# LUKE AIR FORCE BASE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)











**Installation Elements** 

Site Development

**Facilities Exteriors** 

**Facilities Interiors** 

# 2018

# Luke Air Force Base IFS

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#### A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
  For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.

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♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

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Luke Air Force Base South Gate



Views to White Tank Mountains



Climate-Based Materials



**Desert Plant Species** 

#### A.01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

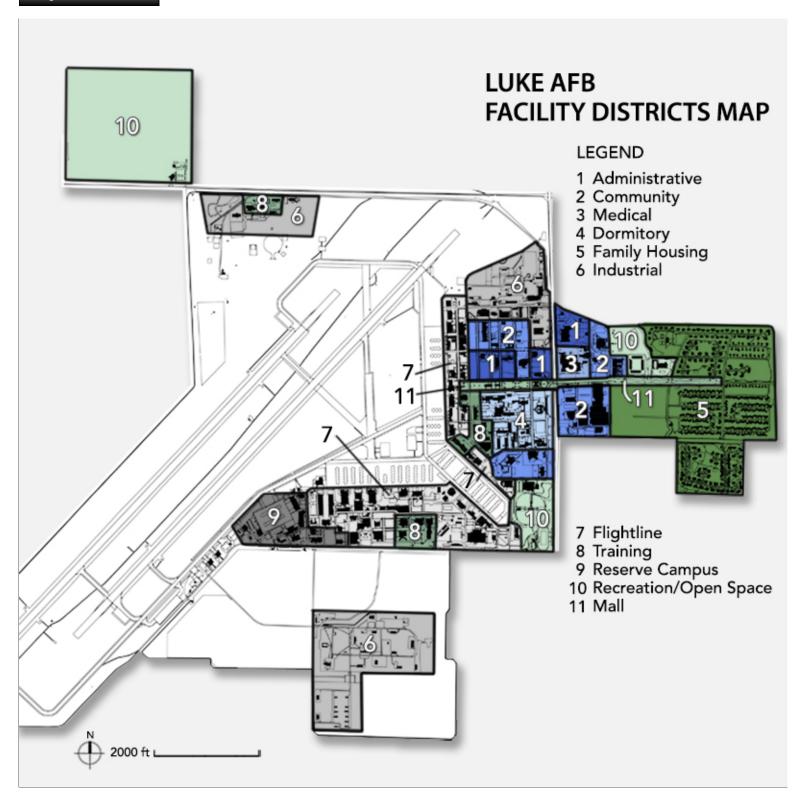
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html</a>

# A.02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html</a>

# A.03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>



**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

#### **B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

# **B.01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING**

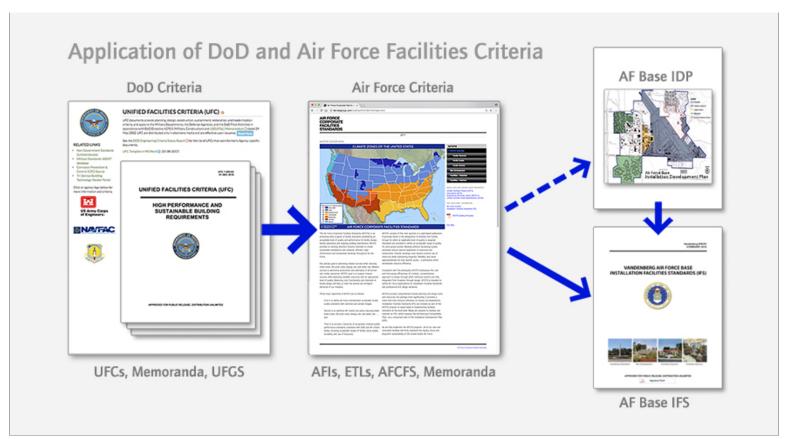
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html</a>

# **B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

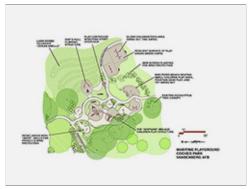
1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Comprehensive Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.

# **B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

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Development Plan Graphic

Site Plan Graphic

Site Plan Detail

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

# **B01.1.2.** Brief History of Base

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

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Building 1150, circa 1960



F-104s on the Ramp at Luke AFB, 1964

In 1940, a United States Army representative was sent to Arizona to find a site for an Army Air Corps training field for advanced training in conventional fighter aircraft. The City of Phoenix and the federal government entered into an agreement in March 1941 to lease 1,440 acres of land for \$1 per year. The training center was named Luke Field. The first class of fighter aircraft training students arrived in June 1941.

During World War II, Luke Field was the largest fighter training base in the Army Air Corps, graduating more than 17,000 fighter pilots and earning the nickname "Home of the Fighter Pilot." The base was deactivated in 1946. In 1951, soon after combat developed in Korea, Luke Field was reactivated as Luke Air Force Base, part of Air Training Command under the reorganized United States Air Force (USAF).

Students progressed from flying the P-51 Mustang to the F-84 Thunderstreak jet. The Thunderbirds, the official Air Force aerial demonstration team, was formed at Luke Air Force Base in 1953. Luke Air Force Base began training German fighter pilots in the F-84 in 1957. In July 1958, the Base was transferred from Air Training Command to Tactical Air Command. In 1969, the 58th Fighter Wing (FW) was activated at Luke Air Force Base. In 1971, tactical air training resumed with pilots using the F-4C Phantom

II, F-100, A-7, F-4, and F-104. In 1974, the F-15 Eagle arrived to serve as the training vehicle. By 1982, the F-16 Fighting Falcon was being flown at Luke Air Force Base. In 1994, the 58th FW was replaced with the 56th FW as part of the Air Force Heritage Program. The 56th FW is one of the most highly decorated units in USAF history.

The wing also provides command guidance and operational control of the 56th Operations Group, 56th Logistics Group, 56th Support Group, and the 56th Medical Group. Luke AFB also serves as host to the 944th FW, a USAF reserve unit with the mission to train F-16 pilots and provide combat ready warriors.

Today, Luke Air Force Base is the most diversified training center in Air Education and Training Command. Luke Air Force Base provides technical, medical, field, and flight training utilizing over 200 F-16 aircraft. Annual sorties flown reach approximately 40,000.

Luke AFB is the largest fighter pilot training installation in the world and referred to throughout the Air Force community as the "Home of the Fighter Pilot." Under AETC's 19th Air Force, the 56th Fighter Wing serves as the host unit to the base.

# **B01.1.3. Future Development**

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Renewable Energy Systems

- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

#### **B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

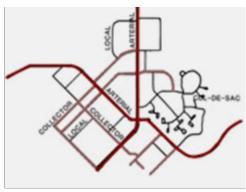
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html</a>

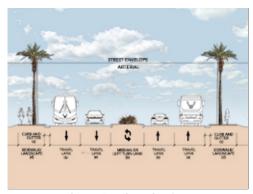
#### **B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets**

Applicable 

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Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

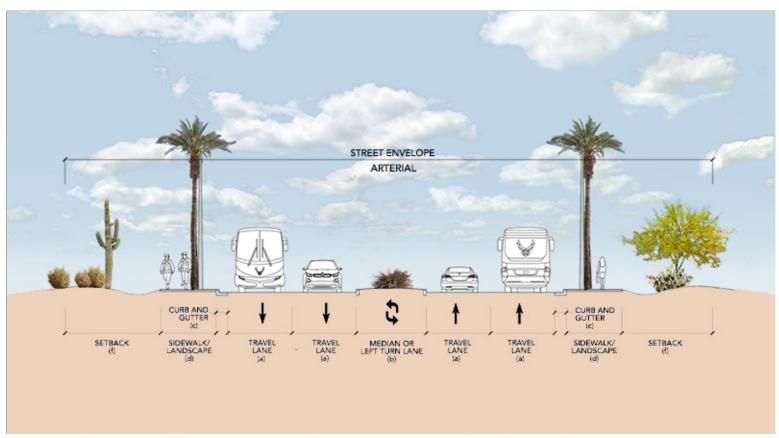
- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1. Guest/VIP tour
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and collector streets.
- Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Provide illustrations in the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) to include street cross-sections and plans for every type of street specified on the installation. At a minimum provide dimensions for vehicular traffic-lanes, curb radii, medians, bike lanes, pedestrian buffers, sidewalks, crosswalks, tree planting areas, and on-street parking configurations.
- 13. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

#### **B02.1.1. Arterial Streets**

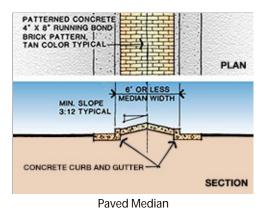
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● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Paved Median Rock Mulch Median

- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
  - a. Travel Lane. 12'
  - b. Median (if used). 12'
  - c. Curb and Gutter. 2'
  - d. Sidewalk. 6'
  - e. Parking. 12' setback

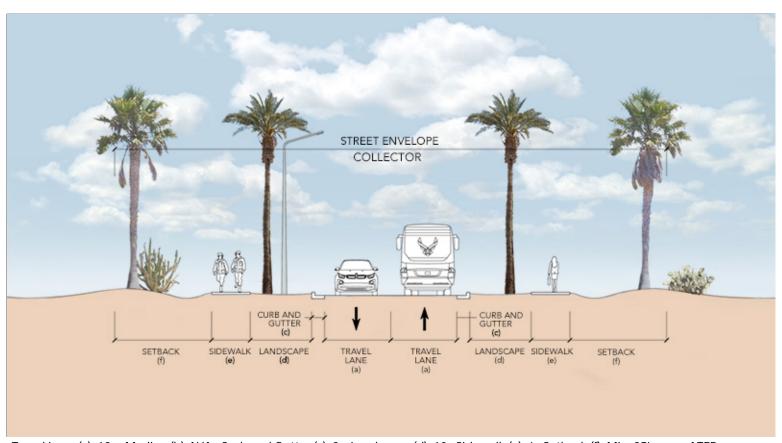
- f. Buildings. 30' setback g. Obstructions. 6' setback
- 2. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6 foot buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 4. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.

#### **B02.1.2. Collector Streets**

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Typical Collector Streetscape

Setback with Streetscape Elements

Approach to Overpass

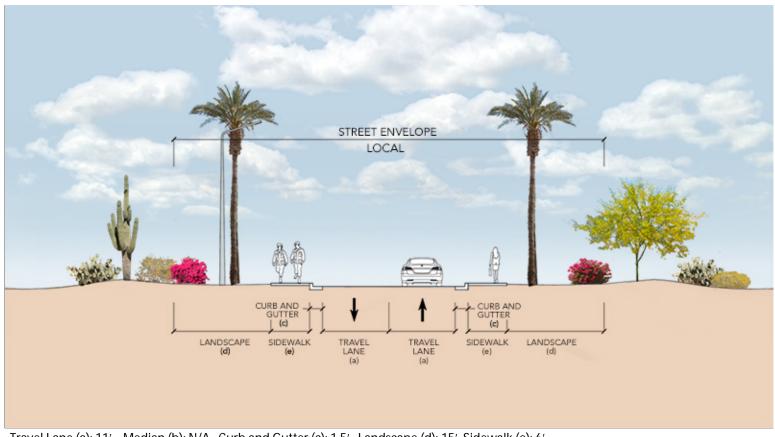
- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
  - a. Travel Lane. 12'
  - b. Median (if used). 12'
  - c. Curb and Gutter. 2'
  - d. Sidewalk. 6'
  - e. Parking. 12' setback
  - f. Buildings. 15' setback
  - g. Obstructions. 3' setback
- 2. Traffic stops are frequent and speeds are low on collector streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 4. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are over 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.

# **B02.1.3. Local Streets**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'





**Group 3 Local Street** 

Group 4 Local Street

- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
  - a. Travel Lane. 11'
  - b. Curb and Gutter. 1.5'
  - c. Sidewalk. 5'
  - d. Landscape. 15' setback
  - e. Buildings. 15' setback
  - f. Obstructions. 3' setback

- 2. Traffic stops are frequent and speeds are low on collector streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 4. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are over 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.
- 6. Cul-de-sacs are to only be used in the military housing area. The minimum radius for cul-de-sacs shall be 50'.

# **B02.1.4. Special Routes**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

#### **B02.2.** Hierarchy of Intersections

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Signalized Intersection



Intersection Elements



Integrated Crosswalks

- 1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

#### B02.2.1. Arterials

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Accent boulders and rock mulch may be appropriate. Monument walls with signage are appropriate adjacent to Group 1 facilities. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

#### B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Accent boulders and rock mulch may be appropriate. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

#### B02.2.3. Collectors

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Integrated Street Elements** 

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

# **B02.2.4. Special Intersections**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Transition at Divided Arterial

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

# **B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



**Typical Street Frontage** 

- 1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
- 2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

# B02.2.6. Sight Lines

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Preserved Sight lines** 

- 1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.
- 2. Maintain a 45 foot clear zone free of visual barriers over 18 inches in height at uncontrolled intersections. Maintain a 15 foot clear zone free of visual barriers over 18 inches in height at controlled intersections with vehicle speeds of 30 mph or less.

#### **B02.3. Street Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



**Coordinated Force Protection Elements** 

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and reflectivity of surfaces appropriate for the local climate.

- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

#### B02.3.1. Paving

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Typical Asphaltic Concrete Paving



Standard Striping at Crosswalk

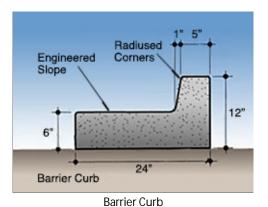


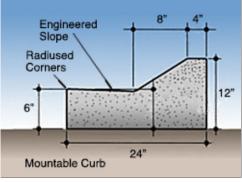
Striping at Speed Control Elements

- 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

### B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 5







Mountable Curb

Standard Curb and Gutter





Island at Street Transition

Group 4 Curb and Gutter

- 1. Continuous concrete curbs shall be provided where required for paved roads and parking areas adjacent to Group 1, Group 2 and Group 4 facilities. Asphalt curbs may be used at roads and parking areas adjacent to Group 3 facilities where needed.
- 2. A minimum standard curb height of 6 inches shall be consistently maintained. Rolled mountable curbs are not allowed.

# **B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Access Control Devices** 

Fire Hydrant and Manhole Access

**Integrated Barrier** 

- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 2. When mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these items consistently in standard base colors and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 3. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

#### **B02.3.4. Traffic Signs**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Standard Street Signs

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

# **B02.3.5. Street Lighting**

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





Lighting along Arterial Street

**Understated Group 4 Light Fixtures** 

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

# B02.3.6. Other

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

# **B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html</a>

# **B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays**

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188







Flag Grouping Plaza

Formal Arrangement

Memorial Plaza

- Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

# B03.1.1. Paved Plazas

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



Concrete Paving and Seating



Rock Paving and Concrete Edging



Contrasting Rock Paving

Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers shall be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.

2. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of earth tones colors. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size.

# B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Commemorative Plaques

Memorial Cast Plaque

**Bronze Sculpture** 

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

# **B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft**

- Applicable 

  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Aircraft Park Interpretive Sign

**Dynamic Mounting** 

**Ground-Level Mounting** 

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench shall be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

#### **B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
  - 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
  - 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.
  - 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
  - 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
  - 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
  - 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.

- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
  - Electrical switch-stations.
  - Sewage lift stations.
  - Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures.
  - Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items.
  - Above ground fuel storage tanks.
  - Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view.
- Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls which match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 10. Paint above-ground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain currently buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
  - Electrical power grid and service lines.
  - Telephone lines.
  - Cable TV lines.
  - Communications lines.
  - Exterior lighting service lines.
  - Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base.
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

#### **B03.2.1. Parade Grounds**

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
- Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do
  not require painting or going maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer shall determine quantities, sizes, and
  products on a case basis.

# B03.2.2. Parks

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Landscaping and Pavilion as Focal Points

Shade Shelter and Picnic Area

Metal and Fabric Canopies

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.
- 3. Recommend adding shade shelters if economically feasible.

#### B03.2.3. Preserves

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





**Integrated Stormwater Feature** 

Open Space Adjacent to Plaza

- 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas, as open space.
- 2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety, or eliminating fire hazards.

#### B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Masonry Wall and Metal Fencing

Adjacent Accent Landscaping

Perimeter Fence at Arterial

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

#### C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

# **C01. SITE DESIGN**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html</a>

#### **C01.1. Site Design Considerations**

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Integration of Open Space Seating

Plaza Adjacent to Primary Entrance

Developed Building Setback Area

- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls verses base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. Promote sustainability, reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 6. Consider on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects must preserve Saguaro Cacti as part of the natural habitat.
- 8. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems or other beneficial byproducts.
- 10. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to reduce the need for visual screening.

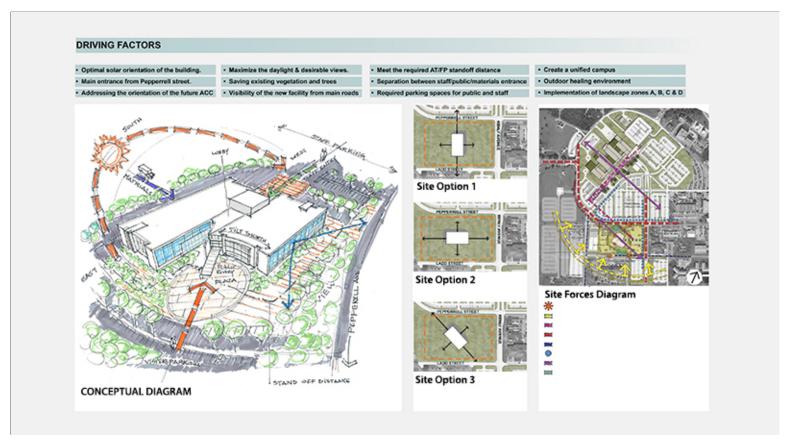
- 11. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 12. Consider heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 13. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

# C01.2. Building Orientation

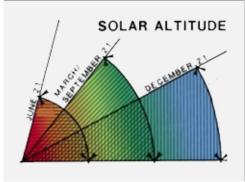
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Image Tool 800 x 440

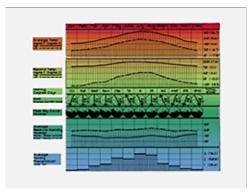
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



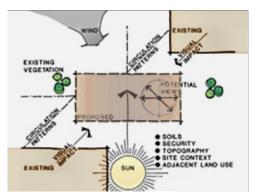
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



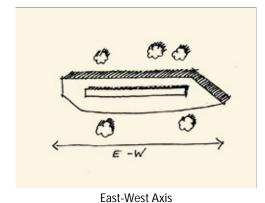


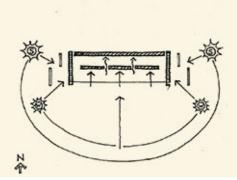


Local Climate Data

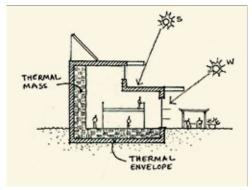


Site Data









Maximized Shading

- 1. Consider optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the north/south direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings, weigh thermal effect vs. lighting.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Consider locating the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat and other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

#### CO2. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

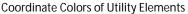
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html</a>

# C02.1. Utility Components

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

Image Tool 250 x 188







Screen Wall at Utility Equipment



**EV Charging Station Gear** 



Pad Mounted Electrical Cabinets



Clean, Orderly Appearance



**Ground Mounted Solar Array** 

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations after a thorough analysis determining viability.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

#### **CO3. PARKING AREAS**

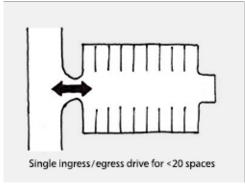
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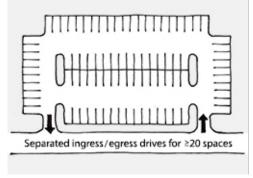
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html</a>

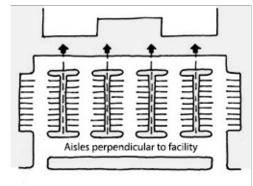
#### C03.1. Configurations and Design

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Small Lot Configuration

Large Lot Configuration

Facility Group 1 Configuration



Aisle Perpendicular to Facility



90-Degree Configuration



Solar Array and Shading

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Consider buffering parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS and ADA standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- Consider integrating at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and consider shading along the primary path from the parking area to the main entrance of the building.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.

- 8. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 9. Reserved parking must comply with AFI31-204 and LAFB supplement 1.
- 10. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 11. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

#### C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

- Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





White Striping on Asphaltic Paving

Accessible Parking Near Entrance

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic concrete

Secondary: Concrete

Accent: Permeable pavers

Facility Group 2 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A **Facility Group 3** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: **Asphaltic Concrete** 

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 4** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of concrete, asphalt or terracotta unit pavers.
- 2. Porous concrete paving may be considered on a case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphaltic concrete paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.

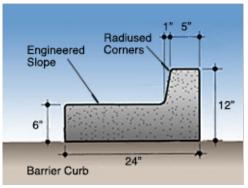
5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

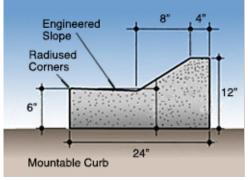
# C03.1.2. Curbing

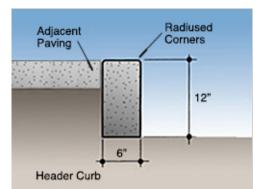
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 5

Image Tool 250 x 188







"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb





Curb and Landscape Median

Concrete

Integral Curb and Concrete Edging

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Secondary: N/A

Primary:

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation, or to stormwater system.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where car bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

#### C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 4







EV Station Integrated with Median



Bioswale in Central Median



Stone Paver Pathway

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

## C03.2. Parking Structures

- Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





Commercial Area Parking Garage

Stair Tower in Alternate Material

- 1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
- 2. Consider near term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
- 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.
- 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

#### C03.3. Connectivity

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Connection to Pedestrian Circulation Network



Adjacent Attached Sidewalk and Entrance

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.

3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

#### **C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

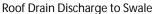
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html</a>

#### **C04.1. Stormwater Requirements**

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Parking Lot Drainage to Swale



Swale discharge to Rock Mulch Basin



Area Drain Inlet



Curb and Gutter Inlet



Concrete Drainage Basin

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Design stormwater systems and elements in response to the two rainy seasons, which occur during spring and winter. Ensure drainage features accommodate both the gentle rains and violent thunderstorms during the "monsoon season."
- 3. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 4. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.

- 5. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

#### CO5. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

#### C05.1. Circulation and Paving

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 9



Typical Detached Sidewalk



**Adjacent Pedestrian Amenities** 



**Entrance Plaza Paving** 



**Group 1 Decorative Pavers** 



Integrated Lighting and Landscape



Typical Attached Sidewalk







Concrete Paving at Recreation Area

Sidewalk at Parking Area

Trail Paving and Edging

**Facility Group 1** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 2** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 3** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 4** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Consider using pervious pavers for sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 6' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 5'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.

- 9. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a maximum cross slope of 2.08%.
- 10. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: natural terracotta Earth tones. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4"x8" nominal size.
- 11. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following the IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 12. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

#### C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Stair

Accessible Flared Curb

Accessible Ramp at Entrance

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and consider at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

#### C05.1.2. Lighting

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Combined Sidewalk and Automobile Lighting



Light Bollards and Building Lighting

1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants, consider solar lighting if viable.

2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

#### C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html</a>

#### C06.1. Climate-based Materials

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Native and Adaptive Species

Xeric Drought-Tolerant Materials

Seasonal Color as Focal Point

- 1. Use only drought tolerant plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the Sonoran Desert sub-tropical climate to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

## C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Landscaped Courtyard

Plantings integrated with Storm Drainage

Accent Planting Near Main Entrance

- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Ensure plantings and mulched areas accommodate both the gentle rains and violent thunderstorms during the "monsoon season."
- 3. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 4. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.
- 5. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 6. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a minimal landscape except at the main entrances which should be newly landscaped.
- 7. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent buildings: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater.
- 8. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and decomposed granite mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

## C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Natural Habit and Rock Mulch Area

**Native Xeric Species** 

Saguaro Cactus as a Focal Point

- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use drought resistant plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater.

## **C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Limited Plantings** 

Plantings along Drainage

Tree Plantings Protected by Wall

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and reduce potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

#### C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Trees Providing Shade** 

Landscaping as an Amenity

Limited Turf in Housing Area

- 1. Use only drought resistant plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. Do not use Cylindropuntia fulgida (jumping cholla)
- 3. Xeric plants should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, deciduous trees should be used as accents and to provide shading; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.
- 5. Encourage turf areas that can be sustained by natural rainfall, (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by atgrade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the base engineering flight.

## C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Defined Mulch and Turf Areas

Turf Area at Park

Defined Edge along Park Trial

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
- 3. When life cycle cost effective and permitted by local laws new buildings shall integrate alternative water sources following UFC 1-200-02.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 23 (underground) and UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. When life cycle cost-effective equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

#### C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



**Preserved Sight Lines** 



Tree Planting as a Focal Point



Limited Plantings in Rock Mulch Area

- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

#### C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Limited Planting along Group 3

Concentrated Planting at Group 1

Trees as an Amenity

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

#### C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Accent Planting along Sidewalk



Landscape Defining Pathway

1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.

- 2. Where appropriate, provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where appropriate.

## C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Xeric Planting in Median

Trees for Shading and Accent

Plantings Integrated with Bioswale

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 5 percent of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that have branches that extend past the footprint of the island, or drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.
- 4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

## C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Low Shrubs for Visual Screening

Accent Planting at Primary Entrance

**Accent Planting along Street** 

- 1. When appropriate provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- 2. At Facility Group 1, and when appropriate provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.
- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

## C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable 

N/A Small graphics do not apply

#### **C07. SITE FURNISHINGS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html</a>

## C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Coordinated Site Furnishings

Organized Appearance

Matching Screen and Building Walls

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 4. Benches in all facility groups shall be precast concrete. Picnic tables and benches in parks, which are protected by a pavilion structure, may be factory finished steel or wood.
- 5. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 6. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use steel finished with dark bronze or galvanized 6" steel, flat top, Force Protection, Building Protection for Groups 1, 2 and 3 for low visibility areas. Powder coat, 6" steel, flat top and Anodized aluminum, Lighted Round Dome Top should be used in higher visibility areas bollards in Group 1, 2, and 3; and bollards for Group 4 are typically not required unless for and parks and trails. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case by case basis.
- 7. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 8. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 9. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 10. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 11. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case by case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using Powder coated, Type 1

- 12. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 13. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as an option; screen walls are permitted finished with material and color to match and blend with adjacent facility and style\_\_ CMU, Split face, smooth accents or Natural weathered steel.
- 14. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 15. Limit the use of chain-link fencing at Group 1, 2 or 4 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 16. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 17. Provide trash dumpster enclosures with material to match predominant material type and color of to match adjacent facilities. All gates shall be metal factory finished to match adjacent facility.
- 18. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 19. Group 1, 2, 3, and 4 picnic tables and seating shall be concrete round or steel rectangular. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 21. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 22. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2



Type:	Charcoal, Small
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Char-wood
Color:	Factory, Black
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: FC-1193
Other:	Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Charcoal, Large
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Shop painted, black
Finish:	Matte
Model #	#: Grill, smoker
Other:	Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A



Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Precast** Mfr: Belson Color: Natural gray Finish: Standard Finish (Smooth) Model #: TF5029 Other: Coordinate concrete paving with base architect UFGS: N/A Type: **Metal Slatted** Applies to: lacktriangle Group 1 lacktriangle Group 2 lacktriangle Group 3 lacktriangle Group 4 lacktriangle Other Mfr: Custom Color: **Bronze** Finish: Powder coat Model #: Arched base, no arms Other:



UFGS:



Type:	Recycled plastic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	The Park Catalog
Color:	Slats: cedar or brown; black base
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: 289-1106, 6ft Comfort Park Avenue Recycled Plastic Bench
Other:	Recreational areas only
UFGS:	

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

#### C07.2.3. Bike Racks

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:

Mfr: Brandir International Inc.

Color: Galvanized

Finish: Factory

Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

## C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable • N/A

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Lighted Round Dome Top** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **Lithonia Lighting Products** Color: Dark bronze Finish: Anodized aluminum Model #: KBA Other: Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp UFGS: N/A Type: Force Protection, Building Protection Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other Mfr: Custom Color: Dark Bronze Finish: Powder coat Model #: 6" steel, flat top Other: For Group 3, use only in high visibility areas





Type: Force Protection, Building Protection

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Factory finished

Finish: Galvanized

Model #: 6" steel, flat top

Other: For Group 3, use dark bronze in high visibility areas; galvanized may be used in low visibility areas of Groups 1 and 2

UFGS: N/A

Type:

#### C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



UFGS: N/A

#### C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other



Type: **Pedestal** 

Applies to:

Mfr. Most Donandable Fountains Inc.

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

## C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: CMU and Steel

Applies to: 
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Beige CMU and galvanized or powder coated dark bronze gates

Finish: Split face CMU, factory-finished gates

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner CMU units

Other: Gates: Steel frame with steel slats or Berridge Deep-Deck; gates are

optional in low visibility areas of Group 3

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

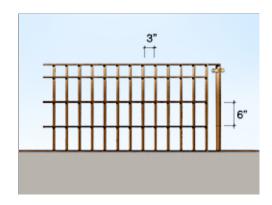
Applicable ON/A Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188

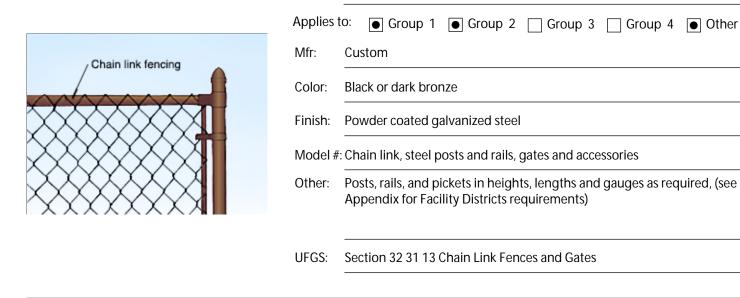


Type:	Style A Barrier: High security, high visibility
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Black or dark bronze
Finish:	Powder coated
Model #:	Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)
Other:	Split Face, beige CMU piers may be used
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type:	Style B Barrier: High security, medium visibility
Applies t	O: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Black or dark bronze
Finish:	Powder coat
Model #:	Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals
Other:	Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; Close all ends of tubing

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



UFGS:



Type:

Style C Barrier: High security, low visibility

## C07.2.10. Flagpoles

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:

1



#### C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

# C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	The Park Catalog
Color:	Brown or black
Finish:	Factory finished
Model #	t: 398-8002, Plaza Steel Strap Trash Receptacle - 36 Gallon
Other:	Flat top lid
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Precast Panels with Steel Frame
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson
Color:	Bronze, beige
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: 3970 Driftwood with 4003, River Rock
Other:	Landmark Series, 35 Gallon waste container, dome top; may be used in parks and commercial areas



UFGS: N/A

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2



Type:	Concrete, Round
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson
Color:	White or brown
Finish:	Ground & polished, or acid wash
Model #	: TF312512, 4 seats
Other:	
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Steel, Rectangular
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson
Color:	Brown top and seats, black base
Finish:	Factory
Model #	: 238-V6 or 238-V8
Other:	Length to be determined by user
UFGS:	N/A



Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Type: **Precast concrete** Applies to: ● Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other 40" Mfr: Materials, Inc. 34" Color: Weatherstone Gray Round or square shapes 28" Smooth Finish: 16" high Model #: Santa Fe 24" wide Other: N/A UFGS: N/A C07.2.15. Play Equipment Image Tool 250 x 188 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Steel Applies to: Little Tikes Commercial Mfr:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Little Tikes Commercial

Color: Varies

Finish: Powdercoated Steel

Model #: N-R-G Freestyle

Other: Coordinate with Base Architect recommend shade covering when economically feasible.

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: CMU

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Beige CMU and galvanized or powder coated dark bronze gates

Finish: Split face, smooth accents

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner CMU units

Other: Gates: Steel frame with steel slats or Berridge Deep-Deck

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

Type: **Steel** 

Applies to: 
• Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 • Other

Mfr: US Steel

Color: Natural weathered steel

Finish: Natural

Model #: Custom CorTen steel framing and sheeting

Other: Custom patterns may be cut into sheeting; gate hardware and

accessories shall match finish

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal



## C07.2.17. Tree Grates

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cast Iron	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Neenah Enterprises, Inc.	
Color:	Natural cast iron	
Finish:	Cast	
Model #	t: 2-Piece, round or square	
Other:	N/A	
UFGS:	N/A	

#### C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### **C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html</a>

#### C08.1. Colors and Types

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





Group 1 Sign with Approved Features

Compatible Exterior Room Sign

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures must be approved on a case by case basis.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case by case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.
- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for location, size, layout and content.

- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 17. Requests to deviate from installation sign standards, that are UFC requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

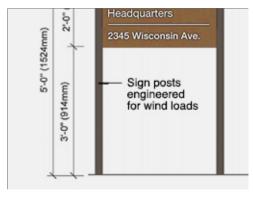
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable 

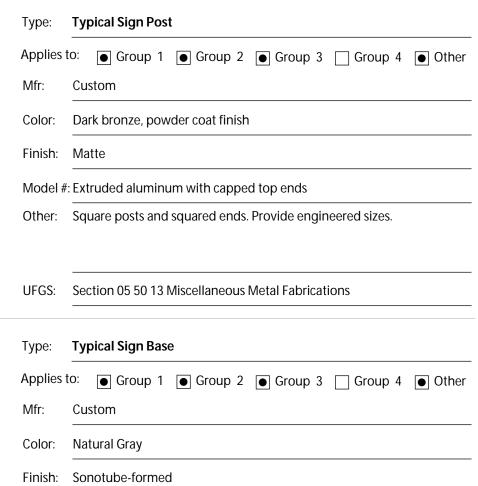
  N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Fabricate sign panels from, Aluminum flat sheet, for Typical sign Face. Sign posts shall be Extruded aluminum with capped top ends for Typical Sign Post in a concrete base.
  - 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
  - All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)
    using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching
    System (PMS) numbers.
  - a. Standard Blue
  - b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
  - c. Standard Red
  - d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
  - e. Standard White
  - f. Standard Brown

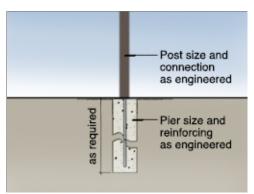
#### **Materials and Color Specifications**



Type:	Typical Sign Face
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium bronze
Finish:	Matte vinyl
Model #	t: Aluminum flat sheet
Other:	Mount to square posts. Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications







Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural Gray

Finish: Sonotube-formed

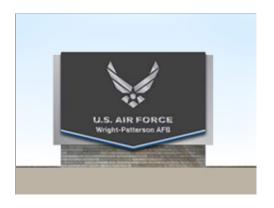
Model #: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.

Other: At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.

# C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

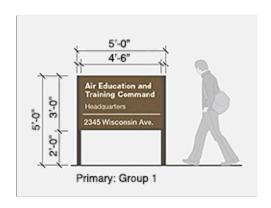


Type:	Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model a	#: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

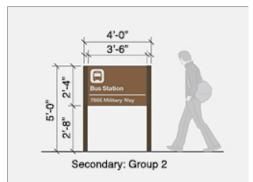
# C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

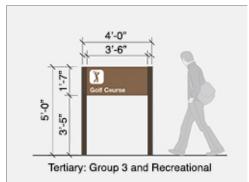
Number of base standards 5



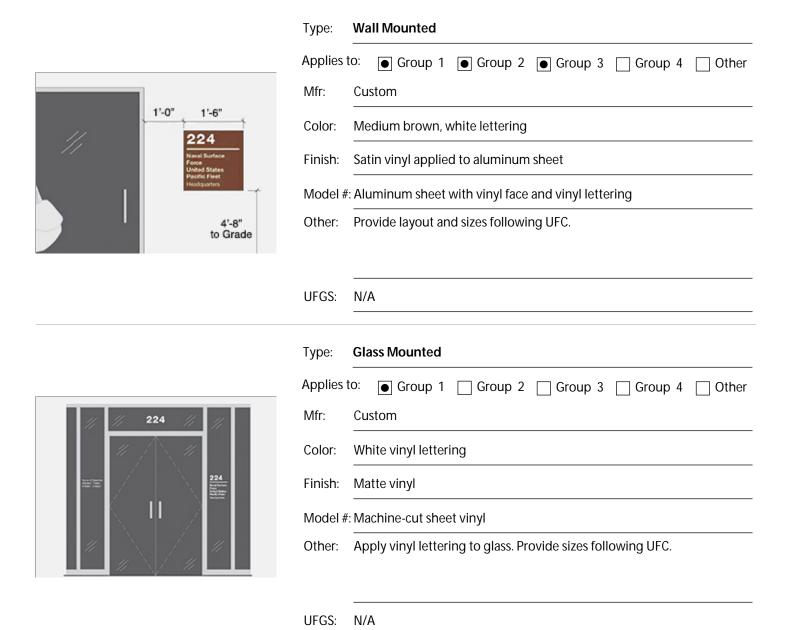
Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)	
Applies	io: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	



Type:	Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	t: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type:	Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	f: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum nosts



Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	



## C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Street Signs** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Custom Color: White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background Powder coat or vinyl sign face Finish: Model #: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted Other: Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC. UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

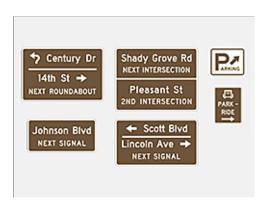
1. Requests to deviate from installation sign standards, that are UFC requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.

Vehicular

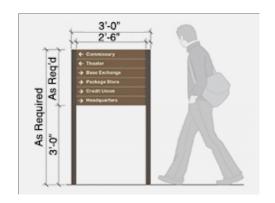
Type:

## C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 2



турс.	veriiculai	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	



Type: Pedestrian

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

# C08.1.6. Informational Signs

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs shall have standard Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, and white vinyl lettering (color).
- 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.
- 4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.

#### C08.1.7. Motivational Signage

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



- 1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.
- 3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.
- 4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.

#### C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs

### C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Vehicular			
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Custom			
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts			
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face			
Model #:	el #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts			
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.			
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications			

- Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.
- 2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage."
- 3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.

# C08.1.10. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### C09. LIGHTING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html</a>

#### C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Ambient Lighting and Downlighting

Multi-Purpose Lighting

Coordinated Site and Building Lighting

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, and placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. When appropriate, Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with precurfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.

- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district. Exceptions may be made on a case by case basis.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1, 2 and 4 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

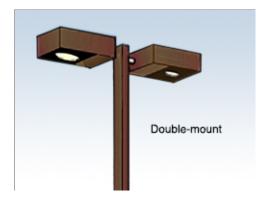
# C09.2. Light Fixture Types

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Color:	Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
	N/A
UFGS:	N/A
UFGS:	IV/A
UFGS:	Style 2
	Style 2
Type:	Style 2
Type: Applies	Style 2 to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Type: Applies Mfr:	Style 2 to: ■ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Type: Applies Mfr: Color: Finish:	Style 2 to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Hubbell, Kim Lighting Clear Anodized as approved by BCE



UFGS:

N/A

### C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Finish:

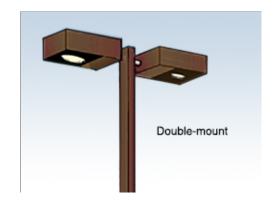
Other:

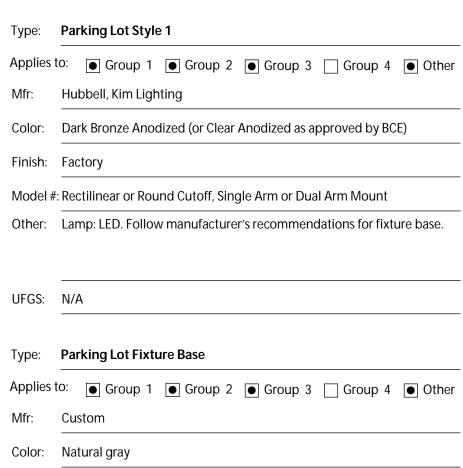
Trowel

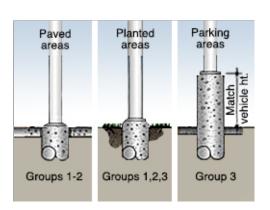
Model #: Form-cast, round

N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188







UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

# C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Lighted Round Dome Top

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Lithonia Lighting Products

Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: KBA

Other: Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS:

Type:

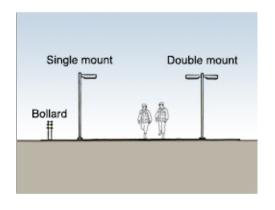
N/A

**Rectilinear Cutoff** 

# C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting		
Color:	Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)		
Finish:	Anodized aluminum		
Model #	e: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount		
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.		
UFGS:	N/A		

# C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188Type: Style 1



C09.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Base-wide Standard Materials** 



Hangar Door Feature



ar Door Feature Weathering Steel

# **D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D02. SUSTAINABILITY**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3

Group 4

























#### D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 1 story shall only be considered on a case by case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

#### D03.2. Architectural Character

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors. Where adjacent building are substandard match to the most updated buildings in the area.
- 4. Reinforce the campus environment and educational theme with a related architectural theme expressive of innovation and technology that represents the current Air Force Training and Education Command mission.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Louvers, fins and other shading devices may be used to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

#### D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to wall systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.

7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

•	Climate dominated by mechanical cooling		
$\bigcirc$	Climate dominated by mechanical heating		
$\circ$	Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs		
0	Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs		
$\circ$	Climate with high humidity		
$\circ$	Climate with moderate humidity		
•	Climate with low humidity		
•	High Solar Insolation		
$\circ$	Moderate Solar Insolation		
$\circ$	Low Solar Insolation		
0	Soils with High Thermal Conductivity		
•	Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity		
$\bigcirc$	Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity		
Otl	Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion.		
Otl	her:		
Fac	cility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred		
Wa			
	nors: Recessed are preferred		
	ndows: Provide insulating glazing on north-facing windows / maximize shading for windows on south façades		
Ro	of: High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities		
Str	ucture: Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete		

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MEP:

Other:

Ground-source following LCCA

Internal thermal mass walls may be used for cooling following LCCA.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Aluminum Windows

Kawneer (or equivalent)

Applies to: 

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Color: Dark Bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Anodized

Mfr:

Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames.

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

#### D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Interior Masonry Wall

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom, TBD

Color: Beige CMU blend

Finish: Ground Face CMU

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: May be used in administrative spaces in Group 3

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

### D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Wall-Mounted Devices

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom

Color: Dark bronze

Applies to:

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

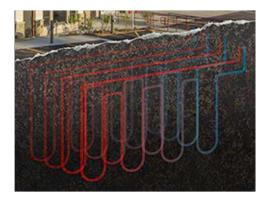
UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

# D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 □ Other

Mfr: Climate Master

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

# D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Ground-Mounted PV Panels			
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	TBD			
Color:	Factory			
Finish:	Matte			
Model #	t: Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking			
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider			
UFGS:	Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems			
Type:	Roof-Mounted PV Array			
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	TBD			
Color:	Factory			
Finish:	Matte			
Model #	f: Flat plate collector			
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider			



UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

# D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels		
Applies t	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	TBD		
Color:	Factory		
Finish:	Matte		
Model #	: Flat plate collector		
Other:	N/A		
UFGS:	Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors		

#### **D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188































### **D04.1. Primary Entrances**

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from direct sun.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.

# **D04.2. Secondary Entrances**

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

#### **D05. WALL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

























### D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1, and 2 facilities shall be predominantly CMU; architectural precast may be used as an accent material. CMU may be split face, ground face or smooth face. Group 3 facilities shall be predominantly insulated wall panel systems with accents of CMU. Weathering steel or powder coated steel may be used except in Group 4 as an accent material where adjacent surfaces are protected from staining.
- 3. Group 4 wall systems shall be a traditional 3-coat stucco system. CMU construction is preferred to wood frame construction due to possible termite exposure.
- 4. Multi-story facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit CMU to one accent color to complement the predominant color.
- 5. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 6. When structural CMU load bearing walls are required, provide a 4" CMU veneer integrated with a 2" rigid insulation layer.
- 7. Provide a palette of light colors for wall systems that are compatible with the desert landscape. Use detailing to avoid excessive weathering or damage due to monsoonal storms that deteriorates the wall system.
- 8. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 9. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 10. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Groups 1, 2 and 3 when used on northern exposures and protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices as at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

#### D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.

- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

#### **D05.4 Wall Systems Materials**

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: **CMU** Primary: **Insulated Metal Panels or Sheeting** 

Secondary: Alternate color of CMU or Architectural Precast Secondary: **CMU** 

Accent: Optional: Metal Panels or Sheeting Accent: Alternate color of metal and/or CMU

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

**CMU** Primary: Primary: Stucco

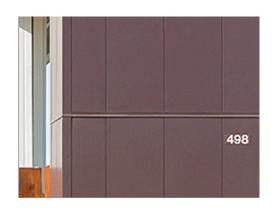
Secondary: Alternate color of CMU or Architectural Precast Secondary: N/A

Accent: Optional: Metal Panels or Sheeting Accent: N/A

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

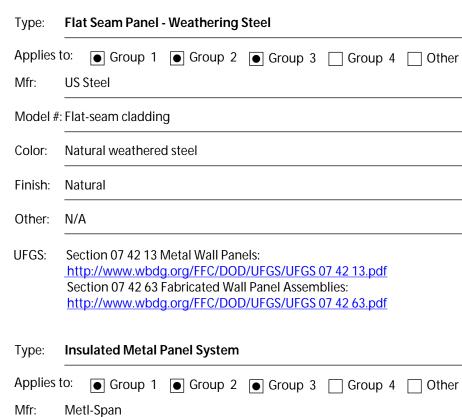


Type:	Flat Seam Panel - Kynar Finish			
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Metl-Span			
Model #	: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System			
Color:	Beige			
Finish:	Heavy stucco-embossed			
Other:	N/A			
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:			

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

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Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Metl-Span

Model #: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System

Color: Off-white

Finish: Heavy stucco-embossed

Other: N/A

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

**UFGS**:

#### D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cem	Cementitious Slump Brick							
Applies	to:	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Other			

Mfr: Local Manufacturer

Model #: 4x3x12 Nominal, Modular Face Brick

Color: Tan

Finish: Medium texture

Other: Only used for matching existing in additions and repairs

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

#### D05.4.3. Architectural Precast

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



#### Type: Coursed Precast Panels

\_\_\_\_

Mfr: Local, TBD

Applies to:

Model #: Smooth casting

Color: Light Beige or gray

Finish: Very light texture

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

# D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	3-Coat Cementitious Stucco
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	La Habra
Model #	Traditional 3-coat system
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Sand
Other:	Accent color may be used

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

## D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco:



rype:	Board-Formed Bearing Walls					
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other					
Mfr:	Custom					
Model#	Rough-sawn dimensional lumber forming					
Color:	Natural gray concrete					
Finish:	Board-formed texture exposed, no exposed form ties					
Other:	Clear sealer may be applied					
UFGS:	Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf					

# D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Flush Seam
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model #	Flush Seam Panel
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Factory finished
Other:	24 gauge steel, embossed texture
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EFIS

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.10. GRFC

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 3

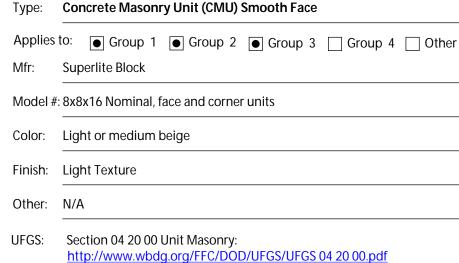
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Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Superlite Block		
Model #:	8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner units		
Color:	Light or medium beige		
Finish:	Heavy Texture		
Other:	N/A		

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf







Type: Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Superlite Block Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units Light or medium beige Color: Ground with exposed aggregate Finish: Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

# D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

#### D05.4.13. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

























#### D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones.
- 2. Aluminum clad wood windows are preferred for Facility Group 4.
- 3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 5. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 6. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color.
- 7. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 8. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### D06.2. Layout and Geometry

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism, intrusion and coordinate sound ratings.

#### D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
- 6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

### D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.

- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

#### **D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 1
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)
Color:	Natural aluminum
Finish:	Clear anodized aluminum
Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing	
Other:	Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

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Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames

Mfr: Steelcraft

Applies to:

Color: Medium Brown

Finish: Powder Coated, Satin

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

#### D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Aluminum-clad Residential

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Marvin

Color: White or light Earth tones

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: Aluminum-Clad wood doors and windows

Other: Double hung windows

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

#### D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### **D07. ROOF SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











### D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped standing seam metal roofs. Group 3 facilities shall use sloped mechanically-seamed batten metal roofing. Minimal-sloped roofs may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Group 4 facilities shall have gabled or hipped concrete tile roofs.
- 6. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions, sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 7. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 8. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 9. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 11. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 12. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 13. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 14. Do not use ballasted EPDM or single membrane roofs.

#### D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Group 4 facilities shall use 4:12 to 6:12 roof slopes.
- 4. Ensure adequate drainage, and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 5. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02. Group 3 facility with large expansive roof areas are encouraged photovoltaic arrays.
- 6. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

#### D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roof line and provide metal copings to contrast the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

#### D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 shall be Cambridge White to match adjacent facilities and follow requirements of IFS. Provide Kynar-500 finishes for roofing, soffits and fascia.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Sloped roofs in Group 4 shall be terracotta blend.
- 4. For building additions match the color of existing roof.
- 5. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 6. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

#### D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascia shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide Kynar-500 finishes in Cambridge White or Barista.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

#### D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.

- Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Minimize roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered, inconspicuous appearance and integrated into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection will be considered with any new or addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

# D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Translucent panelized wall system clerestories and tubular daylight-type skylights are permitted in Group 1, 2 and 3 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle cost analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights, when permitted, must be simple in shape and integrated with the roof system to eliminate leakage.
- 3. Design clerestories and skylights using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories and skylights must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

### D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable

# D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 - Light Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Berridge Color: Light Beige Finish: Matte Model #: Tee-Panel Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal **UFGS**: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf Type: Style 2 - Dark Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Berridge

Color: Medium Bronze

Finish: Matte

Model #: Tee-Panel

Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

# D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Style 1
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Carlisle Systems
Color:	Off-white
Finish:	Smooth
Model #:	TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing

(Not Available on UFGS)

# D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D07.9.4. Concrete Tile

# **D07.9.5. Clay Tile**

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

	Type:	Terra Cotta
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Ludowici
	Color:	Terra Cotta
	Finish:	Factory
	Model #	t: S or Barrel Tile
	Other:	Where appropriate
	UFGS:	Section 07 32 13 Clay Roof Tiles (Not Available on UFGS) Section 07 32 14 Clay Tile Roofing Replacement or Repair <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 07 32 14.pdf
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles		
○ Applicable    N/A		
D07.9.7. Vegetated System		
○ Applicable		

# D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

<ul><li>Applicable N/A Number of base s</li></ul>	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Style 1
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Berridge
	Color:	Galvalume
	Finish:	Factory, matte
The state of the s	Model #	f: High Seam Tee-Panel
	Other:	Mechanically seamed system, 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height: 1-3/4"
	UFGS:	Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels (Not Available on UFGS)
D07.9.9. Composite Shingles  ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Number of base s		
	Type:	Style 1
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Tamko
	Color:	Earth Tones
	Finish:	Factory
	Model #	:: Heritage
	Other:	Gabled or hipped with transverse gable or hipped features
	UFGS:	Section 07 31 13 Glass-fiber-reinforced Asphalt Shingles http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 31 13.pdf

D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### **D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

## Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

#### D08.1. Systems and Layouts

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Cast-In-Place

#### D08.2.1. Concrete

Number of base standards 1

Type.

Image Tool 250 x 188



UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

## D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)

#### D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Rigid Framing

pplies to: 
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Steel

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

#### D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Moment Frame

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system;

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

## D08.2.5. Masonry

○ Applicable N/A

## D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

○ Applicable N/A

## D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Steel	Frami	ing
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☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr:

Steelrite

Color:

Applies to:

**Factory** 

Finish: Galvanized

Model #: Structural framing shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System

(Not Available on UFGS)

## D08.2.8. Lumber Framing

○ Applicable N/A

## D08.2.9. Other

○ Applicable N/A

## D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

## Image Tool 250 x 188









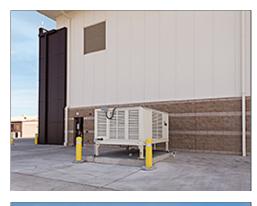






Group 3

Group 4











#### D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

#### D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



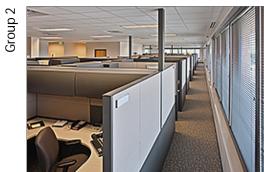
Group 3

Group 4

























## **E01. Building Configurations**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's lifespan.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

#### **E01.1. Layout and Common Areas**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html</a>

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

## **E01.1.1. Interior Design Process**

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow HQ AFCEC standards.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

## E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).

3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

## E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html</a>

- 1. Include durability in the life cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

#### E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

#### E02.1. Floor Materials

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Ceramic tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

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- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188

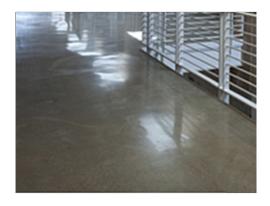
UFGS:



rype.	Style 1, Ground and Polished
Applies t	o: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates
Finish:	Fine polished texture
Model #	: Medium to small aggregate
Other:	N/A

Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing

(Not Available on UFGS)



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Medium polished texture, slip resistant

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

## E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

○ Applicable N/A

## E02.1.3. Quarry Tile

Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1			
Applies t	o: Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Daltile			
Color:	Earth tones			
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant			
Model #	: N/A			
Other:	Use in commercial kitchen flooring.			

UFGS:

Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

## E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

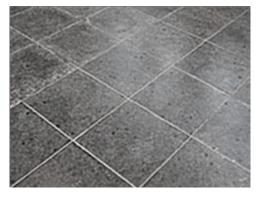
Style 1 Porcelain



٠.			
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Daltile		
Color:	Earth tones		
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant		
Model #:	Porcelain tile		
Other:	r: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.		

**UFGS**: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type:	Style 2 Ceramic		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Daltile		
Color:	Earth tones		
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant		
Model #	#: Ceramic tile		
Other:	Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.		
HFGS:	Section 09 30 10 Ceramic Quarry and Glass Tiling		

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.5. Resilient Floor

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Style 1 Stair Treads** 



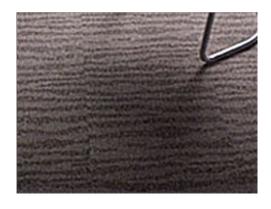
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Roppe			
Color:	Neutral tones			
Finish:	Factory			
Model #: Raised design rubber tread				
Other:	Stair treads material			

**UFGS**:

Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet



Type: Style 2

Other:

N/A

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

## **E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable N/A

## E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html</a>

#### E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or otheras approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

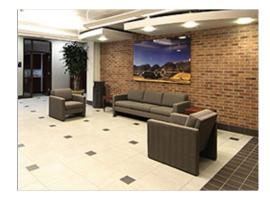
#### E03.1.1. Concrete

## E03.1.2. Masonry

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Modular Face Brick** 

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Red blend Color:

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

**UFGS**: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

#### E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: 

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# E03.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid Earth tone colors Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS**: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E03.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable N/A E03.1.6. Wood Paneling ○ Applicable ● N/A E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products ○ Applicable N/A

## E03.1.8. Other

## E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

## E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows. Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Grid and Acoustical Tile Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Secondary: Secondary: Tertiary: Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted) Facility Group 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows. Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted) Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Style 1

#### E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



٠.	
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Vulcraft
Color:	Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis
Finish:	Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)
Model #:	Formlok floor and roof decking
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

## **E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete**

○ Applicable N/A

#### E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Armstrong Color: White Finish: Factory Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16" Other: Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

Style 1

Type:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

## E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



<b>J</b> 1	
Applies t	o: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other
Mfr:	US Gypsum
Color:	Solid neutral colors
Finish:	Paint (sheen per UFGS)
Model #:	Tapered edge
Other:	N/A

**UFGS**: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf

Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E04.1.5. Metal Panels	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
E04.1.6. Wood	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products	
○ Applicable  N/A	
E04.1.8. Other	
○ Applicable ● N/A	

## **E05. Doors and Windows**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html</a>

## **E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials**

**Facility Group 1** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 1** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 3** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood solid core

Secondary: Composite solid core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
- 3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Satin stainless steel hardware

**UFGS**: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

#### E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Steel Doors** 

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: **Neutral colors** 

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

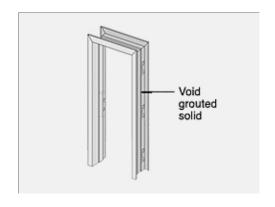
> "galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

**UFGS**: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: Steel Frames

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E05.1.3. Wood

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Administrative

Applies to:

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

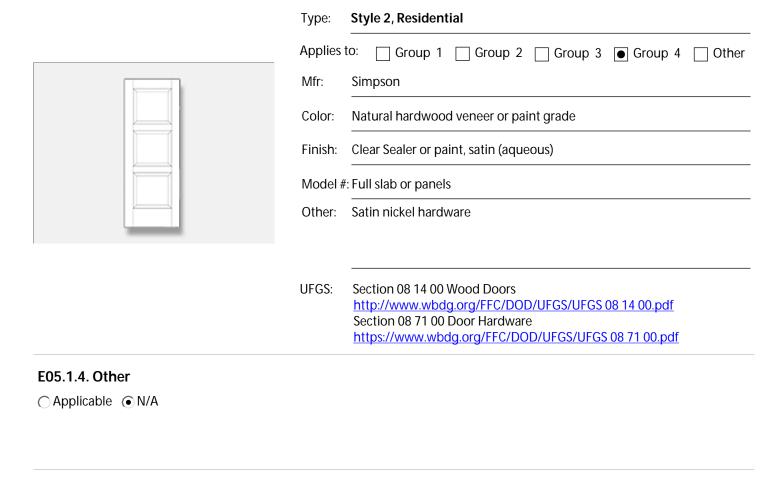
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



## E06. Casework Systems

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

#### **E06.1. Casework Materials**

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Formica Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones Finish: Light textured Model #: High pressure laminate Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges. **UFGS**: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Style 1, High Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Corian Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones Color:



UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Type: **Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Plyboo Color: Natural or amber Finish: Satin Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood Other: FSC® Certified 100%. **UFGS**: Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf E06.1.4. Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Type: Style 1



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steel Sentry

Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel)

Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel)

Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

Other: Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are subjected to heavy use.

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable N/A

## **E06.2. Countertop Materials**

#### E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

## E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Corian

Type:

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
Applies to	O: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Neutral tones
Finish:	High polish, sealer
Model #:	Custom cut slabs
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.4. Cast Stone

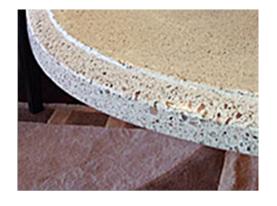
♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use



Applies t	0: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Local (TBD)	
Color:	Neutral tones	
Finish:	High polish, sealer	
Model #: Custom cast or cut slabs		
Other:	N/A	

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.5. Metal

♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: Custom fabricated countertops

Other: Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

#### E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable N/A

#### E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html</a>

## E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html</a>

## E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html</a>

#### **E08. Interior Signs**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html</a>

## **E08.1 Types and Color**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html</a>

## **E08.2. Interior Signs Materials**

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

## E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

## E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html</a>

## E09.2. Types and Color

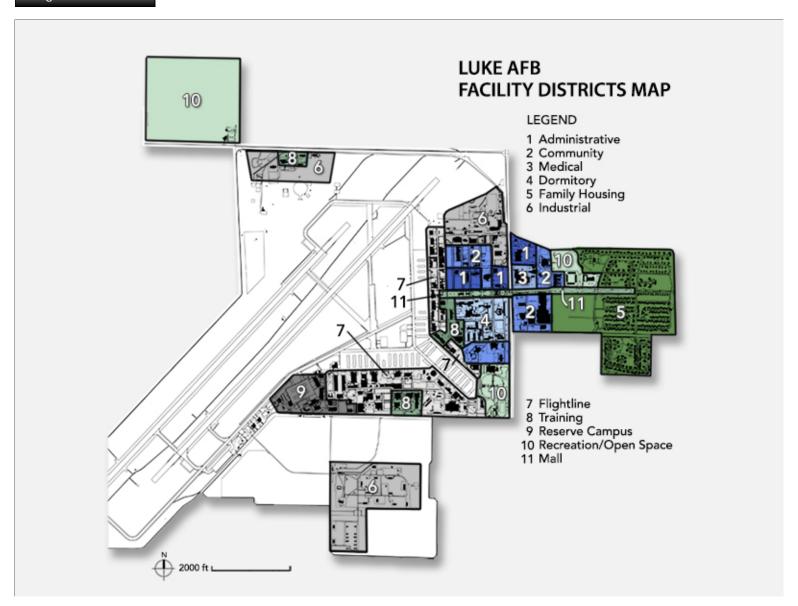
## F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

## Image Tool 800 x 600



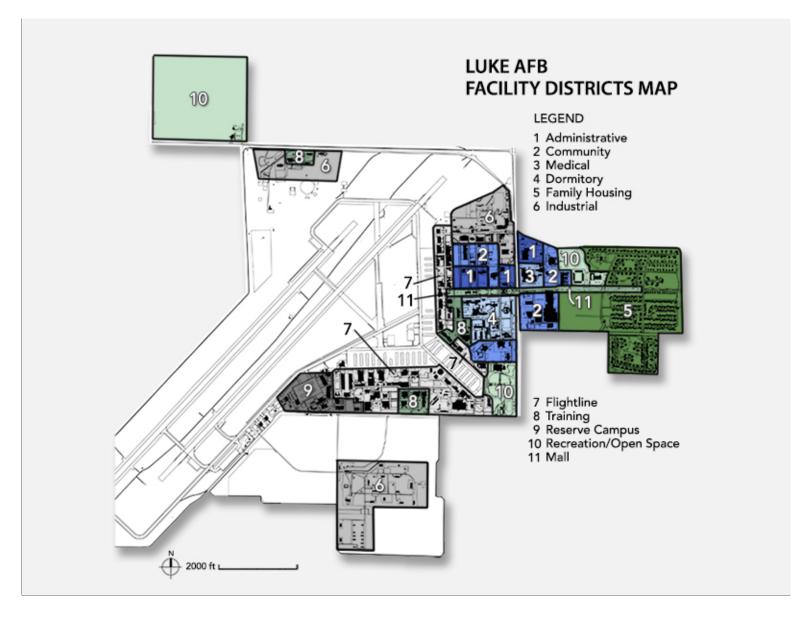
**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

## Enter No. of Facility Districts 1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

Image Tool 800 x 600

## **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

## Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable  N/A
Other	○ Applicable  N/A

#### **FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Luke Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined by the installation's General Plan. Each district has designated uses that help to define facility operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2. and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each of the districts follows.

- Administrative
- 2. Medical
- Community
- 4. Dormitory
- Reserve Campus
- Training
- 7. Mall
- Industrial
- Flightline
- 10. Family Housing
- 11. Recreation
- 12. Open Space / Preserves

#### 1. Administrative

Facilities in the Administrative District should continue to be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Groups 1 and 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 2. Medical

The Medical District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 1 as defined in this IFS.

#### 3. Community

The Community District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 4. Dormitory

The Dormitory District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 5. Reserve Campus

The Reserve Campus District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 6. Training

The Training District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Groups 2 and 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 7. Mall

The Mall District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Desert Modern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 8. Industrial

The Industrial District includes facilities that are industrial in nature. These facilities may support flightline operations. Other facilities include (warehouses for various base activities including maintenance, storage, utility functions, industrial services, transportation storage, communications, civil engineering, supply and equipment, fuel storage, vehicle maintenance/motor pool complex, open storage, emergency/disaster response facilities, ordnance and weapons storage areas,) and other industrial uses. Facilities in this district are industrial in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 9. Flightline

The Flightline District includes the entire airfield pavement system (runway, taxiway and apron), related open space, (navigational aids, and aircraft operations and maintenance facilities. Buildings in this district are mostly comprised of aircraft support facilities such as hangars, shops, and terminals) and are industrial in nature and should remain so. Facilities should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 10. Family Housing

The Family Housing District consists of detached single family residential units occupied by enlisted and officer families. This area is currently under a housing privatization contract, but shall follow standards for Facility Group 4 as defined in this IFS.

#### 11. Recreation

The Recreation District includes outdoor areas that are very important to the quality of life at Luke AFB. Uses included are (parks, picnic areas, jogging paths, golf courses, swimming pools, athletic fields and baseball, basketball, and tennis courts). Facilities in this district are pedestrian in scale and, in many areas, are directly adjacent to open spaces further enhancing the aesthetic qualities of this district. Application of the installation prevailing architectural style, Southwestern, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate.

#### 12. Open Space and Preserves

Open space includes undeveloped land both inside and outside of the immediate cantonment area. It both separates and defines the various sections of the base and creates a natural setting for the cantonment area. Areas classified as open space may be undeveloped to act as a buffer space between incompatible uses or for safety or security clearances or there may be other constraints that are not readily visible. All development in this district requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

#### G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

56TH FIGHTER WING LAFI 31-218: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFI/afi\_31\_218\_2013.pdf LAFI 32-1003: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFI/afi\_32\_1003\_2013.pdf