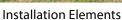
GOODFELLOW AIR FORCE BASE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)









Site Development



Facilities Exteriors



Facilities Interiors

2020

Goodfellow Air Force Base IFS

Table of Contents

A. OVERVIEW	5	B03.2.3. Preserves B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence	
A01. Facility Hierarchy	6	C. SITE DEVELOPMENT	36
A02. Facility Quality	6	C01. Site Design	
A03. Facility Districts	6		
B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS	8	C01.1. Site Design Considerations	
B01. Comprehensive Planning	8	C01.2. Building Orientation	
B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)	8	C02.1 Utilities	
B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP		C02.1. Utility Components	
B01.1.2. Brief History of Base B01.1.3. Future Development		CO3. Parking Areas	
·	12	CO3.1.1 Paying and Strings	40
B02. Street Envelope Standards		C03.1.1. Paving and Striping C03.1.2. Curbing	
B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets B02.1.1. Arterial Streets	13	C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians	
B02.1.2. Collector Streets		C03.2. Parking Structures	44
B02.1.3. Local Streets		C03.3. Connectivity	45
B02.1.4. Special Routes	4.0	C04. Stormwater Management	46
B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections	18	C04.1. Stormwater Requirements	46
B02.2.1. Arterials B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector		C05. Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails	47
B02.2.3. Collectors		C05.1. Circulation and Paving	47
B02.2.4. Special Intersections B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements		C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs	
B02.2.6. Sight Lines		C05.1.2. Lighting	
B02.3. Street Elements	22	C06. Landscape	51
B02.3.1. Paving		C06.1. Climate-based Materials	51
B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter		C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept	
B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements B02.3.4. Traffic Signs		C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements	
B02.3.5. Street Lighting		C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection	
B02.3.6. Other		C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)	
B03. Open Space / Public Space	25	C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping	
B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays	26	C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping	
B03.1.1. Paved Plazas		C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping	
B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary		C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping	
B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft	20	C07. Site Furnishings	Ε.Ο
B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters	30	C07.1 Function and Florida	
B03.2.1. Parade Grounds B03.2.2. Parks		C07.1. Furnishings and Elements	59

Table of contents continued

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials / Color C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills C07.2.2. Benches C07.2.3. Bike Racks		D03.3.4. Thermal Shading D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System	
C07.2.4. Bike Lockers		D04. Building Entrances	87
C07.2.5. Bollards		D04.1. Primary Entrances	88
C07.2.6. Bus Shelters C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains		D04.2. Secondary Entrances	88
C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates		D05. Wall Systems	89
C07.2.9. Fencing		D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials	
C07.2.10. Flagpoles		D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability	
C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles		D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices	
C07.2.13. Picnic Tables		·	
C07.2.14. Planters – Free Standing		D05.4 Wall Systems Materials	91
C07.2.15. Play Equipment		D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels	
C07.2.16. Screen Walls		D05.4.2. Brick Veneer D05.4.3. Architectural Precast	
C07.2.17. Tree Grates		D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing	
C07.2.18. Other		D05.4.5. Curtain Wall	
C08. Exterior Signs	68	D05.4.6. Cast-in Place Concrete	
C08.1. Colors and Types	68	D05.4.7. Tilt-up Concrete	
C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications		D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs		D05.4.9. EIFS	
C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs		D05.4.10.GFRC	
C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)		D05.4.11.Concrete Block	
C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs		D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding	
C08.1.6. Informational Signs		D05.4.13. Other	
C08.1.7. Motivational Signs		D06. Doors and Windows	96
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs		D06.1. Types	97
C08.1.10. Other		D06.2. Layout and Geometry	97
C09. Lighting	74	D06.3. Glazing and Shading	97
C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping	75	D06.4. Hardware	97
C09.2. Light Fixture Types	76	D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials	98
C09.2.1. Street Lighting		D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum	
C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting		D06.5.2. Hollow Metal	
C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards		D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood	
C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting		D06.5.4. Other	
C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting		D07. Roof Systems	100
C09.2.6. Other		D07.1. Roof Type and Form	101
D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS		D07.2. Roof Slope	101
D01. Supporting the Mission		D07.3. Parapets and Copings	101
D02. Sustainability		D07.4. Color and Reflectivity	102
D03. Architectural Features	81	D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains	
D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale	82	D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements	
D03.2. Architectural Character	82	D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights	
D03.3. Details and Color	82	D07.8. Vegetated Roof	
D03.3.1. Climate-based Data D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System D03.3.3. Thermal Mass		507.0. vegetated 11001	103

Table of contents continued

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials	103	E04. Ceilings	122
D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal		E04.1. Ceiling Materials	.122
D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply		E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure	
D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply D07.9.4. Concrete Tile		Above)	
D07.9.4. Concrete Tile D07.9.5. Clay Tile		E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles		E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System		E04.1.4. Gypsum Board	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting		E04.1.5. Metal Panels E04.1.6. Wood	
D07.9.9. Composite Shingles		E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products	
D07.9.10. Other		E04.1.8. Other	
D08. Structural Systems	106	E05. Doors and Windows	.125
D08.1. Systems and Layouts		E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials	. 125
D08.2. Structural Systems Materials	107	E05.1.1. Aluminum	
D08.2.1. Concrete		E05.1.2. Hollow Metal	
D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)		E05.1.3. Wood	
D08.2.3. Steel		E05.1.4. Other	
D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel D08.2.5. Masonry		E06. Casework Systems	128
D08.2.6. Heavy Timber		E06.1. Casework Materials	129
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel		E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate	
D08.2.8. Lumber Framing		E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface	
D08.2.9. Other		E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products E06.1.4. Metal	
D09. Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing		E06.1.5 Other	
D09.1. Passive and Active Systems	111	E06.2. Countertop Materials	131
D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency	111	E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate	
E. FACILITIES INTERIORS	112	E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface	
E01. Building Configurations	113	E06.2.3. Natural Stone E06.2.4. Cast Stone	
E01.1. Layout and Common Areas		E06.2.5. Metal	
E01.1.1. Interior Design Process	113	E06.2.6 Other	
E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations		E07. Furnishings	134
E01.2. Quality and Comfort	115	E07.1. Durability and Serviceability	134
E02. Floors	115	E07.2. Accessories	134
E02.1. Floor Materials	115	E08. Interior Signs	134
E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs		E08.1 Types and Color	134
E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo		E08.2. Interior Signs Materials	134
E02.1.3. Quarry Tile E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile		E09. Lighting, Power and Communication	134
E02.1.5. Resilient Floor		E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency	134
E02.1.6. Carpet		E09.2. Types and Color	134
E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products E02.1.8. Other		F. Appendices	
E03. Walls	120	G. Appendices	
E03.1. Wall Materials	120		
E03.1.1. Concrete			
E03.1.2. Masonry			
E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile			
E03.1.4. Gypsum Board			
E03.1.5. Metal Panels E03.1.6. Wood Paneling			
E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products			
E03.1.8. Other		Version (2 00 1

A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
 - For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.
- 8. Installations outside the United States: Per UFC 1-200-01 DOD BUILDING CODE, 8 Oct 2019, "All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA). Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the most stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable." Refer to Appendix G for applicable agreements. "Use UFC 1-202-01 for design of host nation facilities that support military operations." https://www.wbdq.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

 \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Norma Brown Building



Group 1



Typical Group 2 Materials Palette



Group 3 Standard Materials

A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

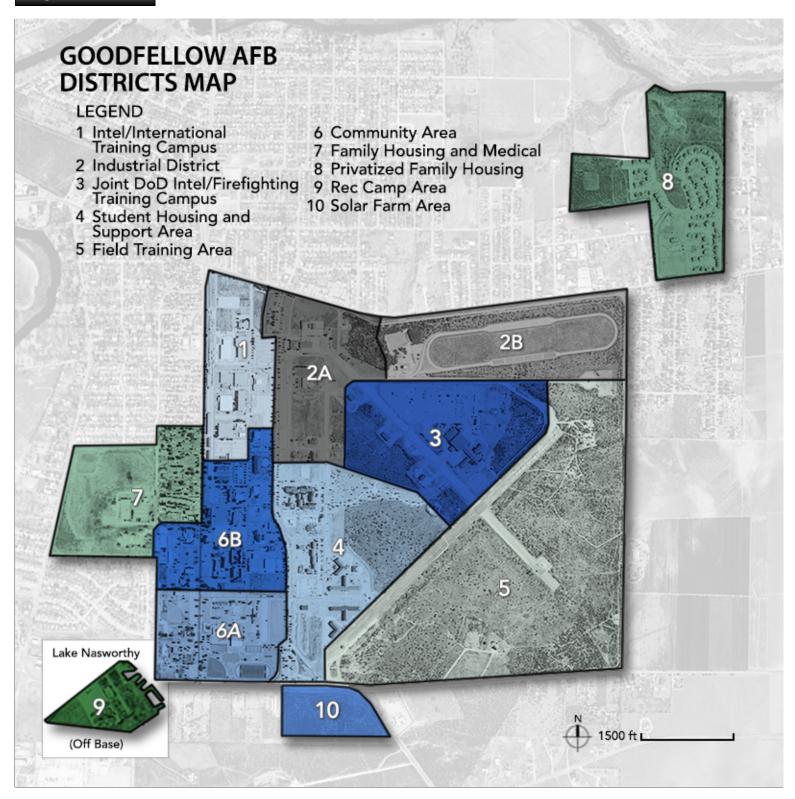
A02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

Image Tool 800 x 800



Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

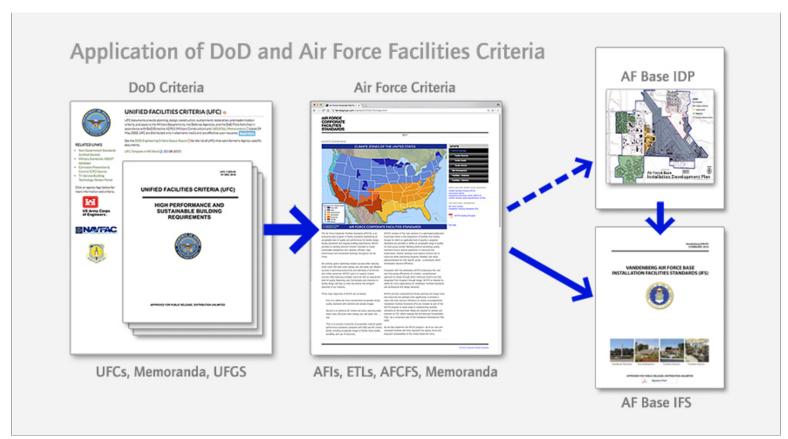
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria







2016 IDP IFS: Component Plan of the IDP

IDP Describes the Installation Setting

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Comprehensive Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.

B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Flightline with Louis F. Garland Department of Defense Fire Academy Near Center



Area Development Plan (ADP) Graphic



Typical Site Plan Graphic



Typical Landscape Plan Graphic

- 1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).
- 2. Please refer to Appendix G for a listing of Supplementary Documents with hyperlinks for direct download. Note: The Supplementary Documents are provided as part of this IFS and shall become fully part of the IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS shall govern.

B01.1.2. Brief History of Base

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



North American B-25 Mitchell



Doolittle Raider Visits Goodfellow AFB



B-25J Mitchell Mounted Display



Aircraft Mock-up for DOD Fire Training

Home to the 17th Training Wing, Goodfellow Air Force Base is a United States Air Force training installation subordinate to Air Education & Training Command. Goodfellow's mission is to develop firefighters and intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance professionals on behalf of the Department of Defense. Located on 1,235 acres near the west Texas city of San Angelo, Goodfellow boasts a population of about 5,500, half of whom are students.

Goodfellow's history traces to the period prior to Pearl Harbor when President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, responding to the train of aggression across Europe, Africa, and Asia, began a program of preparedness that included the construction of facilities dedicated to basic and advanced air training. As several such bases were envisioned for Texas, civic leaders from San Angelo

immediately commended their community to the War Department. A generous offer of utility hookups, a railroad spur, and a 50-year lease on 640 acres at one dollar per year plus perhaps some powerful political connection helped decide the issue.

Construction of the new flying training school began at once. Officially established on 17 August 1940, the airfield was ready for occupancy by January 1941 and the first students arrived in February. On 27 May 1941 the post was officially named Goodfellow Field.

The next four years witnessed the graduation of nearly 10,000 pilots and the decoration of scores upon scores of these for outstanding heroism in action against Axis forces. Goodfellow continued to train pilots into the post war, first on the T-6 Texan and the T-28 Trojan and then, beginning in 1954, on the twin-engine B-25 Mitchell. On 3 September 1958, with nearly 20,000 aviators to its credit, Goodfellow graduated its last class of pilots.

The end of flying training at Goodfellow marked the transfer of the base from Air Training Command to the USAF Security Service and the beginning of a new mission - the training of Air Force personnel in the advanced cryptologic skills that the Security Service required at installations and collection sites worldwide. Eight years later the mission expanded further to include joint-service training in these same skills for Army, Navy and, later, Marine Corps personnel.

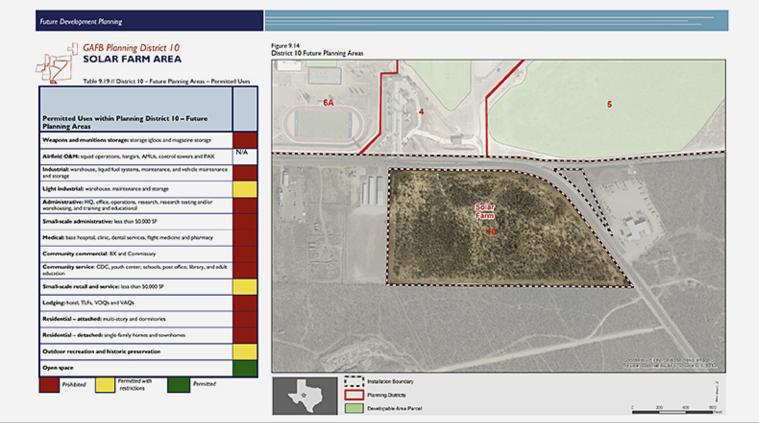
Reverting to Air Training Command in 1978, the base emerged from a close brush with closure to become a Technical Training Center in 1985 and the site for the consolidation of all Air Force-managed intelligence training. Eight years later, on 1 July 1993, the historic 17th Training Wing was activated at Goodfellow. Accompanying the change in name was a marked diversification and increase in mission, as the base realignment and closure process brought fire protection training from Chanute AFB and special instruments training from Lowry AFB to Goodfellow. Over the next two decades the production of graduates for the field more than doubled while the transformation of the Air Force intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) enterprise delivered a fresh pedagogy focused on critical thinking and analysis in place of simple repetition and memorization. In support of such sweeping academic change Goodfellow underwent extensive modernization and growth, transporting it fully into the 21st century as one of the most modern installations in the United States Air Force.

B01.1.3. Future Development

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

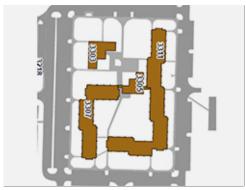
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Energy Resiliency with Future Development of Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Array







Dormitory Master Plan Graphic

Logistics Readiness ADP Graphic

Lodging Master Plan Graphic

- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

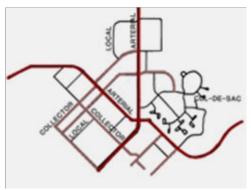
B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS

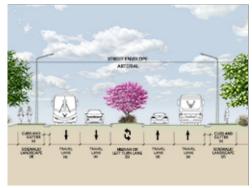
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

Arterial with Center Median

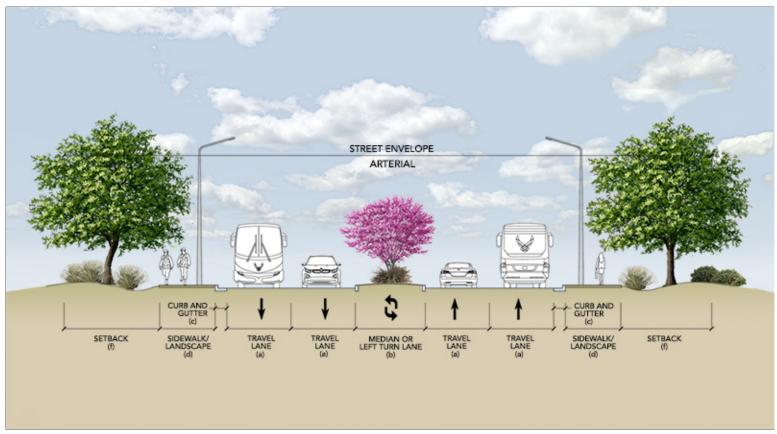
- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and collector streets.
- 7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

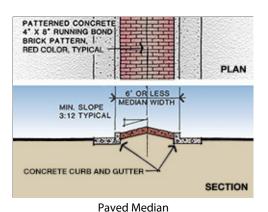
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

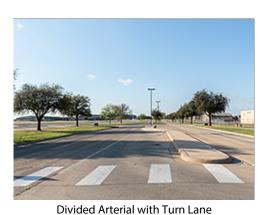
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Paved Median Divided Arterial Divided Arterial Divided Arterial with Turn L

- 1. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6' buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 3. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 4. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

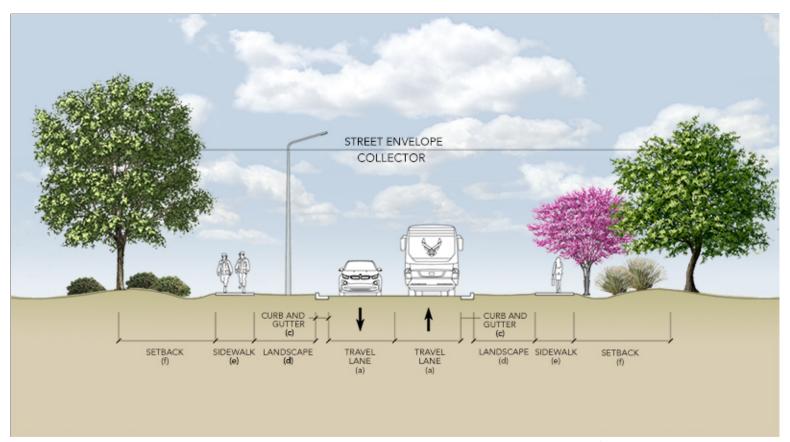
5. Where possible, divide main entrances with landscaped traffic medians between entry and exit lanes.

B02.1.2. Collector Streets

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required.

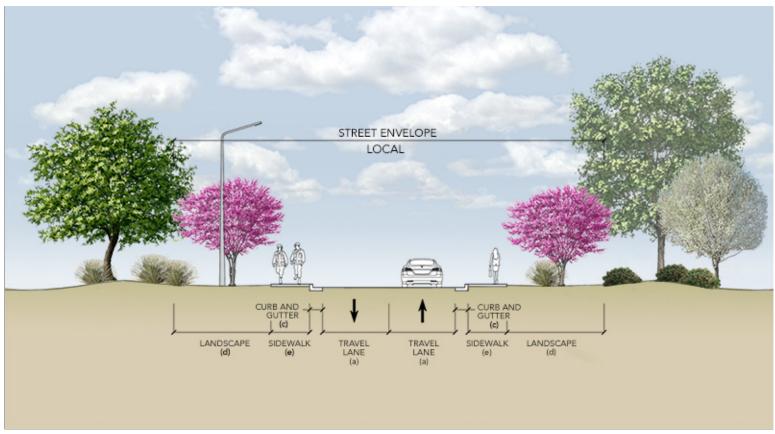
 Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 3. On-street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are over 28 feet wide but not less than 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
- 4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "collector" street.

B02.1.3. Local Streets

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 3. On-street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.
- 4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "local" street.
- 5. Cul-de-sacs are only permitted in family housing areas.

B02.1.4. Special Routes

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Landscaped Boulevard at Main Gate



Special Paving along Group 1



Divided Arterial with Paved Median



Rock Mulch and Xeric Plantings in Median

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Kearney Boulevard and Farrow Street



Intersection at Group 1 Plaza

- 1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.2.1. Arterials

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188









Schertz Rd

Comanche Trl

1. At arterial intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.

B02.2.3. Collectors

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Collector Intersection

Landscaping and Static Display

Collector Street

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Landscape as Focal Point



Coordinated Street Elements



Landscape Buffer

1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.

2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

B02.2.6. Sight Lines

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Unobstructed Sight Lines

Preserved Open Setbacks

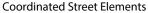
Troop Walk

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

B02.3. Street Elements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Static Display as Focal Point



Integrated Crosswalk Elements

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and high reflectivity of surfaces, which are appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.

- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.3.1. Paving

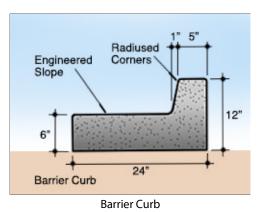
- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
 - 2. Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

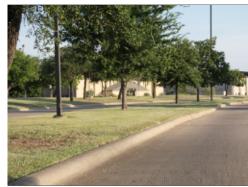
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188





Curb



- Integral Curb and Gutter at Median
- 1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads.
- 2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Base Standard Color

Base Standard Mounting and Color

Base Standard Materials

- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening through site development and landscaping.
- 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







UFC Compliant Sign

Ground Mounted Equipment

Pole-mounted Sign

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Uniform Spacing of Fixtures

Poles with Single Fixture

Pole with Double Fixture Mounting

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html

B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Memorial Plaza



Group 2 Entrance Plaza



Bronze Sculpture and Plaque



Ground Mounted Aircraft Display

- 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

B03.1.1. Paved Plazas

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable • N/A Small graphics do not apply



Decorative Patterns with Unit Pavers at Group 1

- 1. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers shall be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 2. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size.

B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Bronze Plaque on Coursed Ashlar Pier

Plaque Mounted to Monolithic Stone Pier

Architectural Precast Piers

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



C-47 Ground Mounted Static Display of Aircraft



Display with Uplighting and Marker



Ground Mounting



Dynamic Mounting

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, consider installation of a bench. Bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Preserved Open Space with Native Grasses



Open Space Buffer



Green Space Adjacent to Memorial Plaza



Open Space along Flightline Road

- 1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.

- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
- 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
- 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
- Electrical switch-stations
- Sewage lift stations
- Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
- Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
- Above ground fuel storage tanks
- Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view
- 9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls that match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 10. Paint aboveground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain existing buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
- Electrical power grid and service lines
- Telephone lines
- Cable TV lines
- Communications lines
- Exterior lighting service lines
- Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable • N/A Small graphics do not apply



Parade Grounds

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
- 3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer shall determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case by case basis.

B03.2.2. Parks

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Piers and Fence Defining space and Entrance



Pavillions with Adjacent Green Space



Shelters with Central Plaza



Benches and Native Vegetation

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.

B03.2.3. Preserves

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Preserved Green Space and Native Vegetation



Preserved Native Trees and Grasses



Designated Open Space



Open Space Buffer

- 1. Preserve areas adjacent to storage areas, parks, base perimeter, and ammunition storage areas as open space.
- 2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling lines of site, wildlife management, or eliminating fire hazards.

B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Perimeter Fence

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

○ Applicable ● N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

Small graphics do not apply

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1
Image Tool 800 x 440



Formal Building Arrangement along Axis at Dorm Area

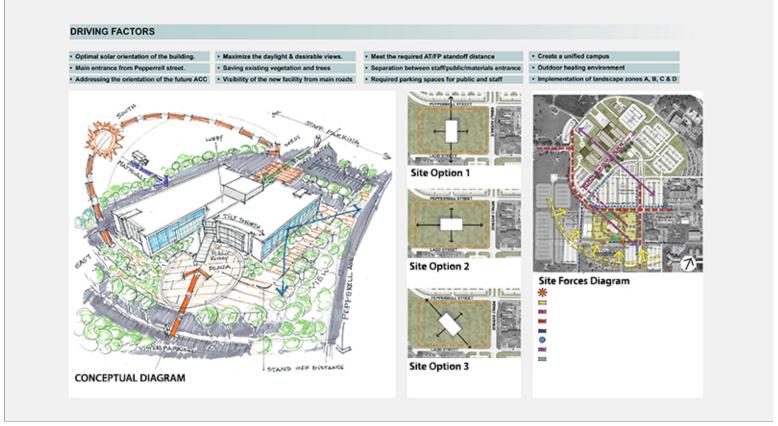
- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls verses base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure shall reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.

- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, and energy management control systems (EMCS), and metering.
- 6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies.

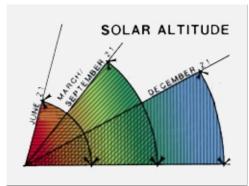
 Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.
- 10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.

C01.2. Building Orientation

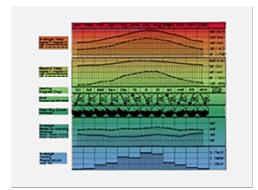
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1
- Image Tool 800 x 440
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



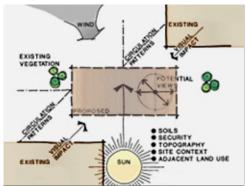
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



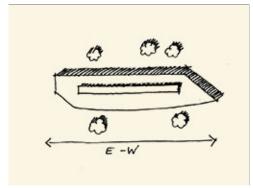
Local Solar Data

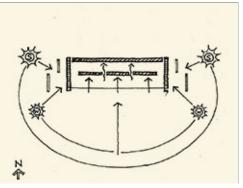


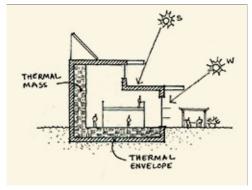
Local Climate Data



Site Data







East-West Axis

Optimum Solar Control

Maximized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

C02. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Base Standard Mounting and Color



Adjacent Landscape Screening



Standard Color

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near-term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1 and limit for Facility Group 2.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior chilled and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

C03. PARKING AREAS

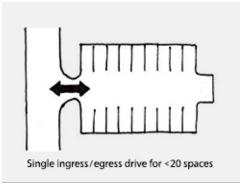
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html

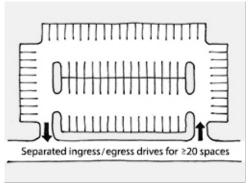
C03.1. Configurations and Design

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

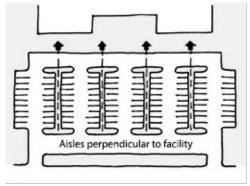
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Large Lot Configuration



Facility Group 1 Configuration







Base Standard Configuration

Adjacent Accessible Spaces

Mass Parking Area

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the building's main entrance.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for senior leadership at Group 1 Facilities.
- 11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Light-Colored Paving

Reduced Heat-Island Effect

Standard White Striping

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphalt

Secondary: Concrete

Accent: Permeable pavers

Facility Group 2 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphalt

Secondary: Concrete

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: Asphalt

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphalt

Secondary: Concrete driveways

Accent: N/A

- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of bituminous pavement or concrete pavement following UFC 3-250-01.
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case by case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphalt paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

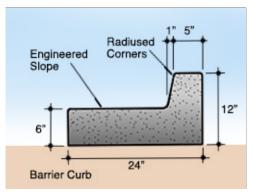
C03.1.2. Curbing

Primary:

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

"Barrier" Curb

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised-profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges. All raised curbs shall be the 6" high curb with integral.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct storm water to subsurface draining systems and/or surface draining structure systems.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where vehicle bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Landscape with Rock Mulch

Limited Xeric Planting

Ornamental Shrub as Focal Point

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks to reduce heat island effects. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

C03.3. Connectivity

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Direct Connection from Parking Area to Main Entrance with Coordinated Landscape



Crosswalk Aligning with Entrance



Sidewalk with Direct Connection to Entrance



Screen Wall Defining Access

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Integrated On-Site Drainage and Percolation Feature



Outlet to Paved Basin



Channel for Stormwater



Outlet to Rip-Rap Basin

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.
- 3. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building's roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation; consider winter temperatures in the design.
- 4. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 5. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

C05.1. Circulation and Paving

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Sidewalk with Lighted Bollards



Running Trail



Curvilinear Geometry



Decorative Textured Concrete



Colored Concrete



Exposed Aggregate Concrete and Pavers

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Pervious pavers

Primary:

Secondary: Concrete or pavers for edging

Accent: Colored concrete (optional)

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious pavers

Secondary: Concrete edging

Accent: Colored concrete (optional)

Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

N/A

Accent:

1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.

- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers shall be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking; troop walks should be 22' wide exposed aggregate and lined with brick pavers.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.
- 9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks shall be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.
- 11. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4" x 8" nominal in size; color to be determined and as approved by the BCE.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Bike paths shall be designed to incorporate both bikes and pedestrians and be a minimum of 12' width.

13. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle/pedestrian paths, troop walks, and sidewalks.

C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

 \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Site Stair Site Ramp Masonry Walls at Site Ramp

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

C05.1.2. Lighting

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Indirect Lighting for Sidewalks and Plaza



Indirect Lighting and Downlighting



Lighitd Bollards along Sidewalk



Pedestrian-Scaled Light Fixture

- 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
- 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, troopwalks and trails.

C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

C06.1. Climate-based Materials

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

 \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Native Drought Tolerant Species

Native Texas Sage

Plants with Natural-Forming Habit

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Limited Plantings Foundation Planting

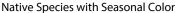
- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty (See Appendix A). Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.
- 4. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.
- 6. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list (Appendix A), which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Limited Planting



Concentrated Planting at Group 1

1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.

2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Prominently Developed Rock Mulch Areas

Native Grasses

Use of Native Trees and Grasses

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Appropriately Scaled Plant Species



Native Drought Tolerant Species



Deciduous and Evergreen Species







Seasonal and Formal Interests

Hedge Forming Planting

Complementary Scale

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the plant lists available from the Base Civil Engineer.
- 3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.
- 5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the Base Landscape Architect.

C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Limited Watering Needs

Native Plants

Native Bush

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.

- 3. New buildings shall cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Trees and Native Grasses

Native Plants and Xeriscaping

Appropriate Heights for Planting

- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Native Species of Street Trees



Native Grasses along Open Space



Deciduous and Coniferous Species



Grasses with Trees as Focus



Landscaped Median along Group 2

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Grasses and Shrubs along Group1

Park with Grasses and Trees

Grasses and Trees at Group 2

- 1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where required.

C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Xeric Low Maintenance Planting



Rock Mulch Area



Coordinated Mulch and Paved Areas

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 10 percent of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.

4. Open drainage channels shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and ground covers are recommended within the drainage channel areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

○ Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Accent Planting at Main Entrance of Group 1

Accent Planting along Fencing

Accent Planting at Group 1

- 1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- 2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.
- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Standard Bus Shelter

Shade Shelter with Picnic Tables

Mechanical Yard at Group 1

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Group 1, 2 and 3 site furnishings shall be medium or dark bronze powder coated metal. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 5. Benches in Groups 1 and 2 shall be medium or dark bronze powder coated metal. Recycled plastic benches may be provided in Group 3 and parks.
- 6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use dark bronze round dome top designs in Groups 1 and 2. Use clad steel pipe bollards in Group 3. Cast iron bollards may be used in parks and trails. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case by case basis.
- 8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 10. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 11. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.

- 12. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using dark bronze aluminum framed structure.
- 13. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 14. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished with brick or split face CMU to match adjacent buildings.
- 15. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 16. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1, 2 or 4 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 17. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 18. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Groups 1 and 2 with brick or split face CMU to match adjacent facilities and for Group 3 with split-face block; all gates shall be metal factory finished medium bronze.
- 19. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 20. Group 1, 2, 3, 4 and recreational area picnic tables and seating shall be vinyl clad or powder coated dark or medium bronze. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 21. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 22. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 23. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

○ Applicable N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Metal

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Belson outdoors

Color: Medium or dark bronze or match adjacent

Finish: Factory powder coat

Model #: MF2012

Other: In-Ground Mount or Surface Mount; with or without arms

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.3. Bike Racks

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: Brandir International Inc.

Color: Medium Bronze

Finish: Factory

Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

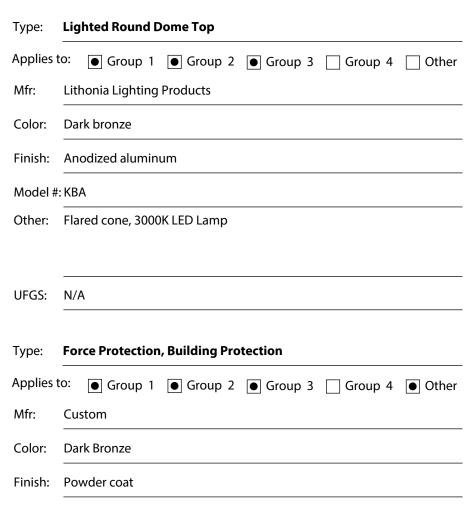
○ Applicable N/A

♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Model #: 6" steel, flat top

Other: For Group 3, use only in high visibility areas



Type: Retractable

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Delta

Color: Yellow

Finish: Powder coat

Model #: TT210M

Other: Manual

C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

UFGS: N/A

Type:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Belson

Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Powder Coated / Anodized Aluminum

Model #: ALS510A0D-10BA or similar

Other: Provide concrete slab

C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other



Pedestal Type:

Applies to:

Most Dependable Fountains, Inc. Mfr:

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **CMU and Steel**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Red brick blend, dark brown doors, if required

Finish: Face bbrick, powder coated doors

Model #: Match adjacent building

Steel gates and hardware, dark brown, dumpsters shall be painted dark

brown

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

C07.2.9. Fencing

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.10. Flagpoles

● Applicable ○ N/A	Number of base standards 1	Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:

UFGS:

N/A

1



C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.13. Picnic Table	Number of base standards	Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Precast concrete
	Applies	co: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Belson
	Color:	Brown, powder coated
	Finish:	Factory
TH	Model #	: 238-V6 or 238-V8
	Other:	Length to be determined by user
	UFGS:	N/A
C07.2.14. Planters		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
C07.2.15. Play Equipn	nent	
● Applicable ○ N/A	Number of base standards	Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Steel



Type.	Steel	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Little Tikes Commercial	
Color:	Varies	
Finish:	Powdercoated Steel	
Model #: N-R-G Freestyle		
Other:	Coordinate with Base Architect	
UFGS:	N/A	

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Type:

UFGS:

Style 2: Masonry / Steel

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1: Masonry / Steel Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Custom Color: Red brick or tan CMU blend, dark brown fencing Powder coated metal Finish: Model #: Piers with steel posts, rails and alternating panels Other: Piers: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal



Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

C07.2.17. Tree Grates

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

C08.1. Colors and Types

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Stand-Out Letters at Group 1 Building



Monument Sign at Group 1



Building Number Sign



Stand-Out Plastic Lettering



Stand-Out Metal Lettering



Wayfinding

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and life span while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters may be used for Group 1, 2 and 3 Facilities.

- 7. Group 1 Facilities would use standout aluminum lettering; Group 2 and 3 facilities would use bronze high density plastic Helvetica style lettering. Facility sign sizes and layouts shall follow UFC 3-120-0.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. Signage shall be curb mounted or on a bumper block. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single pole mounted sign at each end.
- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Fabricate sign panels from aluminum sheeting with vinyl sign faces and lettering. Sign posts shall be dark bronze aluminum with capped ends in a concrete base.
 - 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
 - 3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
 - a. Standard Blue
 - b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
 - c. Standard Red
 - d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
 - e. Standard White
 - f. Standard Brown

Materials and Color Specifications

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Monument Facility Signage
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Raised aluminum letters
Finish:	
Model #	f:
Other:	Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type:	Typical Facility Mounted Raised Signage
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Dark bronze, anodized aluminum
Finish:	Brushed aluminum



UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.

Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends



Type:	Plastic Lettering Raised Signage	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium bronze	
Finish:	Vinyl sign face	
Model #: Plastic sheet face		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	
UFGS:		

C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1



Type:	Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base		
Other:	Brushed aluminum text and logo. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	

C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Wall mounted

olies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, white vinyl lettering

Finish: Vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Street Signs

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background

Finish: Vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted

Other: Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited

on street name signs per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

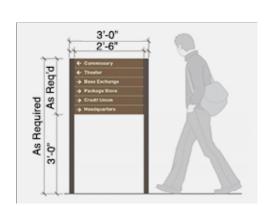
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.



Type: **Pedestrian**

UFGS:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.6. Informational Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
 - 2. Static display signs shall have standard dark bronze sign faces.
 - 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

C08.1.7	. Motivationa	al Signage
○ Applic	table N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applic	cable	Small graphics do not apply
		ionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve truiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.
r	not permitted. Ā	ins shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.
	Follow UFC 3-12 prohibited by th	20-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are ne UFC.
4. 1	Mount marque	e signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.
C08.1.8	. Parking Lot	Signs
Applic	able	
C08.1.9	. Regulatory	Signs
○ Applic	able N/A	
		ge, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, arning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.
2. Pro	ovide a compre	hensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage."
		rning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify ctions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.
C08.1.1	0. Other	
○ Applic	able N/A	
C09. LIGH	TING	
		te Standards for Site Development: <u>e-development/index.html</u>

4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of

these signs prior to installation.

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Direct and Indirect Lighting



Uplighting at Static Display



Pedestrian Scaled Fixture



Street Light Fixture

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted. Where possible, mount security lighting on buildings to reduce the number of poles. Street lighting should be limited to one or two types.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.

- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with precurfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1, 2 and 4 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island. Provide adequate site lighting where there is a change in grade requiring steps, near handicapped and motorcycle parking spaces, and near main entrances.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

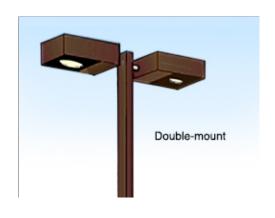
C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Hubbell, Kim Lighting Mfr:

Color: Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)

Finish: Factory

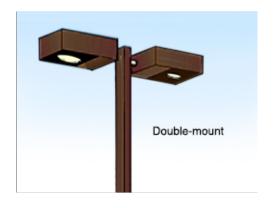
Model #: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A

C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Parking Lot Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: Hubbell, Kim Lighting

Color: Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)

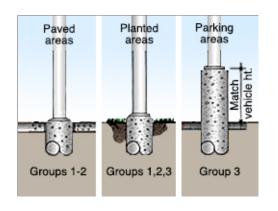
Finish: Factory

Model #: Rectilinear or Round Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount

Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS:

N/A



Type: Parking Lot Fixture Base

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Lighted Round Dome Top



C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base s	standards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Rectilinear Cutoff
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Single mount Double mount	Color:	Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)
2.5	Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Bollard A A	Model #	t: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount
	Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
	UFGS:	N/A
Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base s	standards Type:	1 Image Tool 250 x 188 Style 1
	Applies	
	Mfr:	Vista Lighting
	Color:	Dark bronze anodized
	Finish:	Smooth
	Model #	t: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered
	Other:	Lamp: LED
	UFGS:	N/A
	UFG3:	N/A
C09.2.6. Other		
○ Applicable ● N/A		

D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 1 Architectural Features and Materials Palette



Group 2 Features and Materials



Group 3 Industrial Facility



Group 4 Housing

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

































D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories shall be considered on a case by case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

D03.2. Architectural Character

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. Reinforce the example of dark brown brick and bronze standing seam roofs with regional details such as punched windows and beige split-face CMU in new construction.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to Wall Systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

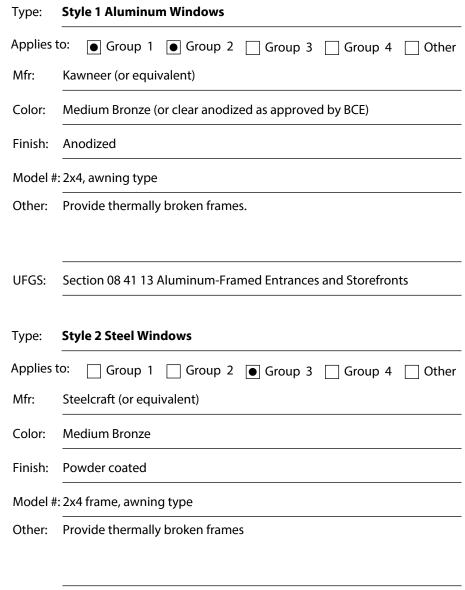
203.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:		
Climate dominated by mechanical cooling		
Climate dominated by mechanical heating		
Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs		
Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs		
Climate with high humidity		
Climate with moderate humidity		
Climate with low humidity		
High Solar Insolation		
 Moderate Solar Insolation 		
C Low Solar Insolation		
 Soils with High Thermal Conductivity 		
Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity		
 Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity 		
Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion.		
Other:		
Facility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred		
Wall: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling)		
Doors: Recessed are preferred		
Windows: Provide insulating glazing on north-facing windows / maximize shading for windows on south façades		
Roof: High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities		
Structure: Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete		
MEP: Ground-source following LCCA		
Other: Internal thermal mass walls may be used for cooling following LCCA.		
Other: Optimize shading devices to provide summer shade		

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188







UFGS:

Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass		
• Applicable N/A Number of base s	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Style 1 Interior Wall Material
	Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Custom, TBD
	Color:	Beige
	Finish:	Light texture
	Model #	t: Modular face brick
	Other:	Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.
	UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
D03.3.4. Thermal Shading		
• Applicable	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Overhangs
	Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Custom
	Color:	Match facility
BRANDENBURG NALL	Finish:	
	Model #	
	Other:	

D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

○ Applicable ● N/A

UFGS:

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Ground-Mounted PV Panels
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	#: Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider
UFGS:	Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems
Type:	Roof-Mounted PV Array
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	#: Flat plate collector
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider



D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

○ Applicable ● N/A

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

































D04.1. Primary Entrances

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Protect entrances from direct sun. North-facing entrances are preferred.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly, and have an uncluttered appearance.

D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Consoliusith AF Comparate Chandrade for Doors and Window

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

























D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1 and 2 facilities shall be predominantly brick with accents of split-face CMU and cast stone. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 3. Group 3 facilities shall be insulated metal panels; lower levels may receive split-face CMU as an accent material and for durability.
- 4. Multi-story Group 1 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit materials to a single color on Group 2 and 3 facilities.
- 5. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 6. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 7. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 8. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 9. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick

Primary: Ribbed metal sheeting

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: Split-face CMU

Accent:

Accent:

Split-face CMU and architectural precast

Optional: Mtl. sheet in alt. color, ground face CMU

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Primary:

Brick

Primary: Brick

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: Stucco

Accent:

Split-face CMU and architectural precast

Accent:

N/A

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Flat Seam Panel - Anodized Finish

Mfr: Alucobond

Model #: Alucobond Classic Rainscreen 1

Color: Anodic Clear Mica PVDF 2

Finish: Anodized

Other: Route and return dry seal

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf



Type:	Flat Seam Panel - Kynar Finish
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Metl-Span
Model #	#: Insulated Metal Wall System
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Heavy stucco-embossed
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

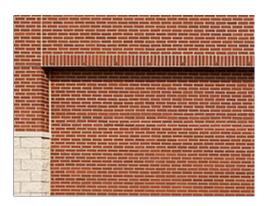
D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Modular Face Brick



,,	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local, TBD
Model #	: Modular face brick, 2.3x4x8 nominal
Color:	Red blend
Finish:	Straight Edges, smooth texture
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.3. Architectural Precast

D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of b	ase standards 1	Image Tool 250 x 188	
	Type:	Coursed precast	
	Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Othe	
	Mfr:	Local, TBD	
	Model #	Smooth Casting	
	Color:	Light Beige	
	Finish:	Very Light texture	
	Other:	N/A	
	UFGS:	Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf	
D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing			
○ Applicable ● N/A			
D05.4.5. Curtain Wall			
○ Applicable ● N/A			

D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lap Seam
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model #	: Lap Seam Panel
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Embossed Texture, factory finished
Other:	24 Gauge Steel
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EIFS

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.10. GFRC

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local TBD
Model #	: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner units
Color:	Light or medium beige
Finish:	Heavy Texture
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type: Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units

Color: Light or medium beige

Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate

Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:
 http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.13. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

Group 4

D06.1. Types

Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones.
- 2. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 3. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 4. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 5. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color.
- 6. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life-cycle cost justified.
- 7. Windows must meet force protection requirements; blast proof is not required.
- 8. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 9. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion and coordinate sound ratings.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
- 6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's life span without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.

- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)		
Color:	Natural aluminum		
Finish:	Clear anodized aluminum		
Model #	‡: 2x4, thermally broken framing		
Other:	Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections		

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf ● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Steelcraft		
Color:	Medium Bronze		
Finish:	Powder Coated, Satin		
Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing			
Other:	Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress		

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

○ Applicable ● N/A

D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped, standing seam metal roofs). Minimal-slope roofs) may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Roof translucent panels are permitted only for Group 1 in clerestories. Skylights are not permitted.
- 6. Group 2 and 3 facilities under 5,000 sf and narrow in plan geometry, may use gabled or hipped, standing seam metal roofs. Larger facilities may use sloped-roof features in conjunction with predominantly minimal-sloped 'flat' membrane roofs.
- 7. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions; these should be sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 8. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 9. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 10. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 11. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 12. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 13. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 14. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Ensure adequate drainage and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 4. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.
- 5. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 shall be medium bronze in color to match adjacent facilities and follow requirements of IFS.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high-reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 4. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascias shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes in medium bronze.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.
- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.

- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered and inconspicuous appearance; integrate components into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection shall be included with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.
- 2. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 3. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 4. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable.

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

• Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 - Light					
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other					
Mfr:	Berridge/AE					
Color:	Bronze					
Finish:	Matte/Fascia smooth					
Model #	: Tee-Panel					
Other:	Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal					

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

	Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other		
	Mfr:	Carlisle Systems		
	Color:	White/Off-white		
4 4 2	Finish:	Smooth		
	Model #	#: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope		
	Other:	N/A		
	UFGS:	Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing (Not Available on UFGS)		
D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply				
○ Applicable ● N/A				
D07.9.4. Concrete Tile				
○ Applicable				
D07.9.5. Clay Tile				
○ Applicable ● N/A				

D07.9.7. Vegetated System ○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.6. Slate Shingles

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

D07.9.9. Composite Shingles				
○ Applicable ● N/A				
D07.9.10. Other				
○ Applicable ● N/A				
C. Ipp. Color				

D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

























Group 4

Group 3

D08.1. Systems and Layouts

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D08.2.1. Concrete	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)	
○ Applicable ● N/A	

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Rigid Framing**

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: **US Steel**

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Moment Frame**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Mfr:

Model #: Moment Frame

Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system; Other:

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

D08.2.5. Masonry

○ Applicable ● N/A

D08.2.6. Heavy Timber	
Applicable N/A	
008.2.7. Light-gauge Steel	
Applicable N/A	
008.2.8. Lumber Framing	
-	
Applicable N/A	
008.2.9. Other	
Applicable • N/A	

D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 2

Group 4









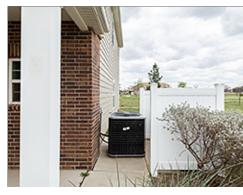
















D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

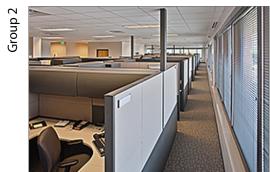
Image Tool 250 x 188



























E01. Building Configurations

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's lifespan.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 and 3. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.
- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.

- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

E01.1.1. Interior Design Process

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow UFC 3-120-10.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html

- 1. Include durability in the life cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

E02.1. Floor Materials

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Ceramic tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1 and 2.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)



UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

○ Applicable ● N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Porcelain

Applies to:
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type:	Style 2 Ceramic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Daltile
Color:	Earth tones
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant
Model #	t: Ceramic tile
Other:	Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.
UFGS:	Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.5. Resilient Floor

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1 Stair Treads



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Roppe

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Raised design rubber tread

Other: Stair treads material

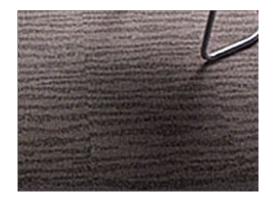
UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: Style 2

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ● N/A

E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or other as approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10 Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Modular Face Brick Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Red blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred in Groups 1 and 2. Concrete block may only be used

in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E03.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid Earth tone colors Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E03.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E03.1.6. Wood Paneling ○ Applicable ● N/A

E03.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	
Primary:	Grid and acoustical tile	Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Gypsum board	Secondary:	Grid and acoustical tile
Tertiary:	Open ceiling grid	Tertiary:	Gypsum board
Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	

Primary: Grid and acoustical tile Primary: Gypsum board

Secondary: Gypsum board Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case by case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Vulcraft
Color:	Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis
Finish:	Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)
Model #	: Formlok floor and roof decking
Other:	N/A
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 All Purpose	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Armstrong	
Color:	White	
Finish:	Factory	
Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16"		
Other:	Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.	

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf



Type: Style 2 Kitchen

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Armstrong

Color: White

Finish: Factory

Model #: Kitchen – 2' x 2' Ceramaguard

Other: Grid 15/16" Prelude (Ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

E04.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid neutral colors Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E04.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E04.1.6. Wood ○ Applicable ● N/A

E05. Doors and Windows

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable N/A

E04.1.8. Other

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

Facility Group 1

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 1

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood solid core

Secondary: Composite solid core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 3. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 4. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Steel Doors

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

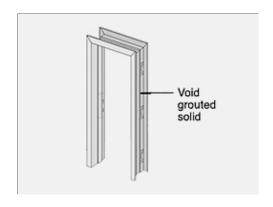
"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: Steel Frames

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.3. Wood

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style 1, Administrative**

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E06. Casework Systems

E06.1. Casework Materials

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone, cast stone, and solid surface countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case by case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Style 1, Low Use Areas

E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:

UFGS:



71	
Applies t	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Formica
Color:	Medium Earth tones and neutral tones
Finish:	Light textured
Model #	: High pressure laminate
Other:	Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges.

Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Mfr: Corian

Applies to:

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ● N/A

E06.1.4. Metal

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steel Sentry

Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel)

Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel)

Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

Other: Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are

subjected to heavy use.

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

○ Applicable ● N/A

E06.2. Countertop Materials

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1, Low Use Areas
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Formica
Color:	Medium Earth tones and neutral tones
Finish:	Light textured
Model #	: High pressure laminate
Other:	Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.
UFGS:	Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● (

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E06.2.3. Natural Stone

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use

Applies to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

Model #: Custom cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

Model #: Custom cast or cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.5. Metal

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Stainless Steel Countertop

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: Custom fabricated countertops

Other: Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html

E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html

E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html

E08.1 Types and Color

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html

E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html

E09.2. Types and Color

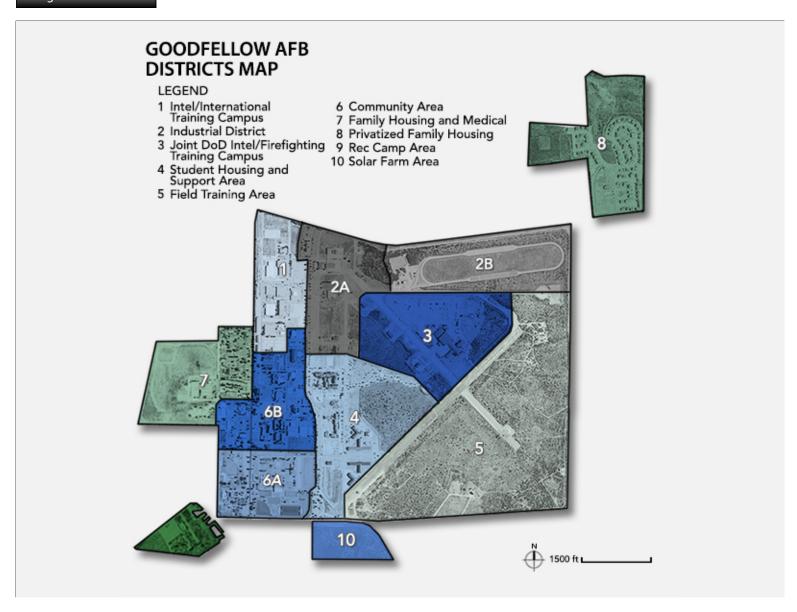
F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

Image Tool 800 x 600



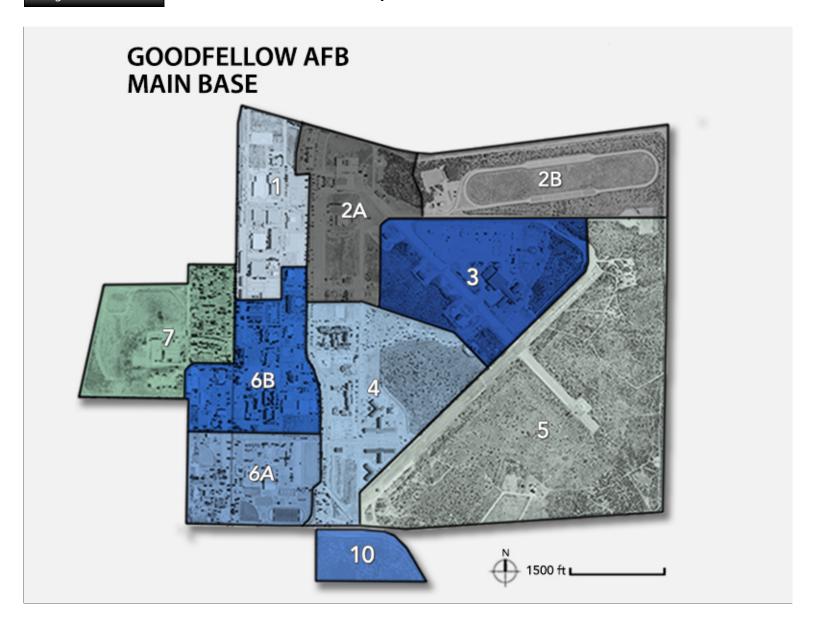
Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

Enter No. of Facility Districts 1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

Image Tool 800 x 600

Map of District



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable ● N/A
Other	○ Applicable ● N/A

FACILITY DISTRICTS

Goodfellow Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with the land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan. Each district has designated uses that support the base's operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2 and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

1. Intel/International Training Campus

Facilities in the Intel/International Training Campus should continue to be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district are administrative in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

2. Industrial District

The Industrial district is mostly monumental in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. This area consists primarily of metal warehouse buildings, and new construction should use common colors, forms and materials to create harmony. Building entrances should be obvious to the pedestrian.

Standing seam metal roofs should be sloped to match existing roof slopes (3:12 recommended). Metal siding with vertical ribs should match existing facilities. Exterior walls for administrative facilities in this district should be a combination of CMU and metal panels. Building B3453 (Fire Training Facility) is a color palette example. Follow basewide standards that stainless and galvanized steel should not be painted.

Facilities in this district are industrial in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS. Projects in this area should include shaded outdoor areas, landscaping, and common activity areas.

3. Joint DoD Intel/Firefighting Training Campus

The Training district is somewhat monumental in scale due to the massive structures. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate.

Because of the size of the buildings, most roofs will be 'flat' membrane type. Smaller buildings can have standing seam metal hip roofs with a pitch of about 3:12. Split-face block should match ACME Winter Park in color and texture. Field brick should match ACME Tulsa Blend 3 Crimson in color and texture. Building B525 (SCIF Building) is a color palette example.

Facilities in this district are industrial in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS. Administrative areas shall follow standards for Facility Group 2. Projects in the area of the hangars should enhance the landscaping.

4. Student Housing and Support Area

Facilities in the Student Housing and Support Area should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district are residential in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

As part of projects in this area, incorporate site amenities such as picnic pavilions, site furnishings and sidewalks.

Utilize exterior balconies on dorms to provide a human scale to the facades. While interior corridors are required for new construction, express exterior balconies to complement adjacent dorms. Generally match existing architectural features such as horizontal banding and vertical brick pilasters.

Hipped and gabled standing-seam metal roofs with a slope of about 3:12 are appropriate for this district. Split-face CMU should match ACME Winter Park in color and texture. Field brick should match ACME DPP Blend 137 Quantum in color and texture. Building B3129 (Pipeline Dormitory) is a color palette example.

5. Field Training Area

The Field Training Area is predominantly open space for outdoor training exercises. Facilities in this area support training operations, are typically industrial in nature, and shall follow standards for Group 3.

6. Community Area

The Community Area is designated into two subareas under the Installation Development Plan: 6A – Administrative and Service Core, and 6B – Recreation Area.

Administrative and Service Core

The core area should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate.

The primary roofing system will be a sloped, standing seam metal roof. Low sloping hip or gable roof forms are preferred, with a minimum 3:12 roof slope. Larger buildings may require the use of a 'flat' membrane roof.

Split-face CMU shall match ACME Winter Park in color and texture. Field brick shall match ACME ELP Blend 186 (beige) in color and texture. Accent brick shall match ACME EBP Blend 260 (black) in color and texture. Refer to Buildings B109 (Skills Development Center) or B723 (Goodfellow Club) as color palette examples.

Recreation Area

The Recreation Area is pedestrian in scale. The structures in this area are informal and should generally follow standards for Facility Group 2, but with less refined visual detailing.

Roofs should be standing seam metal or light brown asphalt shingles. Exterior walls should be split-face CMU. The block should match ACME Saddletan 707 in color and texture. Building B810 (Concession) is a color palette example.

7. Family Housing and Medical

The Family Housing and Medical district is planned to develop transitions between the differing land uses. Provide visual screening with landscaping elements.

For Groups 1 and 2, application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. New buildings should be single-story, and primarily have 'flat' roofs. Incorporate sloped, standing seam metal roofs as appropriate to facility size and scale. Brick walls will be ACME Denton Blend 5 (autumn gold). An example of the clinic palette is Building B1001 (Clinic).

For Group 4 refer to Item 8 below.

8. Privatized Family Housing

Facilities in the Family Housing district are pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Family Housing facilities should follow standards for Group 4.

Details such as roof fascias, downspouts, and fenestration should be consistent with surrounding housing. Avoid long, rectilinear building forms. High-ranking officer quarters should have a more formal massing to indicate their relative importance.

Roofs should be gable or hip style. Utilize covered porches and landscaping to emphasize the entrance to family housing units. Asphalt composition roofs should be light brown. Exterior walls should be EIFS and shall match Sherwin Williams Weather-Perfect Flat Body, B36W351. B900 Series buildings (family housing) are a color palette example.

Consider the benefits of including a brick ledge in future family housing construction to facilitate potential upgrades.

Landscaping should be consistent with adjacent housing. Follow standards for landscape elements such as privacy fencing, bus shelters and playground equipment. Provide screen walls around mechanical equipment and trash containers.

9. Rec Camp Area

This off-base recreational area is adjacent to Lake Nasworthy and shall have facilities that are compatible with neighboring properties. Provide materials similar to Group 2, but with less refined visual detailing.

10. Solar Farm Area

Maintain this area as open space to accommodate the efficient operations of the Solar Farm and to provide a professional appearance.

G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

Note: The below listed Supplementary Documents are provided as part of this IFS and shall become fully part of the IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS shall govern.

17 CIVIL ENGINEER SQUADRON

G01 Base Standardization of Building/Utility Distribution Systems for Goodfellow AFB http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G01 GAFB CE Base Standardization.pdf

G02 Integrated Natural Resource Management Plan http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G02 GAFB INRMP Signed FINAL.pdf

G03 Plant List for Goodfellow AFB http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G03 GAFB Approved Planting List.pdf

G04 Goodfellow AFB's Installation Energy Plan http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G04 GAFB BBP Energy Program.pdf