwise by the Government**  
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EPDM sheet roofing membrane manufacturer must have at least [5] [\_\_\_\_\_] years experience in manufacturing EPDM roofing products.

##### 1.4.2 Qualification of Applicator

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**NOTE: Specify 3 years as an approved Contractor  
unless directed otherwise by the Government**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Roofing system applicator must be approved, authorized, or licensed in writing by the roof membrane manufacturer and must have a minimum of [three] [\_\_\_\_\_] years experience as an approved, authorized, or licensed applicator with that manufacturer and be approved at a level capable of providing the specified warranty. The applicator must supply the names, locations and client contact information of 5 projects of similar size and scope that the applicator has constructed using the manufacturer's roofing products submitted for this project within the previous three years.

##### 1.4.3 Fire Resistance

Complete roof covering assembly must:

- a. Be Class A rated in accordance with ASTM E 108, FM AS 4470, or UL 790; and
- b. Be listed as part of Fire-Classified roof deck construction in the UL RMSD or Class I roof deck construction in the FM P7825.

FM or UL approved components of the roof covering assembly shall bear the appropriate FM or UL label.

#### 1.4.4 Wind Uplift Resistance

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NOTE: Determine the required wind uplift resistance based on ASCE 7 02-GUIDE wind loading calculations or applicable building code requirements.

The specified FM approval rating incorporates a safety factor of 2 over the maximum calculated uplift pressure in inch-pound units. Therefore, a FM approval rating of 1-90 correlates to a maximum uplift calculation of 2.2 kPa 45 psf. When specifying an FM rated system, ensure the designed roof system is capable of providing the specified FM approval rating. Where non-rated systems may be permissible, include the bracketed portion of the second sentence and the third sentence.

Ballast for loose-laid ballasted application should be designed in accordance with ANSI/RMA/SPRI RP-4. Where ballasted systems are specified include the bracketed option at the end of the paragraph.

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Complete roof covering assembly, including insulation, must be rated Class 1-[60][90][\_\_\_\_\_] in accordance with FM P7825 capable of withstanding an uplift pressure of [2.85][4.30][\_\_\_\_\_] kPa per square meter [60][90][\_\_\_\_\_] psf. Do not install non-rated systems[, except as approved by the Contracting Officer]. Provide wind load calculations and submit engineering calculations and substantiating data to validate wind resistance of any non-rated roof system. Measure wind uplift calculations based on a design wind speed of [\_\_\_\_\_] km/h [\_\_\_\_\_] mph in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7[ or applicable building code requirements]. [Resistance to wind uplift for loose-laid ballasted application must be in accordance with requirements of SPRI RP-4.]

#### 1.4.5 Preroofing Conference

After approval of submittals and before performing roofing [and insulation] system installation work, hold a preroofing conference to review the following:

- a. Drawings, specifications and submittals related to the roof work;
- b. Roof system components installation;
- c. Procedure for the roof manufacturer's technical representative's onsite inspection and acceptance of the roofing substrate, the name of the manufacturer's technical representatives, the frequency of the onsite visits, distribution of copies of the inspection reports from the manufacturer's technical representative;
- d. Contractor's plan for coordination of the work of the various trades involved in providing the roofing system and other components secured to the roofing; and
- e. Quality control plan for the roof system installation;

f. Safety requirements.

Coordinate prerooting conference scheduling with the Contracting Officer. The conference shall be attended by the Contractor, the Contracting Officer's designated personnel, personnel directly responsible for the installation of roofing[ and insulation], flashing and sheet metal work, [[mechanical] [and] [electrical] work], other trades interfacing with the roof work, and representative of the roofing materials manufacturer. Before beginning roofing work, provide a copy of meeting notes and action items to all attending parties. Note action items requiring resolution prior to start of roof work.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

1.5.1 Delivery

Deliver materials in their original, unopened containers or wrappings with labels intact and legible. Where materials are covered by a referenced specification number, the labels shall bear the specification number, type, class, and shelf life expiration date where applicable. Deliver materials in sufficient quantity to allow continuity of work.

1.5.2 Storage

Store and protect materials from damage and weather in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions, except as specified otherwise. Keep materials clean and dry. Store and maintain adhesives, sealants, primers and other liquid materials above 15 degrees C 60 degrees F. Insulated hot boxes or other enclosed warming devices must be required in cold weather. Mark and remove damaged materials from the site. Use pallets to support and canvas tarpaulins to completely cover material materials stored outdoors. Do not use polyethylene as a covering. Locate materials temporarily stored on the roof in approved areas, and distribute the load to stay within the live load limits of the roof construction. Remove unused materials from the roof at the end of each days work.

1.5.3 Handling

Prevent damage to edges and ends of roll materials. Do not install damaged materials in the work. Select and operate material handling equipment so as not to damage materials or applied roofing. Do not use materials contaminated by exposure or moisture. Remove contaminated materials from the site. When hazardous materials are involved, adhere to the special precautions of the manufacturer. Adhesives may contain petroleum distillates and may be extremely flammable; prevent personnel from breathing vapors, and do not use near sparks or open flame.

1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Do not install EPDM sheet roofing during high winds or inclement weather, or when there is ice, frost, moisture, or visible dampness on the substrate surface, or when condensation develops on surfaces during application. Unless recommended otherwise by the EPDM sheet manufacturer and approved by the Contracting Officer, do not install EPDM sheet when air temperature is below 4 degrees C 40 degrees F or within 3 degrees C 5 degrees F of the dewpoint. Follow manufacturer's printed instructions for installation during cold weather conditions.

## 1.7 SEQUENCING

Coordinate the work with other trades to ensure that components which are to be secured to or stripped into the roofing system are available and that permanent flashing and counterflashing are installed as the work progresses. Ensure temporary protection measures are in place to preclude moisture intrusion or damage to installed materials. [Application of roofing must immediately follow application of insulation as a continuous operation. Coordinate roofing operations with insulation work so that all roof insulation applied each day is covered with roof membrane installation the same day.]

## 1.8 WARRANTY

Provide roof system material and workmanship warranties meeting specified requirements. Provide revision or amendment to standard membrane manufacturer warranty as required to comply with the specified requirements.

### 1.8.1 Roof Membrane Manufacturer Warranty

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NOTE: Insulated and routinely occupied facilities or facilities containing sensitive equipment or operations shall require a warranty of not less than 15 years. Designer may specify 5 or 10 year manufacturer warranty on facilities of small roof area and of minor importance where interiors and contents are not severely impacted by potential water intrusion. Environmentally controlled interiors shall require minimum 10 year warranty regardless of small size.

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Furnish the roof membrane manufacturer's [5] [10] [15] [\_\_\_\_\_] year no dollar limit roof system materials and installation workmanship warranty, including flashing, insulation, and accessories necessary for a watertight roof system construction. The warranty must run directly to the Government and commence at time of Government's acceptance of the roof work. The warranty must state that:

- a. If within the warranty period the roof system, as installed for its intended use in the normal climatic and environmental conditions of the facility, becomes non-watertight, shows evidence of moisture intrusion within the assembly, splits, tears, cracks, delaminates, separates at the seams, shrinks to the point of bridging or tenting membrane at transitions, or shows evidence of excessive weathering due to defective materials or installation workmanship, the repair or replacement of the defective and damaged materials of the roof system assembly and correction of defective workmanship must be the responsibility of the roof membrane manufacturer. The roof membrane manufacturer is responsible for all costs associated with the repair or replacement work.
- b. When the manufacturer or his approved applicator fail to perform the repairs within 72 hours of notification, emergency temporary repairs performed by others shall not void the warranty.

### 1.8.2 Roofing System Installer Warranty

Warrant for a period of not less than two years that the roof system, as installed, is free from defects in installation workmanship, to include the roof membrane, flashing, insulation, accessories, attachments, and sheet metal installation integral to a complete watertight roof system assembly. The warranty shall run directly to the Government. The roof system installer is responsible for correction of defective workmanship and replacement of damaged or affected materials. The installer is responsible for all costs associated with the repair or replacement work.

### 1.8.3 Continuance of Warranty

Approve repair or replacement work that becomes necessary within the warranty period, as required, and accomplish in a manner so as to restore the integrity of the roof system assembly and validity of the roof membrane manufacturer warranty for the remainder of the manufacturer warranty period.

## 1.9 CONFORMANCE AND COMPATIBILITY

The entire roofing and flashing system must be in accordance with specified and indicated requirements, including fire and wind resistance requirements. Work not specifically addressed and any deviation from specified requirements must be in general accordance with recommendations of the [NRCA 0405](#), membrane manufacturer published recommendations and details, [ASTM D 6369](#), and compatible with surrounding components and construction. Submit any deviation from specified or indicated requirements to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to installation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

Coordinate with other specification sections related to the roof work. Furnish a combination of specified materials that comprise a roof system acceptable to the roof membrane manufacturer and meeting specified requirements. Protect materials provided from defects and make suitable for the service and climatic conditions of the installation.

#### 2.1.1 [EPDM Sheet](#)

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**NOTE:** Refer to Designer Note in PART 1 -  
DESCRIPTION OF ROOF MEMBRANE SYSTEM for guidance  
regarding membrane attachment method and in editing  
the membrane materials requirements.

Specify 1.1 mm 0.045 inch Type II reinforced  
membrane for mechanically fastened applications in  
wind zones exceeding 160 km/h 100 mph, within 8 km 5  
miles of coastline or within 457 m 1500 feet of open  
body of water.

Typically specify 1.5 mm 0.060 inch Type II  
non-reinforced membrane for fully adhered or  
ballasted application, except that 1.1 mm 0.045 inch  
Type III membrane with fleece-backing may be used in  
fully adhered installations. When Type III membrane  
is required the adhesive is typically a spray

applied compound, spray foam adhesive, or hot asphalt. Related portions of this specification shall be modified for proper adhesive and application parameters when Type III membrane is specified.

2.3 mm 0.090 inch membrane is a special material with limited availability. Specify 2.3 mm 0.090 inch membrane only for applications that experience regular heavy traffic conditions or regular extreme wind conditions. 2.3 mm 0.090 inch membrane shall only be fully adhered.

\*\*\*\*\*

Ethylene Propylene Diene Terpolymer (EPDM), [ASTM D 4637](#), [Type I, non-reinforced] [Type II, scrim or fabric reinforced] [Type III, fabric or fleece backed], [1.1 mm 0.045 inch](#) [1.5 mm 0.060 inch](#) [2.3 mm 0.090 inch](#) nominal thickness for [mechanically fastened] [fully adhered] [loose-laid ballasted] [combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened] application. The required minimal thickness must not be less than minus 10 percent of the specified thickness value. EPDM membrane thickness specified is exclusive of backing material on the EPDM membrane. Principal polymer used in manufacture of the membrane sheet must be greater than 95 percent EPDM. Width and length of sheet must be [as recommended by the manufacturer.] [maximum width attainable as recommended by the manufacturer to minimize field formed seams in the field of the roof.]

#### 2.1.2 [Seam Tape](#)

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NOTE: Seam tapes have proven most effective in maintaining long term seal of field seams of roof membrane. Seam tapes can be difficult to apply to membrane flashing situations. As such, lap splice adhesive or self-adhering flashing membrane are used as alternatives in difficult membrane flashing areas.

Seam tapes must be minimum 75 mm 3 inch wide. Some specific situations may require wider seam tapes as recommended by the membrane manufacturer.

\*\*\*\*\*

Double-sided synthetic rubber tape, minimum [0.76 mm 0.03 inch](#) thick, minimum [75 mm 3 inch](#) wide. The roof membrane manufacturer must supply seam tape recommended by the manufacturer's printed data for forming watertight bond of EPDM sheet materials to each other for the application specified and conditions encountered. [150 mm 6 inch](#) wide tape is required for seam seals along lines of mechanical attachment of membrane.

#### 2.1.3 [Lap Splice Adhesive](#)

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NOTE: Lap splice adhesive is used for some membrane to membrane bond applications.

Include bracketed options as applicable.

Low VOC materials may be required in some geographic locations and on occupied buildings to minimize



potential irritation to occupants.

Include second and third brackets options at end of paragraph when lap splice adhesive is prohibited for field seams of roof membrane.

\*\*\*\*\*

[Low volatile organic compound (VOC)] synthetic rubber adhesive as supplied by roof membrane manufacturer and recommended by the manufacturer's printed data for forming watertight bond of EPDM sheet membrane materials to each other [in areas of membrane flashing]. [Do not use splice adhesive to form membrane seams in field of roof or at standard base flashing conditions.]

#### 2.1.4 Bonding Adhesive

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Bonding adhesive is used for adhering EPDM membrane to materials other than EPDM.

Low VOC materials may be required in some geographic locations and on occupied buildings to minimize potential irritation to occupants.

When Type III (fleece-backed) membrane is specified, include the first bracketed option as applicable, delete the second bracketed option, and write in a description of the adhesive required as the third bracketed option. When hot asphalt is the specified adhesive, in Part 3, include parameters for heating of asphalt and application similar to those found in UFGS 07511.

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[Low volatile organic compound (VOC)] [synthetic rubber] [\_\_\_\_\_] adhesive as supplied by roof membrane manufacturer and recommended by the manufacturer's printed data for bonding EPDM membrane materials to insulation, wood, metal, concrete or other substrate materials. Do not use bonding adhesive to bond membrane materials to each other.

#### 2.1.5 Lap Cleaner, Lap Sealant, and Edge Treatment

As supplied by the roof membrane manufacturer and recommended by the manufacturer's printed data.

#### 2.1.6 Water Cutoff Mastic/Water Block

As supplied by the roof membrane manufacturer and recommended by the manufacturer's printed data.

#### 2.1.7 Membrane Flashings and Flashing Accessories

Membrane flashing, including self-adhering membrane flashing, perimeter flashing, flashing around roof penetrations, and prefabricated pipe seals, must be minimum 1.1 mm 0.045 inch minimum cured EPDM, as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer or minimum 1.4 mm 0.055 inch thick uncured EPDM sheet in compliance with ASTM D 4811, Type I. Use cured EPDM membrane to the maximum extent recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Limit uncured flashing material to reinforcing inside and outside corners and angle changes in plane of membrane, and to flash scuppers, pourable sealer

pockets, and other formed penetrations or unusually shaped conditions as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer where the use of cured material is impractical.

#### 2.1.7.1 Flashing Tape

EPDM-backed synthetic rubber tape, minimum 150 mm 6 inch wide as supplied by the roof membrane manufacturer and recommended by the manufacturer's printed data.

#### 2.1.8 Membrane Fasteners and Plates

Coated, corrosion-resistant fasteners as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer and meeting the requirements of FM AS 4470 and FM P7825c for Class I roof deck construction and the wind uplift resistance specified. As supplied and warranted for the substrate type(s) by EPDM sheet manufacturer and recommended by EPDM sheet manufacturer's printed data.

##### 2.1.8.1 Stress Plates for Fasteners

Flat corrosion-resistant round stress plates as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer's printed instructions and meeting the requirements of FM AS 4470; not less than 50 mm 2 inch in diameter. Form discs to prevent dishing or cupping.

##### 2.1.8.2 Auxiliary Fasteners

Corrosion resistance screws, nails, or anchors suitable for intended attachment purpose and as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer.

##### 2.1.8.3 Powder-Driven Fasteners

Powder-driven fasteners may be used only when approved in writing.

##### 2.1.8.4 Metal Disks

Provide flat metal disks of minimum 25 mm 1 inch in diameter. Metal disks must be of nonferrous material compatible with the nails or fasteners.

#### [2.1.9 Ballast

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Delete these paragraphs unless loose-laid ballasted system is specified. Normally specify stone ballast for a ballasted system. Specify paver ballast when:

a. There is danger of aggregate being drawn into air intakes of jet aircraft.

b. There is danger of wind-blown aggregate jeopardizing property and life safety.

c. In wind zones exceeding 160 km/h 100 mph, within 8 km 5 miles of coastline, within 457 m 1500 feet of open body of water, and on or adjacent to critical facilities such as hospitals.

d. Heavy foot traffic over large areas of roof is

expected.

\*\*\*\*\*

[2.1.9.1 Stone Ballast

Smooth, rounded, river-washed stone graded in accordance with ASTM D 448, sizes 1, 2, 24, 3, and 4, nominal 19 mm to 38 mm 3/4 inch to 1-1/2 diameter, except as recommended otherwise by the roof membrane manufacturer and approved by the Contracting Officer.

] [2.1.9.2 Ballast Pavers

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Specify paver weight based on calculated wind load conditions and ANSI/RMA/SPRI RP-4.

Lightweight interlocking paver ballast may be used in lieu of heavier weight non-interlocking pavers in wind zones in excess of 160 km/h 100 mph, within 8 km 5 miles of coastline or within 457 m 1500 feet of open body of water. Non-interlocking pavers should weight not less than 88 kg per square meter 18 pounds per square foot.

Elevated paver systems and pavers intended to support pedestrian traffic, such as plaza decks or observation decks, should be minimum 50 mm 2 inch thick, 600 mm 24 inch square, and minimum 51,700 kPa 7500 psi compressive strength.

Specify paver pedestals for pavers without drainage channels. Specify adjustable pedestals for systems required to be elevated to a level plane such as a plaza or observation deck.

\*\*\*\*\*

Provide weather resistant, precast [interlocking] concrete roof pavers [with drainage channels on the underside], and as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Provide pavers of minimum 20,680 kPa 3000 psi 51,700 kPa 7500 psi compressive strength, weigh not less than 58 kg per square meter 12 pounds per square foot 88 kg per square meter 18 pounds per square foot [\_\_\_\_], not less than 30 mm 1-1/4 inch 50 mm 2 inch thick and nominal 600 mm 24 inch [\_\_\_\_] in length and width and without sharp edges and projections. [Elevate pavers above the roof membrane surface with paver manufacturer's recommended [adjustable] pedestal system [to provide for level walking surface] as required by the roof membrane manufacturer.]

]] [2.1.10 Protection Mat / Slip Sheet

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Specify protection mat for application between roof membrane and ballast when ballasted systems are specified.

\*\*\*\*\*

Minimum 154 gram per square meter 4.5 ounce per square yard 200 gram per square meter 6 ounce per square yard ultraviolet resistant polypropylene, non-woven, needle punched fabric for use as protection mat under ballast system and as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer.

] [2.1.11    **Pre-Manufactured Accessories**

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Edit, delete, and insert accessory materials  
requirements as required for the specific project  
and components to be installed.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Pre-manufactured accessories must be manufacturer's standard for intended purpose, [ comply with applicable specification section,] compatible with the membrane roof system and approved for use by the roof membrane manufacturer.

[2.1.11.1    Pre-fabricated Curbs

Provide [\_\_\_\_\_] gauge [G90 galvanized] [AZ55 galvalume] [\_\_\_\_\_] curbs with minimum 100 mm 4 inch flange for attachment to roof nailers. Provide minimum height of 250 mm 10 inch above the finished roof membrane surface.

] [2.1.12    [Rubber Walkboards] [and] [Precast Concrete Paver Block Walkways]

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Use pavers or rubber walkboards as walkways  
where the roof or areas of the roof are intended to  
bear foot traffic for maintenance or other purposes  
once per month or more frequently.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Provide [either of] the following:

[2.1.12.1    Rubber Walkboards

Preformed reprocessed rubber, compatible with the EPDM sheet, 6 mm 1/4 inch minimum thickness, and weighing not less than .68 kg per square meter 1-1/2 pounds per square foot.

] [2.1.12.2    Precast Concrete Paver Block

Precast concrete blocks, 450 mm by 450 mm 18 inch by 18 inch 600 mm by 600 mm 24 inch by 24 inch, without sharp edges and projections, and weighing no more than 20 kg 45 pounds 36 kg 80 pounds each.

] [2.1.13    **Roof Insulation** Below EPDM Sheet

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: If the roofing system contains insulation,  
coordinate with the appropriate insulation  
specification section. The insulation specification  
should include materials and installation up to the  
substrate on which the roof membrane is applied.

Do not fully adhere single ply membrane to perlite,  
polystyrene, or standard wood fiber insulation  
board. High density wood fiber board is acceptable  
if approved by the roof membrane manufacturer for  
the wind resistance condition specified.

Coordinate insulation system attachment with the

wind resistance requirements. In many instances, insulation system must be adhered or mechanically fastened to deck in corner and perimeter areas, if not throughout the field of the roof, when specifying a ballasted roof system.

\*\*\*\*\*

Insulation system and facer material must be compatible with membrane application specified and as approved by the roof membrane manufacturer.

#### 2.1.14 Wood Products

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Coordinate with Section 06 10 00 ROUGH CARPENTRY. Some fire retardant treatment (FRT) chemicals may affect EPDM materials. MSDS listing active ingredients for the FRT wood shall be submitted to EPDM manufacturer prior to applying EPDM materials in contact with FRT wood.

\*\*\*\*\*

Do not allow fire retardant treated materials be in contact with EPDM membrane or EPDM accessory products, unless approved by the membrane manufacturer and the Contracting Officer.

#### 2.1.15 Membrane Liner

[Self-adhering ]EPDM membrane liner conforming to ASTM D 4637, or other waterproof membrane liner material as approved by the roof membrane manufacturer and the Contracting Officer.

### 2.2 FLASHING CEMENT

Provide a self-vulcanizing butyl compound flashing cement for splicing laps and for flashings workable at minus 7 degrees C 20 degrees F. Obtain a recommendation for such flashing cement from the roofing membrane manufacturer.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

Ensure that the following conditions exist prior to application of the roofing materials:

- a. [Drains,] [curbs,] [control joints,] [expansion joints,] [perimeter walls,] [roof penetrating components,] [and] [equipment supports] are in place.
- b. Surfaces are rigid, clean, dry, smooth, and free from cracks, holes, and sharp changes in elevation.
- c. The plane of the substrate does not vary more than 6 mm 1/4 inch within an area 3 by 3 meters 10 by 10 feet when checked with a 3 meter 10 foot straight edge placed anywhere on the substrate.
- d. Substrate is sloped to provide positive drainage.
- e. Walls and vertical surfaces are constructed to receive

counterflashing, and will permit mechanical fastening of the base flashing materials.

- f. Treated wood nailers are in place on non-nailable surfaces, to permit nailing of base flashing at minimum height of 200 mm 8 inch above finished roofing surface.

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Coordinate with Section 06 10 00 ROUGH  
CARPENTRY to ensure that preservative treatment is  
specified for wood which will be in contact with  
roofing components.  
\*\*\*\*\*

- g. Pressure-preservative treated wood nailers are fastened in place at eaves, gable ends, openings, and intersections with vertical surfaces for securing of membrane, edging strips, attachment flanges of sheet metal, and roof fixtures. [Embedded nailers are flush with deck surfaces.] [Surface-applied nailers are the same thickness as the roof insulation.]
- h. Avoid contact of EPDM materials with fire retardant treated wood, except as approved by the roof membrane manufacturer and Contracting Officer.

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Wood cants should also be used where there  
are non-wall supported flashings at wood blocking  
forming area dividers and expansion joints, and at  
wall and roof intersections where roof deck is not  
supported on wall.  
\*\*\*\*\*

- i. Cants are securely fastened in place in the angles formed by walls and other vertical surfaces. The angle of the cant is 45 degrees and the height of the vertical leg is not less than 89 mm 3-1/2 inch.

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Include venting provision for wet fill  
substrate materials like lightweight cellular  
concrete.  
\*\*\*\*\*

- [ j. Venting is provided in accordance with the following:
  - [(1) Edge Venting: Perimeter nailers are kerfed across the width of the nailers to permit escape of gaseous pressure at roof edges.]
  - [(2) Underside Venting: Vent openings are provided in steel form decking for cast-in-place concrete substrate.]
  - [(3) Vapor pressure relief vents: Holes equal to the outside diameter of vents are provided through the insulation where vents are required. Space vents in accordance with membrane manufacturer's recommendations.]
- ] [k. Exposed nail heads in wood substrates are properly set. Warped and split [boards] [sheets] have been replaced. There are no

cracks or end joints 6 mm 1/4 inch in width or greater. [Joints in plywood substrates are taped or otherwise sealed to prevent air leakage from the underside.]]

- [1. Insulation boards are installed smoothly and evenly, and are not broken, cracked, or curled. There are no gaps in insulation board joints exceeding 6 mm 1/4 inch in width. Insulation is being roofed over on the same day the insulation is installed.]

### 3.2 APPLICATION

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Coordinate application method with paragraphs  
"Description of Roof Membrane System" and  
appropriate subparagraph under "EPDM Sheet Roofing".**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Apply entire EPDM sheet utilizing [fully adhered] [loose-laid ballasted] [mechanically fastened] [combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened] application method[s]. Apply roofing materials as specified herein unless approved otherwise by the Contracting Officer.

#### 3.2.1 Special Precautions

- a. Do not dilute coatings or sealants unless specifically recommended by the materials manufacturer's printed application instructions. Do not thin liquid materials with cleaners used for cleaning EPDM sheet.
- b. Keep liquids in airtight containers, and keep containers closed except when removing materials.
- c. Use liquid components, including adhesives, within their shelf life period. Store adhesives at 15 to 27 degrees C 60 to 80 degrees F prior to use. Avoid excessive adhesive application and adhesive spills, as they can be destructive to some elastomeric sheets and insulations; follow adhesive manufacturer's printed application instructions. Mix and use liquid components in accordance with label directions and manufacturer's printed instructions.
- d. Provide clean, dry cloths or pads for applying membrane cleaners and cleaning of membrane
- e. Do not use heat guns or open flame to expedite drying of adhesives or primers.
- f. Require workmen and others who walk on the membrane to wear clean, soft-soled shoes to avoid damage to roofing materials.
- g. Do not use equipment with sharp edges which could puncture the EPDM sheet.
- h. Shut down air intakes and any related mechanical systems and seal open vents and air intakes when applying solvent-based materials in the area of the opening or intake. Coordinate shutdowns with the Contracting Officer.

### 3.2.2 EPDM Sheet Roofing

Provide a watertight roof membrane sheet free of contaminants and defects that might affect serviceability. Provide a uniform, straight, and flat edge. Unroll EPDM sheet roofing in position without stretching membrane. Inspect for holes. Remove sections of EPDM sheet roofing that are damaged. Allow sheets to relax minimum 30 minutes before seaming. Lap sheets as specified, to shed water, and as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer's published installation instructions for the application required but not less than 75 mm 3 inch in any case.

### 3.2.3 Application Method

#### [3.2.3.1 Combined Fully Adhered and Mechanically Fastened Application

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Delete this paragraph unless a combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened application is specified. Where this paragraph is included, include and edit the fully adhered and mechanically fastened membrane application paragraphs to remove redundancy of requirements.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Install combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened roof membrane system in the manner specified and including seaming, perimeter and infield fastening and half sheets.

#### ] [3.2.3.2 Fully Adhered Membrane Application

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Delete this paragraph unless a fully adhered or combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened application is specified.**

**Delete the bracketed option in the fourth sentence and delete the fifth sentence when non-standard adhesives are specified such as sprayed foam or hot asphalt used with fleece-backed membrane.**

\*\*\*\*\*  
Layout membrane and side lap adjoining sheets in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed installation instructions. Allow for sufficient membrane to form proper membrane terminations. Remove dusting agents and dirt from membrane and substrate areas where bonding adhesives are to be applied. Apply specified adhesive evenly and continuously to substrate [and underside of sheets] at rates recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer's printed application instructions. When adhesive is spray applied, roll with a paint roller to ensure proper contact and coverage. Do not apply bonding adhesive to surfaces of membrane in seam or lap areas. Allow adhesive to flash off or dry to consistency prescribed by manufacturer before adhering sheets to the substrate. Roll each sheet into adhesive slowly and evenly to avoid wrinkles; broom or roll the membrane to remove air pockets and fishmouths and to ensure full, continuous bonding of sheet to substrate. Form field lap splices or seams as specified. Check all seams and ensure full lap seal. Apply lap sealant to all adhesive formed seams and all cut edges of reinforced membrane materials.



] [3.2.3.3 Mechanically Fastened Membrane Application

\*\*\*\*\*

**NOTE:** Delete this paragraph unless a mechanically fastened or combined fully adhered and mechanically fastened application is specified.

Membrane side lap depends on method of mechanical attachment, wind resistance testing of the specific system provided, and requirements of the membrane manufacturer. Generally, attachments must be positioned such that minimum 75 mm 3 inch seam width remains beyond the outer edge of the attachment plate or batten strip. Fastener and plate attachment typically requires 175 mm to 200 mm 7 to 8 inch membrane overlap. Batten attachment typically requires 100 mm to 150 mm 4 to 6 inch membrane overlap.

\*\*\*\*\*

Layout membrane and lap adjoining sheets in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed instructions such that a minimum 75 mm 3 inch [ ] seam width is maintained and seam width is as required by tested assembly meeting specified wind resistance requirements. Account for additional overlap required for placement of fasteners and plates or battens beyond the closed seam. Allow for sufficient membrane to form proper membrane terminations. Ensure membrane is free of wrinkles and ridges in the installation. Mechanically secure the membrane sheet with specified fasteners in the lap area. Space fasteners as required to provide the wind uplift resistance specified and in accordance with submitted fastener patterns for the field, corner, and perimeter roof areas. Set fasteners firm to plate or batten. Form field lap splices or seams as specified. Check all seams and ensure full lap seal. Apply lap sealant to all adhesive formed seams and all cut edges of reinforced membrane materials.

] [3.2.3.4 Ballasted Membrane Application

\*\*\*\*\*

**NOTE:** Delete this paragraph unless a loose-laid ballasted application is specified.

\*\*\*\*\*

Layout membrane and side lap adjoining sheets minimum 100 mm 4 inch and according to membrane manufacturer's printed instructions. Allow for sufficient membrane to form proper membrane terminations. Ensure membrane is free of wrinkles and ridges in the installation. Form field lap splices or seams as specified and of width required by the membrane manufacturer's installation instructions. Check seams to ensure continuous seal before proceeding with further work. Apply continuous lap sealant to all adhesive formed seams and all cut edges of reinforced membrane materials.

] 3.2.4 Tape Seams / Lap Splices

\*\*\*\*\*

**NOTE:** Seam tape must be the primary seaming, or lap splice, technique. Adhesive seaming in the field of the roof must only be specified with Government approval. Adhesive seaming of flashing in limited

areas may be required where tapes are difficult to apply.

\*\*\*\*\*

Field form seams, or lap splices, with seam tape in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed instructions and as specified. Clean and prime mating surfaces in the seam area. After primer has dried or set in accordance with membrane manufacturer's instructions, apply seam tape to bottom membrane and roll with a 75 mm to 100 mm 3 inch to 4 inch wide smooth silicone or steel hand roller, or other manufacturer approved rolling device, to ensure full contact and adhesion of tape to bottom membrane. Tape end laps must be minimum 25 mm 1 inch. Roll top membrane into position to check for proper overlap and alignment. Remove release paper from top of seam tape and form seam splice. Ensure top membrane contact with seam tape as release paper is removed. Roll the closed seam with a smooth silicone or steel hand roller, rolling first across the width of the seam then along the entire length, being careful not to damage the membrane. Apply minimum 225 mm 9 inch long strip of membrane-backed flashing tape over T-intersections of roof membrane. Roll tape to ensure full adhesion and seal over T-joint.

### [3.2.5 Adhesive Seams / Lap Splices

\*\*\*\*\*

**NOTE: Include the bracketed option in the first sentence as the norm. Government approval required for adhesive formed seams in the field of the roof.**

\*\*\*\*\*

Use only field-applied adhesive formed seams [in flashing areas] where approved by the membrane manufacturer and the Contracting Officer. Do not use adhesive formed seams for field of roof membrane seaming[, except as approved by the membrane manufacturer and the Contracting Officer]. Thoroughly and completely clean mating surfaces of materials throughout the lap area. Remove all dirt, dust, and contaminants and allow to dry.

Apply primer as recommended by the membrane manufacturer. Apply splice adhesive with a 75 mm to 100 mm 3 inch to 4 inch wide, 13 mm 1/2 inch thick, solvent-resistant brush in a smooth, even coat with long brush strokes. Bleed out brush marks. Do not apply adhesive in a circular motion. Simultaneously apply adhesive to both mating surfaces in an approximate 0.63 mm to 0.75 mm 0.025 to 0.030 inch wet film thickness, or other thickness as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer's printed instructions.

Allow the splice adhesive to set-up in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed instructions. Perform manufacturer recommended field check to test for adhesive readiness prior to closing seam. Apply a 3 mm to 6 mm 1/8 inch to 1/4 inch bead of in-seam sealant approximately 13 mm 1/2 inch from the inside edge of the lower membrane sheet prior to closing the seam. Ensure the in-seam sealant does not extend onto the splice adhesive. Maintain the full adhered seam width required. Roll the top membrane onto the mating surface. Roll the seam area with a 50 mm to 75 mm 2 inch to 3 inch wide, smooth silicone or steel hand roller. A minimum of 2 hours after joining sheets and when the lap edge is dry, clean the lap edge with membrane manufacturer's recommended cleaner and apply a 6mm to 9 mm 1/4 inch to 3/8 inch bead of lap sealant centered on the seam edge. With a feathering tool, immediately feather the lap sealant to completely cover the splice edge, leaving a mound of sealant over the seam

edge. Apply lap sealant to all adhesive formed seams.

#### 3.2.6 Perimeter Attachment

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: All application methods of EPDM membranes require mechanical fastening of the membrane to wood nailers at the roof perimeters, at angular penetrations, or at circular penetrations, except roof drains greater than 18 inch in diameter.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Adhesive bond or mechanically secure roof membrane sheet at roof perimeter in a manner to comply with wind resistance requirements and in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed application instructions. When adhesively bonding a mechanically fastened system in perimeter areas, the perimeter boundary of the adhesive bond must be the same as the boundary required for additional perimeter mechanical fastening to meet wind resistance requirements.

#### 3.2.7 Securement at Base Tie-In Conditions

Mechanically fasten the roof membrane at penetrations, at base of curbs and walls, and at all locations where the membrane turns and angle greater than 4 degrees (1:12). Space fasteners a maximum of 300 mm 12 inch on center, except where more frequent attachment is required to meet specified wind resistance or where recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Flash over fasteners with a fully adhered layer of material as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer's printed data.

### 3.3 FLASHINGS

#### 3.3.1 General

Provide flashings in the angles formed at walls and other vertical surfaces and where required to make the work watertight, except where metal flashings are indicated.

Provide a one-ply flashing membrane, as specified for the system used, and install immediately after the roofing membrane is placed and prior to finish coating where a finish coating is required. Flashings must be stepped where vertical surfaces abut sloped roof surfaces. Provide sheet metal reglet in which sheet metal cap flashings are installed of not more than 400 mm 16 inch nor less than 200 mm 8 inch above the roofing surfaces. Exposed joints and end laps of flashing membrane shall be made and sealed in the manner required for roofing membrane.

#### 3.3.2 Membrane Flashing

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Coordinate flashing requirements with Section 07 60 00.00 40 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL and details. Ensure Section 07 60 00.00 40 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL is properly edited for application to EPDM roofing systems and for inclusion of flashing conditions of the project.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Install flashing and flashing accessories as the roof membrane is

installed. Apply flashing to cleaned surfaces and as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer and as specified. Utilize cured EPDM membrane flashing and prefabricated accessory flashings to the maximum extent recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Limit uncured flashing material to reinforcing inside and outside corners and angle changes in plane of membrane, and to flashing scuppers, pourable sealer pockets, and other formed penetrations or unusually shaped conditions as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer where the use of cured material is impractical. Extend base flashing not less than 200 mm 8 inch above roofing surface and as necessary to provide for seaming overlap on roof membrane as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer.

Seal flashing membrane for a minimum of 75 mm 3 inch on each side of fastening device used to anchor roof membrane to nailers. Completely adhere flashing sheets in place. Seam flashing membrane in the same manner as roof membrane, except as otherwise recommended by the membrane manufacturer's printed instructions and approved by the Contracting Officer. Reinforce all corners and angle transitions by applying uncured membrane to the area in accordance with roof membrane manufacturer recommendations. Mechanically fasten top edge of base flashing with manufacturer recommended termination bar fastened at maximum 300 mm 12 inch on center. Install sheet metal flashing over the termination bar in the completed work. Mechanically fasten top edge of base flashing for all other terminations in a manner recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Apply membrane liner over top of exposed nailers and blocking and to overlap top edge of base flashing installation at curbs, parapet walls, expansion joints and as otherwise indicated to serve as waterproof lining under sheet metal flashing components.

#### [3.3.3 Flashing at Roof Drain

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Include this paragraph when roof drains are indicated.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Provide a tapered insulation sump into the drain bowl area. Do not exceed tapered slope of (4:12) 18 degrees for unreinforced membrane and (1:12) 5 degrees for reinforced membrane. Provide tapered insulation with surface suitable for adhering membrane in the drain sump area. Avoid field seams running through or within 600 mm 24 inch of roof drain, or as otherwise recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer. Adhere the membrane to the tapered in the drain sump area. Apply water block mastic and extend membrane sheets over edge of drain bowl opening at the roof drain deck flange in accordance with membrane manufacturer's printed application instructions. Insure membrane free of wrinkles and folds in the drain area. Securely clamp membrane in the flashing clamping ring. Ensure membrane is cut to within 20 mm 3/4 inch of inside rim of clamping ring to maintain drainage capacity. Do not cut back to bolt holes. Retrofit roof drains must conform to ANSI/SPRI RD-1.

#### ]3.3.4 Base Flashing

Lay base flashing membrane in not more than 3650 mm 12 foot lengths into flashing cement applied in accordance with the roofing manufacturer's printed instructions. Flashing membranes may be applied in continuous lengths as working areas permit. Extend membrane at least 100 mm 4 inch onto the roof, over the cant, and up the vertical surface to the sheet metal reglet or to the top of the curb where sheet metal reglets are not

required. Secure flashing membrane at the top at 200 mm 8 inch on center with nonferrous metal nails or fasteners.

#### 3.3.5 Cants

Install cants in the angles formed at walls and other vertical surfaces as a backing for base flashings. Lay cants in a solid coat of adhesive immediately before laying the roofing membrane. Provide cants with a 140 mm 5-1/2-inch face dimension that will be continuous and installed in lengths that are as long as practical. Installation of cants is not required at locations where cast-in-place cants have been integrally formed with the structural deck or roof fill.

#### 3.3.6 Strip Flashings

Roof flanges of sheet metal flashings, such as fascias, base flashings, and plumbing flashings furnished and installed under other sections of the specifications, must be stripped with flashing membrane. After installation of metal flashings over the roofing membrane, strip flashing membrane centered longitudinally at edges of roof flanges must be installed into flashing cement applied in accordance with the roofing manufacturer's printed instructions to form a waterproof joint between the roofing membrane and the metal flashings.

#### 3.3.7 Valleys

Apply roofing at valleys and waterways in the following manner:

Allow base sheets to continue across valleys and terminate at approximately 450 mm 18 inch from the valley.

Lay roofing membrane across valleys to terminate at approximately 300 mm 12 inch from the valley. Terminate exposed lap on a line approximately 300 mm 12 inch from and parallel to the valley gutter and treat as an end lap.

Roofing membrane and the base sheet may be laid across or parallel to shallow valleys such as those formed by a reverse-slope roof, provided applications can be completed without wrinkles, buckles, or fishmouths and side laps do not face the direction of drainage.

#### 3.3.8 Valley Application

Valleys: Apply roofing at valleys and waterways in the following manner:

Allow base sheets to continue across valleys and shall terminate at approximately 450 mm 18 inch from the valley.

Allow felt plies to continue across valleys and terminate at approximately 300 mm 12 inch from the valley. Terminate exposed laps on a line approximately 300 mm 12 inch from and parallel to the gutter valley. Mop two plies of felt, 230 and 300 mm 9 and 12 inch wide, in over each felt line-of-termination.

If the application can be completed without wrinkles, buckles, or fishmouths, and if side laps do not face the direction of drainage, roofing felts and base sheets may be laid continuously across or parallel to shallow valleys such as those formed by reverse-slope roofs. For this application, reinforce valleys with one ply of felt,

900 mm 36-inch wide, centered on the valley gutter and lay in a solid mopping of asphalt over the top ply of roofing.

### 3.3.9 Walkway Application

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Drawings must indicate areas where walkways are required. 25 mm 1-inch thick walkways can be obtained by laminating two 12.5 mm 1/2-inch thick boards.  
\*\*\*\*\*

[Install asphalt plank walkway systems for the protection of the roofing membrane as indicated.]

Furnish walkway systems for the protection of the roofing membrane and install as indicated.]

[Apply a heavy coating of hot asphalt over the designated walkway areas and directly on the felt membrane. While the asphalt is still hot, lay in asphalt planks. Allow 13 mm 1/2 inch wide space between adjacent boards for drainage.]

After placing the boards, complete flood coating and aggregate surfacing of the roof up to all edges of the installed planks.]

### 3.3.10 Roof Vent Application

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Where vapor barriers are required, roof vents must be included to prevent water accumulation in the roof sandwich.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Provide roof vents on the minimum basis of one roof vent for each 110 square meter 1,200 square feet of roof area, with no point on the roof more than 13.7 meter 45 feet from a point of venting. Provide roof vents of 0.85 mm 22-gage galvanized steel conforming to ASTM A 924/A 924M and ASTM A 653/A 653M, G165 Coating Designation.

Provide cylindrical roof vents, minimum 150 mm 6 inch in diameter, and 100 mm 8 inch high. A conical weather cap, cone-base diameter 300 mm 12 inch and cone height 150 mm 6 inch, must be securely fastened to the top of each roof vent by galvanized strap brackets. At roof end of the vent, securely braze a 300 mm 12-inch flashing flange to the vent cylinder approximately 9.5 mm 3/8 inch from the end.

Install roof vents before the flood coat is applied. Contractor may, at his option, temporarily omit the flood coat and aggregate surfacing at the location of the roof vents. Such areas must be not less than 760 mm 30 inch nor more than 1220 mm 48 inch in diameter and must be effectively glazed-in when the adjacent surfaces are flood coated.

\*\*\*\*\*  
NOTE: Select the following paragraph only when mineral-fiberboard insulation is required.  
\*\*\*\*\*

[To install roof vents in roofs with mineral-fiberboard insulation, cut a

circular hole through the membrane and the top layer of insulation, but not into the bottom layer of insulation. Hole must snugly accept the vent cylinder.]

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Select the following paragraph only when  
cellular-glass insulation is required.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

[Install vents in roofs with cellular-glass insulation astride one of the joints in the insulation, to give access to the chamfered venting channels. Flush the roof flanges of the vents with the end of the vent; remove the cap sheet of the top layer of insulation within the circular area of the vent cylinder.]

Set roof vent over the hole with the flashing flange set in hot steep asphalt. Apply flashing, with two plies, 600 mm 24 inch square on the bottom and 760 mm 30 inch square on the top, set in hot moppings of asphalt at a 9.1 kilogram per 10 square meter 20 pound per square rate. Over the top ply, apply a flood coat and aggregate surfacing to match the surrounding areas.

#### [3.4 PRE-FABRICATED CURBS

Securely anchor prefabricated curbs to nailer or other base substrate and flashed with EPDM membrane flashing materials.

##### 3.4.1 Set-On Accessories

Where pipe or conduit blocking, supports and similar roof accessories, or isolated paver block, are set on the membrane, adhere reinforced membrane or walkpad material, as recommended by the roof membrane manufacturer, to bottom of accessories prior to setting on roofing membrane. Specific method of installing set-on accessories must permit normal movement due to expansion, contraction, vibration, and similar occurrences without damaging roofing membrane. Do not mechanically secure set-on accessories through roofing membrane into roof deck substrate.

##### 3.4.2 Lightning Protection

Flash lightning protection system components or attach to the roof membrane in a manner acceptable to the roof membrane manufacturer.

##### 3.4.3 Roof Walkpads

Install walkpads at roof access points and where otherwise indicated for traffic areas and for access to mechanical equipment, in accordance with the roof membrane manufacturer's printed instructions. Provide minimum 150 mm 6 inch separation between adjacent walkpads to accommodate drainage.

##### 3.4.4 Elevated Metal [Walkways] [and] [Platforms]

Provide for protection of roof membrane by placing reinforced membrane or walkpad material, or other material approved by the Contracting Officer, at all surface bearing support locations.

##### [3.4.5 Isolated Paver Blocks

Install paver blocks where indicated and as necessary to support surface

bearing items traversing the roof area. Set paver block on a layer of reinforced membrane or walkpad applied over the completed roof membrane.

] 3.4.6 [Stone] [Paver] Ballast [Paver System]

\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE: Indicate the appropriate ballast type.  
Indicate ballast weight required based on wind  
loading conditions.

In some instances paver ballast may be used in  
perimeter and corner areas in combination with stone  
ballast in the field of the roof. If so, include  
the [Paver] option in item "a".

Where elevated paver system is required, refer to as  
"Paver System" in the paragraph title. Delete  
bracketed options related to protection mat  
installation, stone ballast, and coverage rates.  
The paver type and weight shall be as specified in  
Part 2.

\*\*\*\*\*

Complete all membrane and membrane flashing work, including inspection and repair of all membrane and seams in the area of [ballast] [paver] application prior to applying [ballast] [paver] system. [Install protection mat over roof membrane in accordance with roof membrane manufacturer's recommendations. Provide minimum 75 mm 3 inch side laps and 150 mm 6 inch end laps. Turn mat up vertical surfaces to extend 50 mm 2 inch above ballast. Immediately after placement of protection mat,] [Install and level pedestal system in accordance with manufacturer's requirements and] apply [stone] [and] [paver] [ballast] [system.] [at the following coverage rates:

- a. [Pavers: ] [\_\_\_\_\_] pounds per square foot for perimeter and corner areas of roof.
- b. [\_\_\_\_\_] pounds per square foot for field of roof.

In no case apply ballast at a coverage rate less than 10 pounds per square foot or more than [\_\_\_\_\_] pounds per square foot.]

] 3.4.7 Correction of Deficiencies

Where any form of deficiency is found, additional measures shall be taken as deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer to determine the extent of the deficiency and corrective actions shall be as directed by the Contracting Officer.

3.4.8 Clean Up

Remove debris, scraps, containers and other rubbish and trash resulting from installation of the roofing system from job site each day.

] 3.5 PROTECTION OF APPLIED ROOFING

At the end of the day's work and when precipitation is imminent, protect applied membrane roofing system from water intrusion.



### [3.5.1 Water Cutoffs

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Include this paragraph when roof insulation  
is a substrate for the EPDM sheet roofing.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Straighten insulation line using loose-laid cut insulation sheets and seal the terminated edge of the roof membrane system in an effective manner. [Seal off flutes in metal decking along the cutoff edge.] Remove the water cut-offs to expose the insulation when resuming work, and remove the insulation sheets used for fill-in.

### ]3.5.2 Temporary Flashing for Permanent Roofing

Provide temporary flashing at drains, curbs, walls and other penetrations and terminations of roofing sheets until permanent flashings can be applied. Remove temporary flashing before applying permanent flashing.

### 3.5.3 Temporary Walkways, Runways, and Platforms

Do not permit storing, walking, wheeling, and trucking directly on applied roofing materials. Provide temporary walkways, runways, and platforms of smooth clean boards, mats or planks as necessary to avoid damage to applied roofing materials, and to distribute weight to conform to live load limits of roof construction. Use rubber-tired equipment for roofing work.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

### 3.6.1 Construction Monitoring

During progress of the roof work, Contractor shall make visual inspections as necessary to ensure compliance with specified parameters. Additionally, verify the following:

- a. Equipment is in working order. Metering devices are accurate.
- b. Materials are not installed in adverse weather conditions.
- c. Substrates are in acceptable condition, in compliance with specification, prior to application of subsequent materials.

Nailers and blocking are provided where and as needed.

Insulation substrate is smooth, properly secured to its substrate, and without excessive gaps prior to membrane application.

The proper number, type, and spacing of fasteners are installed.

Materials comply with the specified requirements.

All materials are properly stored, handled and protected from moisture or other damages. Liquid components are properly mixed prior to application.

Membrane is allowed to relax prior to seaming. Adhesives are applied uniformly to both mating surfaces and checked for proper set prior to bonding mating materials. Mechanical attachments are spaced as required[, including additional fastening of membrane in

corner and perimeter areas as required.]

Membrane is properly overlapped.

Membrane seaming is as specified and seams are hand rolled to ensure full adhesion and bond width. [In-seam sealant is applied when adhesive seams are used in the field of the roof.] All seams are checked at the end of each work day.

Applied membrane is inspected and repaired as necessary prior to ballast installation.

[Membrane is fully adhered without ridges, wrinkles, kinks, fishmouths.]

Installer adheres to specified and detailed application parameters.

Associated flashings and sheet metal are installed in a timely manner in accord with the specified requirements.

Ballast is within the specified weight range.

Temporary protection measures are in place at the end of each work shift.

#### [3.6.2 Manufacturer's Inspection

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Include this paragraph when manufacturer's inspection of work is required. Select desired frequency of manufacturer inspection and coordinate with text of optional 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> bracketed sentences.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Manufacturer's technical representative must visit the site a minimum of three [\_\_\_\_\_] times [once per week] during the installation for purposes of reviewing materials installation practices and adequacy of work in place. [Inspections must occur during the first 20 squares of membrane installation, at mid-point of the installation, and at substantial completion, at a minimum. Do not exceed additional inspections one for each 100 squares of total roof area with the exception that follow-up inspections of previously noted deficiencies or application errors must be performed as requested by the Contracting Officer.] After each inspection, a report, submit signed by the manufacturer's technical representative to the Contracting Officer within 3 working days. Note overall quality of work, deficiencies and any other concerns, and recommended corrective action.

#### ] [3.6.3 Roof Drain Test

\*\*\*\*\*  
**NOTE: Include this paragraph when roof drains are required. Consult with structural engineer to verify loading capability of roof structural system.**  
\*\*\*\*\*

After completing roofing but prior to Government acceptance, perform the following test for watertightness. Plug roof drains and fill with water to edge of drain sump for 8 hours. Retrofit roof drains must conform to

ANSI/SPRI RD-1. Do not plug secondary overflow drains at the same time as adjacent primary drain. To ensure some drainage from roof, do not test all drains at same time. Measure water at beginning and end of the test period. When precipitation occurs during test period, repeat test. When water level falls, remove water, thoroughly dry, and inspect installation; repair or replace roofing at drain to provide for a properly installed watertight flashing seal. Repeat test until there is no water leakage.

### ] 3.7 INSTRUCTIONS TO GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL

Furnish written and verbal instructions on proper maintenance procedures to designated Government personnel. Furnish instructions by a competent representative of the roof membrane manufacturer and include a minimum of 4 hours on maintenance and emergency repair of the membrane. Include a demonstration of membrane repair, and give sources of required special tools. Furnish information on safety requirements during maintenance and emergency repair operations.

### 3.8 INFORMATION CARD

For each roof, furnish a typewritten minimum 215 mm by 275 mm 8-1/2 inch by 11 inch information card for facility records and a card laminated in plastic and framed for interior display at roof access point, or a photoengraved 1 mm 0.032 inch thick aluminum card for exterior display. Identify facility name and number; location; contract number; approximate roof area; detailed roof system description, including deck type, membrane, number of plies, method of application, manufacturer, insulation and cover board system and thickness; presence of tapered insulation for primary drainage, presence of vapor retarder; date of completion; installing contractor identification and contact information; membrane manufacturer warranty expiration, warranty reference number, and contact information. Install card at roof top or access location as directed by the Contracting Officer and provide a paper copy to the Contracting Officer.

-- End of Section --