# Aviano Air Base IFS

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Version 02.00.14
A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.

2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.

3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.

4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.

5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.

6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.

7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to Appendix G for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.

8. Installations outside the United States: Per UFC 1-200-01 DOD BUILDING CODE, 8 Oct 2019, "All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA). Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the most stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable." Refer to Appendix G for applicable agreements. "Use UFC 1-202-01 for design of host nation facilities that support military operations." https://www.wbdg.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01
A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

A02. FACILITY QUALITY
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html
Note: Apply the base-wide standards in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.
B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert  1

- Applicable  N/A  Small graphics do not apply

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Application of DoD and Air Force Facilities Criteria

DoD Criteria

- UFCs, Memoranda, UFGS

Air Force Criteria

- AFIs, ETLs, AFCFS, Memoranda

AF Base IDP

AF Base IFS

Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation’s Comprehensive Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.
B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base’s Installation Development Plan (IDP).

2. Host Nation Facilities:
   Refer to Appendix G for a listing of supplementary documents that govern design and construction.
A flight training school was established in April 1911 at Aeroporto Aviano, an airfield just south of Aviano. During World War I, the Italian Aeronautical Corps flew missions against Austro-Hungarian forces. In May 1916, Italian aviators Pagliano and Gori conducted an unauthorized but successful air raid on the Austrian naval yards at Pola, Yugoslavia, and these men became national heroes. Both of the airmen later died flying missions, and the airfield was renamed Aeroporto Pagliano e Gori in 1919.

From 1919 to 1939, the base returned to a flight training mission. Six hangars were built in the 1930s. The airfield was grass, and the south airstrip was used for fighters and a north airstrip for bombers.
During World War II, the Regia Aeronautica and Luftwaffe flew combat missions from the airfield. The US Air Force attacked the Aeroporto nine times during the war. Following the surrender of German forces in the north of Italy in 1945, the British took control of the area, and the RAF remained until 1947. At that point the Italian Air Force resumed control.

Italy joined NATO in 1952. In 1954, Italy signed a basing rights agreement allowing USAFE to use several Italian air bases, including Aeroporto Pagliano e Gori. The US made improvements to the airfield, and it was renamed Aviano Air Base in 1956.

Aviano Air Base has recently provided support for operations in the Balkans and Middle East. The base currently performs a NATO mission in coordination with Italian personnel.

**B01.1.3. Future Development**

- **Applicable**
- **N/A**

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

- **Applicable**
- **N/A**

Small graphics do not apply

![](image.png)

**Aerial Photograph of Area F**


2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

**B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards:

1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.

2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.

3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2 and 3. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities. Consider snow removal operations and snow storage areas in all designs.

4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.

5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.

6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and provide on collector streets only on lower speed roadways such as residential streets.

7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.

8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.

9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.

10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.

11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.

12. Remote service roads may be paved with a rock/clay mix that is suitable for the service vehicles. Appropriately size roads to accommodate service vehicle traffic.
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

1. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.

2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6 foot buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.

3. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.

4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.
B02.1.2. Collector Streets

- Travel Lane (a): 12’
- Median (b): N/A
- Curb and Gutter (c): 2’
- Landscape (d): 10’
- Sidewalk (e): 6’
- Setback (f): Min. 35’ or per ATFP

1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets.

2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.

3. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of collector streets.

**B02.1.3. Local Streets**

- Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.
- Provide sidewalks on at least one side of local streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on local streets.
- On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of local streets.

5. Cul-de-sacs are to only be used in the Family Housing areas. The minimum radius for cul-de-sacs shall be 50’.

**B02.1.4. Special Routes**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

**B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply

1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.

2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

**B02.2.1. Arterials**

- **Applicable**  - **N/A**  - Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

- **Applicable**  - **N/A**  - Small graphics do not apply

![Arterial at Main Entrance](image)

1. At intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

**B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector**

- **Applicable**  - **N/A**  - Large graphics do not apply

- **Applicable**  - **N/A**  - Small graphics do not apply

1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.
B02.2.3. Collectors

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert  1

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Small graphics do not apply

Roundabout near Via Pionieri dell’Aria Gate

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.
**B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  3

1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

**B02.2.6. Sight Lines**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  3

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.
B02.3. Street Elements

- **Signal at End of Runway**
- **Security Controls at Entry**
- **Dense Trees at Perimeter**
- **Pop-up Bollards**
1. Emulate the streetscape area’s pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.

2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and medium reflectivity of surfaces, which is appropriate for the local climate.

3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.

4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2 and 3, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.

6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.

7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

9. Standard road construction is 30 cm crushed stone, 8 cm binder, 3 cm wearing course and tack coats. The truck areas shall be designed for heavy loads. All exterior storage shall be designed for forklift traffic.
**B02.3.1. Paving**

- Applicable  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  2

![Bituminous Pavement](image1)
![Concrete Pavement](image2)

1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.

2. Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

**B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter**

- Applicable  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  6

![Barrier Curb](image3)
![Mountable Curb](image4)
![Segmented Precast Curb](image5)

Barrier Curb
Mountable Curb
Segmented Precast Curb
1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads. All access roads for new facilities should have integral curb and gutter. Header curbs may be used to facilitate snow plowing operations when coordinated with the base stormwater plan.

2. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.

3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do not use asphalt curbs.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Large graphics do not apply

☒ Applicable ☐ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.

2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2 and 3 are discouraged.
B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Insert Traffic Signs graphic

Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height

Click here to insert image

Signs and Signal at Barricade
Traffic Signs at Median
Signs at Barricade

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Insert Street Lighting graphic

Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height

Click here to insert image

Tall Mast Lighting
Medium Height Mast Lighting

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Small graphics do not apply
**B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space:

**B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays**

- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert
  - 1

- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert
  - 3

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Static Display of Aircraft

Plaza with Decorative Paving

Plaza at Sculpture and Sign

Plaza Outside Passenger Terminal
1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.

2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.

3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

**B03.1.1. Paved Plazas**

- **Applicable**  
- **N/A**  
- Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

- **Applicable**  
- **N/A**  
- Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

![Large Plaza with Colored Pavers and Trees Defining Space](image-url)
1. Pervious pavers may be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; pervious concrete may be used in Group 3. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.

2. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of gray and red. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4” x 8” size. Avoid the use of pavers that effloresce or corrode when exposed to snow-melt chemicals.

B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  2

1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base’s architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.

2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.

3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.

4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.

5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.

6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base’s visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.
B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

- Applicable
- N/A

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert

- Applicable
- N/A

Small graphics do not apply

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Ground Mounted Static Display

1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.

2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.

3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench shall be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.
B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base’s Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.

2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.

3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base’s gates and perimeter fence.
4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.

5. Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2 and 3. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.

6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.

7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.

8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
   - Electrical switch-stations
   - Sewage lift stations
   - Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
   - Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
   - Above ground fuel storage tanks
   - Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view

9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls which match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.

10. Paint above-ground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.

11. Maintain currently buried utility service lines as a visual asset.

12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
   - Electrical power grid and service lines
   - Telephone lines
   - Cable TV lines
   - Communications lines
   - Exterior lighting service lines
   - Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base

13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

14. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.

2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are required. The Base Civil Engineer shall determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case basis.

**B03.2.2. Parks**

- **Applicable**  
  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert

- **Applicable**  
  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert

1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.

2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.
3. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that is low maintenance and endures with minimal weathering.

4. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number.

B03.2.3. Preserves

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  2

1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas, as open space.

2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety, or eliminating fire hazards.
B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

1. Design, install and maintain the base’s perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.

2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base’s perimeter fence and all gates.

3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.
C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☐ N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.

2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, paved surfaces, and snow storage areas.

4. Integrate snow storage areas with adjacent streets and parking areas; coordinate snow storage with the base stormwater plan.

5. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure shall reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.

6. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, energy management (metering, EMCS).

7. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.

8. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.

9. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.

10. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.

11. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.

12. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.

13. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.

14. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
15. Applicably coordinate roof designs and roof drainage when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.

16. Consider the location of “Designated Tobacco Areas.”

**C01.2. Building Orientation**

- **Applicable** ☑️ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

- **Applicable** ☑️ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

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**DRIVING FACTORS**

- Optimal solar orientation of the building
- Main entrance from Pepperrill street
- Addressing the orientation of the future AOG
- Maximize the daylight & desirable views
- Existing vegetation and trees
- Visibility of the new facility from main roads
- Meet the required AFIP standoff distance
- Separation between staff/public/materials entrance
- Required parking spaces for public and staff
- Create a unified campus
- Outdoor healing environment
- Implementation of landscape zones A, B, C & D

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**CONCEPTUAL DIAGRAM**

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**SOLAR ALTITUDE**

- Local Solar Data

---

**LOCAL CLIMATE DATA**

- Local Climate Data

---

**SITE DATA**

- Site Data
1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis and main entrance facing south to southeast.

2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building’s passive and renewable-energy systems—including geothermal and solar systems—and exterior shading systems.

3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.

4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.

5. Consider the “public side” of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

C02. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable ☐ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert
1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently medium bronze and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

2. All ground mounted utility components such as fire hydrants, shall be painted medium bronze. Include vertical markers to locate components for areas with occasional deep snow.

3. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.

4. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.

5. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).

6. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.

7. Direct roof drainage to bioswales when feasible or paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

8. For new projects, conduct a ground scan survey to locate existing utilities.

9. Water service lines and solder shall be lead-free.

10. New pipes shall be at least 0.6 meter from low voltage electrical, 1.0 meter from medium voltage and 1.0 meter from telephone lines.

11. Sewer lines shall be 50 feet from water wells, and 10 feet from potable water lines (6 feet if the water line is at least a foot above the sewer line).

**C03. PARKING AREAS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html
1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.

2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting ATFP requirements.

3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation. Configure curbing to facilitate snow removal. Ensure snow storage areas are coordinated with the stormwater plan.

4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape along the primary path from the parking area to the main entrance of the building.

5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.

7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.

8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.

9. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.

11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.

12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

**C03.1.1. Paving and Striping**

- **Facility Group 1** paving materials shall be as follows.
  - Primary: Bituminous pavement; interlocking pavers
  - Secondary: Concrete
  - Accent: Optional: Colored pavers may define walkways

- **Facility Group 2** paving materials shall be as follows.
  - Primary: Bituminous pavement; interlocking pavers
  - Secondary: Concrete
  - Accent: N/A

- **Facility Group 3** paving materials shall be as follows.
  - Primary: Bituminous pavement; interlocking pavers
  - Secondary: Concrete where operationally required
  - Accent: N/A

- **Facility Group 4** paving materials shall be as follows.
  - Primary: N/A
  - Secondary: N/A
  - Accent: N/A

1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of bituminous paving. Interlocking pavers may be used for parking spaces.

2. Porous paving may be considered on a case basis.

3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphaltic concrete paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.

4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
5. All parking shall be marked with contrasting pavers, white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

**C03.1.2. Curbing**

- **Applicable** ✗ N/A Large graphics do not apply

- **Applicable** ✗ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert

1. Define all parking lots with either raised profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges.

**Facility Group 1** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Concrete
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Accent:** N/A

**Facility Group 2** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Concrete
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Accent:** N/A

**Facility Group 3** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Concrete
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Accent:** N/A

**Facility Group 4** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** N/A
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Accent:** N/A
2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.

3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where vehicle bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  2

1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens with consideration for snow storage and removal. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. Parking structures are encouraged when economically feasible.

2. Consider near-term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.

3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.

4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as plazas.
C03.3. Connectivity

1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.

2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.

3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.
C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management:

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert  1  

Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  3

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Basin for Slowing Water Discharge

Drainage Channel

Drain in Parking Lot

Roof Drainage Directed Underground
1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, snow storage areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.

2. Drainage from parking lots shall either be routed to a bioswale designed for this purpose or be run through an oil/water separator and then to a drain field.

3. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.

4. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.

5. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building’s roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation; consider freeze protection for winter months.

6. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.

7. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html
C05.1. Circulation and Paving

- Applicable
- N/A

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert

- Applicable
- N/A

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert

Walk through Dormitory Area

Path along Street

Paver Transition

Pavers with Curb Edge
1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.

2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.

3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using “safe islands” and “peninsulas” to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.

4. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers shall be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Group 3. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.

5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.

6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.

7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5’ in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.

8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 6’. Walks greater than 10’ wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.

**Facility Group 1** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Primary:** Pervious pavers with concrete edging

**Secondary:** Concrete

**Accent:** Optional: accent color of pavers

**Facility Group 2** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Primary:** Pervious pavers with concrete edging

**Secondary:** Concrete

**Accent:** N/A

**Facility Group 3** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Primary:** Concrete

**Secondary:** N/A

**Accent:** N/A

**Facility Group 4** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Primary:** N/A

**Secondary:** N/A

**Accent:** N/A
9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks shall be increased to a minimum width of 8’ to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.

10. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water or ice accumulation with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.

11. Sidewalks should have a sub-base of 15 cm crushed stone and a reinforced concrete slab between 10 and 15 cm. The surface should either be broom finish or overlaid with concrete pavers on a sand bedding.

12. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: gray, tan or red blend. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4”x8” nominal in size.

13. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.

14. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

**C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs**

- **Applicable**  
- **N/A**

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

![Ramp at Fire Station Entry](image-url)
1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

**C05.1.2. Lighting**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  2

1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.

2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

**C06. LANDSCAPE**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
[http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html](http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html)

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape:
C06.1. Climate-based Materials

- Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.

- Plants should be able to survive without the introduction of potable water after establishment.
1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.

2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.

3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base’s stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.
4. All Facility Group 1 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.

5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.

6. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water. Low plants should be spaced within 1 to 5 meters of building walls, and trees should be 5 meters away. The low plants should have a height of 1 meter or less, and new, small trees should be 2 meters high.

7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.

8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.

9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.

10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.

11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.

12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.

13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

14. Shrubs should be planted no more than 1 meter on center and should resemble a solid mass rather than individual plants when mature.

15. Protect or relocate existing trees and vegetation where appropriate. In general, group plants to minimize maintenance.
C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.

2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

2. Utilize raised planting beds to reduce irrigation requirements. The wall of planting beds can be used for seating. Plant flowering shrubs or ornamental trees.
C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.

2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the current Plant List available from the Base Civil Engineer.

3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.

5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.

6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.

7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the Base Landscape Architect.

8. Plant materials with invasive root systems shall not be used near buildings, utility or sewer lines or within 7 meters of any paved surface.

**C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)**

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Array of Plants in Island
1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.

2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.

3. New buildings shall cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.

4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).

5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.
C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of native landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.

2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.

3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.
C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.

2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

3. Compact shrubbery and accent specimen trees higher than 45 cm shall not be planted within 2 meters of street curbs or shoulders.
4. Rows of trees in a regular pattern are recommended along arterial and collector streets, but only if they can survive without potable water after establishment. The arterial trees should be minimum 8 cm caliper with a clear trunk of 2.5 to 3 meters, and collector trees should be minimum 6 cm caliper with a clear trunk of 2 meters.

5. Groupings of 3 or more trees, spaced 8 to 18 meters are recommended for local streets. These groupings should generally be spaced no more than 35 meters apart. These trees should have a minimum caliper of 5 cm and a clear trunk of 2 meters.

**C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping**

- **Applicable**
- **N/A**
- Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

- **Applicable**
- **N/A**
- Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.

3. Provide wind breaks where required.

C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert  1
- Applicable  N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  3

1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 10 percent of the total area.
2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.

3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.

4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive snowmelt and rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

- Applicable
- N/A

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert

- Applicable
- N/A

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert

Hedge Forming Boundary at Track

Accent Trees at Wall

Vines in Mesh Screen Entry

Double Row of Trees
1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.

2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.

3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.

4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

5. For every 35 linear meters of area to be screened, plant a minimum of 10 evergreen trees in a staggered row. These trees should be 2 to 3 meters on center and a minimum of 2 meters high. If deciduous trees are used for screening, three 5 cm caliper trees should be planted for every 35 linear meters. Deciduous trees should be planted in the foreground. Do not plant chestnut trees, and replace them in areas of renovation. Large shrubs may be used to screen views below eye level.

C06.1.11. Other

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Small graphics do not apply

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Large graphics do not apply

☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A  Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert  3

Bus Shelter with Bench  Bicycle Rack  Bench and Bike Rack

1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.

3. Site furnishings shall be primarily precast concrete or powder coated metal. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.

5. Benches in Groups 1, 2, and 3 shall be precast concrete or powder coated metal. Recreational areas may use wood benches when protected by a roof structure. Seating shall be provided at a minimum level of 30 cm of seating for every 21 square meters of plaza space. Low walls and planters may also function as seating space.

6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building’s main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.

7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use precast concrete in Groups 1 and 2, and steel bollards in Group 3; bollards in recreational areas may be heavy timber. Where space permits, permanently set, large cast-concrete planters shall be used in lieu of bollards. Gas cabinets, fuel tanks, hydrants and PIVs located adjacent to roadways or parking areas must be protected against impact by heavy duty galvanized steel pipe, min. 25 cm in diameter, filled with steel rebar and concrete rounded on top. The bollard shall be installed on a foundation and extend at least 100 cm above grade. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis.

8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building’s main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.

9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.

10. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.

11. Refer to the Overview Section “Facility Hierarchy” topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.

12. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using concrete or unit masonry walls with a stone face, metal roof structure, and concrete tile roof. The shelter shall have a bench, ash receptacle, and a curb cut to the street (if elevated).

13. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base’s approval process and designed following IFS.

14. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 when finished to match the adjacent building.

15. For fencing, apply the standards for “Products, Materials and Color” in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.

16. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1 or 2 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.

17. Wood fencing may be used in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.

18. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Group 1, 2 and 3 with screen walls to match the adjacent building; all gates shall be metal factory finished dark bronze.
19. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning. Any screen walls built of concrete or CMU shall be faced with stucco.

20. Group 1, 2, and 3 picnic tables and seating shall be precast concrete or powder coated metal. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district. Generally limit barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.

21. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.

22. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.

23. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicable</th>
<th>N/A</th>
<th>Number of base standards 2</th>
<th>Image Tool 250 x 188</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **Type:** Charcoal
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Natural stainless steel
- **Finish:** Mill
- **Model #:** SS BBQ grill
- **Other:** Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect

UFGS: N/A
Type: **Natural Gas**

**Applies to:**
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** BBQ Coach

**Color:** Natural stainless steel

**Finish:** Mill

**Model #:** 32" 4-burner

**Other:** Built-in concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect

**UFGS:** N/A

---

**C07.2.2. Benches**

**Applicable**  
Number of base standards 2  
Image Tool 250 x 188

**Type:** Concrete

**Applies to:**
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** Local, TBD

**Color:** Natural light gray

**Finish:** Standard finish (smooth)

**Model #:** Match existing benches in use

**Other:** May have red components to match existing

**UFGS:** N/A
Type: **Metal**

- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other

- **Mfr:** TBD

- **Color:** Match adjoining site furnishings

- **Finish:** Powder coated

- **Model #:** Match metal benches in use; metal frame with horizontal bars

- **Other:** N/A

---

### C07.2.3. Bike Racks

- [ ] Applicable  [ ] N/A  Number of base standards 2

**Recommended Image:**

**Example of Bench Type**

**Size image to:**

250 pixels width x 188 pixels height

**Click here to insert image**

**UFGS:** N/A

---

Type: **Style 1 Open**

- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other

- **Mfr:** TBD

- **Color:** Natural concrete, terra cotta metal

- **Finish:** Factory

- **Model #:** Precast ends with round bars; match existing bicycle racks

- **Other:** N/A

---

**UFGS:** N/A
### Style 2 Covered

**Type:** Style 2 Covered  
**Applies to:**  
- Group 1  
- Group 2  
- Group 3  
- Group 4  
- Other  
**Mfr:** TBD  
**Color:** Match adjacent site furnishings  
**Finish:** Powder coat  
**Model #:** Metal frame and canopy; match existing covered racks  
**Other:** N/A  
**UFGS:** N/A

#### C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

- **Applicable:** Yes  
- **N/A:** No  

#### C07.2.5. Bollards

- **Applicable:** Yes  
- **N/A:** No  
  - **Number of base standards:** 4  
  - **Image Tool:** 250 x 188

**Type:** Lighted Round Dome Top  
**Applies to:**  
- Group 1  
- Group 2  
- Group 3  
- Group 4  
- Other  
**Mfr:** TBD  
**Color:** Clear  
**Finish:** Anodized aluminum  
**Model #:** Aluminum round lighted bollard  
**Other:** Flared cone, 3000K LED lamp  
**UFGS:** N/A
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type: Force Protection, Building Protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr: Custom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color: Blend with adjacent building; yellow when near traffic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish: Powder coat; reflective strip at top if protecting building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #: 6” min steel, flat top, or concrete filled with rounded top</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other: Bollard may be left galvanized in remote areas; bollards should be installed on a foundation and extend at least 100 cm above grade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UFGS: N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type: Pop-up Bollard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr: TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color: Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish: Factory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #: Match existing pop-up bollards in size, materials, and control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other: Coordinate crash rating with BCE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UFGS: N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Type: **Precast Concrete**

- Applies to: 🟢 Group 1  🟢 Group 2  🟢 Group 3  🟢 Group 4  🟢 Other
- Mfr: Local, TBD
- Color: Natural gray, may have recessed copper band to match planters
- Finish: Light texture
- Model #: Match existing concrete bollards
- Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

### C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

- Type: **Style 1**
- Applies to: 🟢 Group 1  🟢 Group 2  🟢 Group 3  🟢 Group 4  🟢 Other
- Mfr: Custom
- Color: White and faced with local, natural stone
- Finish: Rough on exterior, smooth inside
- Model #: Stone veneer on concrete or masonry wall, gabled roof
- Other: Provide built-in bench; steel roof structure with wood deck and concrete or clay tile roof

UFGS: N/A
C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

- **Type:** Pedestal
- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [x] Group 2
  - [x] Group 3
  - [x] Group 4
  - [x] Other
- **Mfr:** Belson Outdoors (or equivalent)
- **Color:** Desert Sand
- **Finish:** Exposed aggregate
- **Model #:** 3060-CC
- **Other:** Provide drain and freeze-proof shutoff

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

- **Type:** Masonry and Steel
- **Applies to:**
  - [x] Group 1
  - [x] Group 2
  - [x] Group 3
  - [x] Group 4
  - [x] Other
- **Mfr:** Custom
- **Color:** Integral color stucco to match adjacent building
- **Finish:** Light texture
- **Model #:** Masonry wall with stucco finish; precast wall cap; powder coated gates
- **Other:** Provide concrete pad under dumpsters and rollout pad

UFGS: Section 04 0 00 Unit Masonry
C07.2.9. Fencing

Type: Style A Barrier: High security, High visibility

Applicable

N/A

Number of base standards 4

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Black or dark bronze

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)

Other: Split Face, beige CMU piers may be used

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Type: Style B Barrier: High security, Medium visibility

Applicable

N/A

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Dark brown

Finish: Powder coat

Model #: Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals

Other: Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; Close all ends of tubing

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
### Style C Barrier: High security, Low visibility

- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other

- **Mfr:** TBD

- **Color:** Black or dark bronze

- **Finish:** Powder coated galvanized steel

- **Model #:** Chain link, steel posts and rails, gates and accessories

- **Other:** Posts and rails in heights, lengths and gauges as required, (see Appendix for Facility Districts requirements)

- **UFGS:** Section 32 31 13 Chain Link Fences and Gates

### Style D Barrier: Low security, High visibility

- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** Dark gray fencing

- **Finish:** Powder coated metal

- **Model #:** Steel posts, rails and pickets

- **Other:** Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 2"x2", Pickets: 1"x1" (6"o.c.); close all ends of tubing

- **UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal
C07.2.10. Flagpoles

Applicable ☑ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Style 1**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TDB

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Satin lustre

Model #: Internal Halyard

Other: 5” Butt Dia. 33’ H (30’ Exposed)

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

Applicable ☑ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Style 1: Precast Concrete**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Light gray

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Round or square

Other: Rigid plastic internal liner

UFGS: N/A
### Style 2: Metal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applies to:</th>
<th>Group 1</th>
<th>Group 2</th>
<th>Group 3</th>
<th>Group 4</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Black or as approved

**Finish:** Perforated pattern

**Model #:** Urbanscape “E” with liner, 32 Gallon

**Other:** With dome top, without side door

**UFGS:** N/A

---

### C07.2.13. Picnic Tables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type: Precast Concrete</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Applies to:**

- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Other

---

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Natural concrete

**Finish:** Smooth

**Model #:** Rectilinear design with eased edges

**Other:** N/A

**UFGS:** N/A
### Metal, Vinyl Coated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applies to:</th>
<th>Group 1 □</th>
<th>Group 2 □</th>
<th>Group 3 □</th>
<th>Group 4 □</th>
<th>Other □</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>TBD</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Brown or as approved</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Factory vinyl coated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>Signature Series, 46&quot; Square Pedestal Tables with 4 Seats</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Perforated pattern, In-ground mount</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** N/A

---

### Precast Concrete

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applies to:</th>
<th>Group 1 ☑</th>
<th>Group 2 ☑</th>
<th>Group 3 □</th>
<th>Group 4 □</th>
<th>Other □</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>Local precast company</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Light gray</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Smooth casting with recessed copper band</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>Round or lozenge shape</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Use in place of protective bollards where practical</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** N/A

---

**C07.2.14. Planters**

- **Applicable:** Yes
- **N/A:** No
- **Number of base standards:** 1

![Example of Picnic Table Type](image)

Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height

[Click here to insert image]

- **Type:** Precast Concrete
- **Color:** Light gray
- **Finish:** Smooth casting with recessed copper band
- **Model #:** Round or lozenge shape
- **Other:** Use in place of protective bollards where practical

**UFGS:** N/A
### C07.2.15. Play Equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Steel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to</td>
<td>Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Varies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Powder coated steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #</td>
<td>Modular system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Coordinate with Base Architect</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** N/A

### C07.2.16. Screen Walls

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Stucco / Terracotta Block</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to</td>
<td>Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr</td>
<td>Custom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Beige stucco, natural red terracotta block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Sand finis stucco</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #</td>
<td>Stucco piers with block infill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Stucco: 2’x2’, height as required, equally spaced 3’ to 6’ to course with infill block; steel gates; close all ends</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal
### C07.2.17. Tree Grates

- **Type:** Cast Iron
- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Natural cast iron
- **Finish:** Cast
- **Model #:** 2-Piece, round or square
- **Other:** N/A

### C07.2.18. Other

- **Applicable:** N/A

### C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html
1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.

2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life-cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and life span while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.

3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.

4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.

5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.

6. Raised “standout” letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01.

8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.

9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.

10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.

11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider “bracketing” a designated area with a single sign at each end.

12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.

13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.

14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.

16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.

17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.

18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications**

- **Applicable** ☐ N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- **Applicable** ☐ N/A  Small graphics do not apply


2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.

3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
   a. Standard Blue
   b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
   c. Standard Red
   d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
   e. Standard White
   f. Standard Brown

**Materials and Color Specifications**

- **Applicable** ☐ N/A  Number of base standards 3

**Type:** Typical Sign Face

- **Applies to:** ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☒ Group 4 ☐ Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** Medium bronze

- **Finish:** Matte vinyl

- **Model #:** Aluminum flat sheet

- **Other:** Mount to square posts. Provide sizes following UFC.

**UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type: **Typical Sign Post**

Applies to: [ ] Group 1 [ ][ ] Group 2 [ ][ ] Group 3 [ ] Group 4 [ ] Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Dark bronze, powder coat finish

Finish: Matte

Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

---

Type: **Typical Sign Base**

Applies to: [ ] Group 1 [ ][ ] Group 2 [ ][ ] Group 3 [ ] Group 4 [ ] Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Sonotube-formed

Model #: 24” height x 12” diameter, as engineered.

Other: At grade with 3/4” chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.

UFGS: UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete
### C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No
- **Number of base standards**: 1

**Type:** Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)

- **Mfr.:** Custom
- **Color:** Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC
- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face
- **Model #:** Metal frame and panels, buff stone base
- **Other:** White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.

**UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

### C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No
- **Number of base standards**: 5

**Type:** Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)

- **Mfr.:** Custom
- **Color:** Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face
- **Model #:** Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
- **Other:** Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

**UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
**Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)**

- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face

- **Model #:** Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

- **Other:** Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

**UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

---

**Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)**

- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face

- **Model #:** Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

- **Other:** Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

**UFGS:** Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
**Wall Mounted**

- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** Medium brown, white lettering

- **Finish:** Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet

- **Model #:** Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering

- **Other:** Provide layout and sizes following UFC.

**Glass Mounted**

- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other

- **Mfr:** Custom

- **Color:** White vinyl lettering

- **Finish:** Matte vinyl

- **Model #:** Machine-cut sheet vinyl

- **Other:** Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.

**UFGS:** N/A
C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

- **Type:** Street Signs
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr:** Custom
- **Color:** White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background
- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face
- **Model #:** Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted
- **Other:** Mount 7’ above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

- **Type:** Vehicular
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr:** Custom
- **Color:** Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering
- **Finish:** Powder coat or vinyl sign face
- **Model #:** Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
- **Other:** Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Type:</strong></th>
<th>Pedestrian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Applies to:</strong></td>
<td>[ ] Group 1  [ ] Group 2  [ ] Group 3  [ ] Group 4  [ ] Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mfr.:</strong></td>
<td>Custom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color:</strong></td>
<td>Medium brown face, dark bronze posts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finish:</strong></td>
<td>Powder coat or vinyl sign face</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model #:</strong></td>
<td>Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other:</strong></td>
<td>White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UFGS:</strong></td>
<td>Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**C08.1.6. Informational Signs**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.

2. Static display signs shall have standard bronze color.

3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.

**C08.1.7. Motivational Signage**

- Applicable  N/A  Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable  N/A  Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.

2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.

3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.

4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.

2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from “over signage.”

3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.

C08.1.10. Other
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

C09. LIGHTING
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html
1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.

2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.

5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.

6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.

7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.

8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.

9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.

10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.

11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.

12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1 and 2 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.

14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.

15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.

16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.

17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Applicable ☑ N/A  Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: Style 1

Applies to:
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)

Finish: Factory

Model #: Rectilinear cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer’s recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A

Type: Style 2

Applies to:
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Factory

Model #: Round cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount

Other: Lamps: LED. Follow manufacturer’s recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A
C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

Applicable  N/A  Number of base standards 2

Type: Parking Lot Style 1

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Group 4  Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)

Finish: Factory

Model #: Rectilinear or round cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer’s recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A

Type: Parking Lot Fixture Base

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Group 4  Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete
**C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards**

Applicable: ☑ N/A

- **Type:** Lighted Round Dome Top
- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Match existing
- **Finish:** Anodized aluminum
- **Model #:** Match existing
- **Other:** Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

**UFGS:** N/A

**C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting**

Applicable: ☑ N/A

- **Type:** Rectilinear Cutoff
- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)
- **Finish:** Anodized aluminum
- **Model #:** Rectilinear cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount
- **Other:** Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

**UFGS:** N/A
### C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting

- **Type:** Style 1
- **Applies to:**
  - [ ] Group 1
  - [ ] Group 2
  - [ ] Group 3
  - [ ] Group 4
  - [ ] Other
- **Mfr:** Vista Lighting
- **Color:** Dark bronze anodized
- **Finish:** Smooth
- **Model #:** Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered
- **Other:** Lamps: LED

---

### C09.2.6. Other

- **Applicable:** No
- **N/A:** Yes
D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

- **Applicable**: Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

OPTIONAL: Insert Facilities Exteriors graphic that represents the base-wide standard
Size image to:
800 pixels width x 440 pixels in height
Click here to insert image (jpg or png format)

Contemporary Architectural Features

Base Standard Materials

Cohesive Palette of Materials and Color

Portico at School

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission:

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability:
D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.
D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred with fixed shading for appropriate levels of heat gain in the spring, summer and autumn months resulting in less overall energy usage.

2. Generally orient the main entrance, the majority of windows and parking areas to the south, maximizing solar heat gain.

3. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular and curvilinear geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances or stairwells.

4. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.

5. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories shall be considered on a case basis. In general, multi-story buildings are encouraged. Stress horizontal proportions in facades of 2 or more stories.

6. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.

7. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

8. Courtyards and other outdoor gathering places are encouraged. The courtyard width should exceed the height of surrounding buildings.

9. Taller portions of a structure should be located toward the rear of a site. Avoid blank building walls facing streets.

D03.2. Architectural Character


2. Respond to the local climate with environmentally functional architectural features. Understated references to the historical architecture may be made but avoid directly reproducing features and ornamental detailing.

3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity with the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials, and colors.

4. Reinforce the regional vernacular theme, which is generally characterized by light colored stucco or stone buildings, porticos with columns, windows in a pattern, arched entrances and clay tile roofs.

5. Projecting porches or recessed entrances are desired. Columns in Group 1 should be stone or covered with stucco. Rectilinear ground-face concrete masonry unit (CMU) columns may be used in Groups 2 and 3. Refer to D08. Structural Systems.

6. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide louvers, overhangs and other strategies to optimize heat gain and reduce glare and to improve energy efficiency. Use only low-maintenance and highly durable materials.

7. Minimize exterior surface area to maximize energy conservation. Earth sheltering concepts may be used when approved by the BCE.

8. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

D03.3. Details and Color

1. Provide a compatible palette of earth-tone colors related to existing facilities in concrete, masonry, stucco and powder-coated nonferrous metals. Refer to wall systems and roof systems for detailed material listings.
2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number. Group 1 is reserved for the highest quality detailing.

3. Use only integrally colored or factory finished materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.

4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.

5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.

6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.

7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

- Climate dominated by mechanical cooling
- Climate dominated by mechanical heating
- Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs
- Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs
- Climate with high humidity
- Climate with moderate humidity
- Climate with low humidity
- High Solar Insolation
- Moderate Solar Insolation
- Low Solar Insolation
- Soils with High Thermal Conductivity
- Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity
- Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity

Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion.

Other:

Facility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred

Wall: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling)

Doors: Projecting roofs or recesses are desired at entrances
**Windows:** Limit north-facing windows and appropriately locate windows on south façades to optimize solar heat gain when needed

**Roof:** Medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities

**Structure:** Do not expose ferrous metals; Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete

**MEP:** Ground-source radiant heating and heat recovery following LCCA

**Other:** Internal thermal mass walls may be used for cooling following LCCA.

**Other:** Optimize shading devices to allow appropriate levels of solar heat gain year-round

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th><strong>Style 1 Aluminum Windows</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to:</td>
<td>[ ] Group 1  [ ] Group 2  [ ] Group 3  [ ] Group 4  [ ] Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Dark bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Anodized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>2x4, sliding type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Provide thermally broken frames</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts
### Style 2 Steel Windows

**Type:** Style 2 Steel Windows  

**Applies to:**  
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** Local, TBD  

**Color:** Dark bronze, silver, or white to blend with adjacent wall color  

**Finish:** Powder coated  

**Model #:** 2x4 frame, sliding type  

**Other:** Provide thermally broken frames

**UFGS:** Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

---

### D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

**Applicable**  
- Yes  
- No  
- N/A  

**Number of base standards:** 1  

**Image:** Example of Natural Ventilation  

**Size image:** 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height  

**Click here to insert image**

**Type:** Style 1 Interior Wall Material  

**Applies to:**  
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** Custom  

**Color:** Beige  

**Finish:** Light texture  

**Model #:** Modular face brick or ground-face CMU  

**Other:** Generally limited to administrative areas of Group 3

**UFGS:** Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
**D03.3.4. Thermal Shading**

**Type:** Style 1 Wall Devices Aluminum

**Applies to:** Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☑ Group 4 ☐ Other

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Match color of wall or frame to which the unit is attached

**Finish:** Factory anodized

**Model #:** Louver

**Other:** Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

**UFGS:** Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

**Type:** Style 2 Wall Devices Steel

**Applies to:** Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☑ Group 4 ☐ Other

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Match color of wall or frame

**Finish:** Factory powder coated

**Model #:** Louver

**Other:** Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

**UFGS:** Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames
D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Type: **Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)**

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

Type: **Ground-Mounted PV Panels**

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector, fixed or, when applicable, tracking

Other: Coordinate with local utility provider

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems
Type: **Roof-Mounted PV Array**

Applies to:  
- Group 1  
- Group 2  
- Group 3  
- Group 4  
- Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector

Other: Coordinate with local utility provider and roofing manufacturer

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

---

**D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System**

Applicable

Number of base standards 1

Type: **Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels**

Applies to:  
- Group 1  
- Group 2  
- Group 3  
- Group 4  
- Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors
D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.
D04.1. Primary Entrances

1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projected covering for weather protection in a color to contrast with the overall facade. Generally provide sloped metal or clay tile roofs supported by exposed non-ferrous metal and/or concrete structure that will endure without degradation due to weathering and with zero to very low maintenance requirements. Ensure an appropriate level of quality consistent with the Facility Group designation.

2. Provide a gabled roof over all entrances to shed wateraway from pedestrians. Covered arcade elements may be used for Facility Group 1.

3. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1. Design vestibules (air locks) to minimize heat loss during the action of opening and closing doors.

4. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized uncluttered appearance.

5. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.

6. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.

7. Develop roof form and slopes to avoid the need for gutters and to prevent water from discharging onto sidewalks.

8. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.

2. Reflect the general character of the primary entrance but to a lesser extent with a smaller scale and to blend with the adjacent wall using a matching color.

3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection.

4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.

5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.

6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas where there is a documented need; provide weatherstripping and appropriate insulation for all doors including those used only for life safety egress.

7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.

8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.
D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable
D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2, and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.

2. Group 1 and 2 facilities shall be predominantly stucco. The bottom portion of the wall may be stucco, ground-face CMU or local stone. If EIFS is used on walls, the lower portion of walls shall be finished with a durable, impact resistant material such as stone. Any stone will be left natural. Include textures and detailing on walls that is compatible with local architecture.

3. Small scale Group 3 buildings may be stucco or EIFS with the lower portion of walls finished as noted above. Large-scale Group 3 facilities shall be stucco, insulated metal panels or tilt-up concrete. EIFS may be used at upper levels and otherwise where protected from impacts.

4. Group 4 does not apply at this base because accompanied personnel housing is off-base.

5. Multi-story Group 1, 2 and 3 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit Group 1 and 2 facilities to three field colors and Group 3 facilities to two field colors.

6. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.

7. Use detailing that is not subject to excessive weathering. Generally provide wall accents consistently throughout the base for each facility group.

8. Use integrally colored concrete and masonry with clear sealers when recommended by the manufacturer. Do not paint concrete or concrete masonry units (CMU).

9. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Groups 1, 2 and 3 with appropriate insulation.

10. Exterior marble shall be Giallo d'Istria as used on the BX/Commissary.

11. New buildings shall have materials with integral colors which match the Base standards. Existing surfaces may be painted to match the standard Baldini Vernici wall colors. The primary trim color is Grau Braun RAL 8019. Consult the Base Civil Engineer for the color standards for building types and materials.

12. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.

2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.

3. Integrate fixed shading devices to reduce glare and promote daylighting in interiors. Generally promote solar gain into interiors as a passive design measure to reduce energy use.

4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.

5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action per UFGS 07 60 00 Flashing and Sheet Metal.

6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.

7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel, exposed glued laminated construction or other materials that require field painting.

8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
9. Refer to D07. Roofs for parapets.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.

2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.

3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Stucco over CMU
- **Secondary:** Stone, EIFS
- **Accent:** Optional: Stone

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Stucco over CMU
- **Secondary:** Stone, ground-face CMU, EIFS
- **Accent:** Optional: Stone

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Insulated metal panels, stucco, tilt-up concrete
- **Secondary:** Insulated metal panels, ground-face CMU, EIFS
- **Accent:** N/A

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** N/A
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Accent:** N/A

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

Applicable  N/A  Number of base standards 1

Type: Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Light

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Group 4  Other

Mfr: TBD

Model #: Insulated Metal Wall System

Color: Beige

Finish: Heavy stucco-embossed

Other: N/A


Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Applicable  N/A

D05.4.3. Architectural Precast

Applicable  N/A

D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

Applicable  N/A  Number of base standards 1

Type: 3-Coat Cementitious Stucco over Sheathing or Masonry

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Group 4  Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: 3-coat cementitious, trowel applied

Color: Beige

Finish: Sand

Other: Accent color may be used

## D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No

## D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No

## D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No
- **Number of base standards**: 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Tilt-up Concrete</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 2</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 3</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 4</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr</td>
<td>Local, TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Light beige, integral color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Light texture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Do not paint; clear sealer may be applied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UFGS</td>
<td>Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete: [Link](<a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 03 47 13.pdf)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

- **Applicable**: Yes
- **N/A**: No
- **Number of base standards**: 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Lap Seam</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 2</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 3</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 4</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #</td>
<td>Lap seam panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Beige</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Embossed texture, factory finished</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>24 gauge steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UFGS</td>
<td>Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: [Link](<a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 07 42 13.pdf)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
D05.4.9. EIFS

Type: **Exterior Insulation and Finish System**

- Applies to: □ Group 1 □ Group 2 □ Group 3 □ Group 4 □ Other
- Mfr: TBD
- Model #: Mechanically fastened, continuous insulation
- Color: Beige
- Finish: Sand
- Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE

D05.4.10. GFRC

- Type: **Local, TBD**
- Applies to: □ Group 1 □ Group 2 □ Group 3 □ Group 4 □ Other
- Mfr: Local, TBD
- Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units
- Color: Light beige or gray
- Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate
- Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE
- UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: [http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf)

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

- Type: **Local, TBD**
- Applies to: □ Group 1 □ Group 2 □ Group 3 □ Group 4 □ Other
- Mfr: Local, TBD
- Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units
- Color: Light beige or gray
- Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate
- Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE
- UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: [http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf)

D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

- Type: **N/A**
**D05.4.13. Other**

**Applicable**  
**N/A**  
**Number of base standards** 2

**Type:** **Continuous Stucco over CMU**

- **Applies to:**  
  - Group 1  
  - Group 2  
  - Group 3  
  - Group 4  
  - Other

- **Mfr:** Local, TBD

- **Model #:** Trowel applied

- **Color:** Beige

- **Finish:** Sand finish

- **Other:** N/A

- **UFGS:** Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco

---

**Type:** **Natural Stone Veneer**

- **Applies to:**  
  - Group 1  
  - Group 2  
  - Group 3  
  - Group 4  
  - Other

- **Mfr:** Local TBD

- **Model #:** Slabs

- **Color:** Natural buff

- **Finish:** Fine texture

- **Other:** N/A

- **UFGS:** Section 07 24 00 Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems  
D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

![Recommended Image: Facility showing doors and windows](image-url)
Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height
Click here to insert image

![Recommended Image: Window system](image-url)
Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height
Click here to insert image

![Recommended Image: Door system](image-url)
Size image to: 250 pixels width x 188 pixels height
Click here to insert image

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable
D06.1. Types

1. Dark bronze or clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with insulation and thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3. Clear finish is preferred in heavily used administrative areas because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match existing. The primary entry door may be a different color to help identify it.

2. Windows should generally be operable slider type.

3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations. Heavy-duty doors shall be specified for all high-traffic areas.

4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.

5. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2, but these may be used in any application in Group 3 facilities.

6. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color for an inconspicuous appearance.

7. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.

8. Windows must meet force protection requirements.

9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.

10. Make efforts to contain noise at its source with properly gasketed doors per UFC 3-450-01 Noise and Vibration Control.

11. Provide a 2 cm deep by 15 cm wide raised frame for wall openings made of stucco, natural stone, or precast concrete. If not stone or concrete, it shall have the color BiancoSporco color 400-OX-154.

12. Sills and thresholds for Groups 1 and 2 shall be stone. Sills and thresholds for Group 3 shall be metal.

Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure; generally minimize glazing on north-facing facades.

2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.

3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.

4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion.

5. Varying the window size and framing at each floor level provides visual interest and meets local practice. Small windows (1.5 to 3 meter square) provide a “human scale” for the ground level. Significant buildings may have larger windows.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.

2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.

4. Do not use mirrored glazing.

5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
6. Where appropriate for the facility use, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

**D06.4. Hardware**

1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.

2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.

3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.

4. Use consistent finishes and colors on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.

5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

6. All locks must be compatible with existing key-removable 7-pin euro style interchangeable core Base standard. The installation standard is Best hardware. Panic hardware should be either Von Duprin or Precision. Any pushbutton locks require AFI reference stating the necessity thereof.

**D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

**D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicable</th>
<th>N/A</th>
<th>Number of base standards</th>
<th>Image Tool 250 x 188</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type: **Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Dark bronze anodized or clear anodized

Finish: Matte

Model #: 2x4 frames

Other: Provide thermally broken frames

D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

- Type: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames
- Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Group 5
- Mfr: TBD
- Color: Medium or dark bronze
- Finish: Powder coated, satin
- Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing
- Other: Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress


D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

- Applicable

D06.5.4. Other

- Applicable
D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.
D07.1. Roof Type and Form

1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.

2. Generally match the roof type and form of immediately adjacent existing facilities in new construction. Hip roofs are preferred.

3. Group 1 and 2 facilities under a 5,000 sf footprint and/or narrow in plan geometry, shall have shed, gabled or hipped clay tile (rounded or 'coppi' style) roofs. Larger facilities may use sloped-roof features in conjunction with predominantly minimal-sloped “flat” membrane roofs.

4. Group 3 facilities shall have clay tile (flat ‘marsigliese’ style) or standing seam metal roofs, and large industrial facilities may use minimal-sloped “flat” membrane roofs. Standing seam metal roofs may be approved by the Base Civil Engineer for large buildings.

5. Generally follow local practices for “Cold Roof” design, which optimizes venting and air movement with appropriate coordination of the thermal envelope. Provide roof configurations that minimize or eliminate snow management requirements.

6. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment, which are clad to match standing seam roofs or parapet walls.

7. Translucent panels and skylights are not permitted in roofs.

8. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall to avoid drainage onto wall surfaces.

9. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.

10. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.

11. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.

12. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.

13. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.

14. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.

15. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D07.2. Roof Slope

1. Group 1 and 2 buildings with sloped roofs shall slope min. 3:12.

2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures of Groups 1, 2 and 3 with a minimum slope of 1:12.

3. Ensure adequate drainage, and connect internal drains to the subsurface rain collection system where available.

4. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.

5. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings
1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

**D07.4. Color and Reflectivity**

1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1, 2 and 3 should be terra cotta color; generally match the color of any immediately adjacent facilities.

2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs should use at least medium-albedo, medium reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around buildings and to minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.

3. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.

4. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

**D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains**

1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia. Roofs shall not drain to an interior courtyard.

2. Internal roof drainage systems are allowed for minimal-slope applications. Ensure adequate overflow drainage in the event of blockage.

3. All gutters and fascias shall match the roof color.

4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.

5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.

6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.

7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally match or blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).

8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes.

9. All downspouts shall be solid.

10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.

11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.

12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks. Provide concrete splash blocks or cast iron receivers at grade, connected to the storm drainage system where available.

**D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements**

1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.

2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.

3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.

4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
5. Screen all large vents.

6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.

7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.

8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.

9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered, inconspicuous appearance and integrated into the organization of the roof and wall systems.

10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.

11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.

12. Permanent fall protection shall be included with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

**D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights**

1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1, 2 and 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.

2. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.

3. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.

4. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

5. Skylights are not permitted.

**D07.8. Vegetated Roof**

1. Not applicable.

**D07.9. Roof Systems Materials**

*Note:* Apply the below base-wide standards for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
### D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type:</th>
<th>Standing Seam Metal</th>
</tr>
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<td>Applies to:</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Terra cotta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Matte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal; hipped preferred</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing  

### D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
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**UFGS:**  
Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing  
Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing  
(Not Available on UFGS)

### D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

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</table>

**UFGS:**  
Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing  

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**Aviano Air Base IFS**  
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[Back to Table of Contents](#)
## D07.9.4. Concrete Tile

- **Applicable**: Circle Applicable
- **N/A**: Circle N/A

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## D07.9.5. Clay Tile

- **Applicable**: Circle Applicable
- **N/A**: Circle N/A
- **Number of base standards**: 2
- **Image Tool 250 x 188**

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<tr>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model #</strong></td>
<td>Portuguese or &quot;Coppi&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other</strong></td>
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- **UFGS**: Section 07 32 13 Clay Roof Tiles
  - (Not Available on UFGS)
  - Section 07 32 14 Clay Tile Roofing Replacement or Repair

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</table>

- **UFGS**: Section 07 32 13 Clay Roof Tiles
  - (Not Available on UFGS)
  - Section 07 32 14 Clay Tile Roofing Replacement or Repair

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## D07.9.6. Slate Shingles

- **Applicable**: Circle Applicable
- **N/A**: Circle N/A

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Aviano Air Base IFS
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Applicable</th>
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<td>Vegetated System</td>
<td>☐</td>
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<tr>
<td>D07.9.8</td>
<td>Ribbed Metal Sheeting</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>D07.9.9</td>
<td>Composite Shingles</td>
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<tr>
<td>D07.9.10</td>
<td>Other</td>
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</table>
D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.
D08.1. Systems and Layouts

1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.

2. Rigid frame steel systems and concrete systems may be used following a LCCA.

3. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.

4. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.

5. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.

6. When structure is exposed on building exteriors, it must be made of concrete or non-ferrous metals such as aluminum or stainless steel. Exposed non-ferrous metals are only permitted with weatherproof non-ferrous metal cladding or precast concrete cladding. Metal cladding must be factory finished and shall not be field painted. Heavy timber or log construction is only permitted in additions when matching existing conditions, or in the Otter Lake Recreation Area.

7. When structure is exposed on building interiors, provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.

8. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.

9. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.

10. Attempt to meet requirements of both U.S. and Italian construction codes. Where there is a conflict, meet Italian norms.

11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
### D08.2.1. Concrete

- **Type:** Cast-In-Place
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4
- **Mfr.:** Custom
- **Color:** Natural gray
- **Finish:** Light texture
- **Model #:** Post and beam and/or waffle slab; tilt-up
- **Other:** Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies

**UFGS:**
- Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete
- Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete
- Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

### D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)

- **Applicable**

### D08.2.3. Steel

- **Type:** Rigid Framing
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr.:** TBD
- **Color:** Shop primed
- **Finish:** Matte
- **Model #:** Structural steel shapes
- **Other:** N/A

**UFGS:**
- Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel
### D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

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<th>Type: Moment Frame</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr: TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color: Factory primed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish: Matte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #: Moment frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system; metal building manufacturer's standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:**
- Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems (Not Available on UFGS)
- Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems
  - [pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_13_34_19.pdf)

### D08.2.5. Masonry

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Type: Load-Bearing Masonry</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr: Custom, TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color: Beige</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish: Light texture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #: Coursed unit masonry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other: Precast or cast-in-place concrete is preferred for Group 1. Concrete block may only be used in Group 1 when approved by the BCE.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**UFGS:**
- Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
  - [pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_04_20_00.pdf)

### D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type: N/A</th>
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</table>
| Applies to:
| Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Other |
| Mfr: N/A |
| Color: N/A |
| Finish: N/A |
| Model #: N/A |
| Other: N/A |

**UFGS:**
- Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel
☐ Applicable  ☒ N/A

D08.2.8. Lumber Framing
☐ Applicable  ☒ N/A

D08.2.9. Other
☐ Applicable  ☒ N/A
D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing:

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Insert Photos

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable
**D09.1. Passive and Active Systems**

1. Fully integrate passive heating systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.

2. Provide optimized passive and active systems and include heat recovery measures to improve efficiency; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors where applicable.

3. Develop renewable energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.

4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.

5. Solar domestic hot water systems are permitted following a LCCA.

6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during as applicable for the exposure.

**D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency**

1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.

2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.

3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.

4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.

5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.

6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.

7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized uncluttered appearance.

8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.

9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.

10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.

11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.

12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.
E. FACILITIES INTERIORS
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Interiors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable

Group 4
Not Applicable
E01. Building Configurations
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations:

1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a “core and shell” approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility’s life span.

2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.

3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.

4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed. Coordinate passive systems to optimize active heat-recovery systems.

5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.


7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.

8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.

9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems. Identify all heat-recovery systems and ensure their efficient operation.

10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.

11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.

12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas:

1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.

2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.

3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.

4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.

7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.

8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.

9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.

10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

**E01.1.1. Interior Design Process**

1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.

2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.

3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building’s energy performance.

4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant’s rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.

5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.

6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.

7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.

8. SID Format shall follow UFC 3-120-10.

9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

**E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations**

1. Refer to Overview Item No. 8.

**E01.2. Quality and Comfort**

1. Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort:

2. Include durability in the life-cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.

3. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.

4. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.

5. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.

6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.

7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.

8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.


**E02. Floors**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

**E02.1. Floor Materials**

**Facility Group 1** floor materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Prepared slabs (ground, polished)
- **Secondary:** Porcelain tile
- **Tertiary:** Carpet, rubber stair treads

**Facility Group 2** floor materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Prepared slabs (ground, polished)
- **Secondary:** Ceramic tile
- **Tertiary:** Carpet, rubber stair treads

**Facility Group 3** floor materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Prepared slabs (ground)
- **Secondary:** Prepared slabs (sealer)
- **Tertiary:** N/A

**Facility Group 4** floor materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** N/A
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Tertiary:** N/A

1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.

3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs

- **Type:** Style 1, Ground and Polished
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4
- **Mfr:** Local (TBD)
- **Color:** Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates
- **Finish:** Fine polished texture
- **Model #:** Medium to small aggregate
- **Other:** N/A
- **UFGS:** Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

- **Type:** Style 2, Ground and Medium Polished
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4
- **Mfr:** Local (TBD)
- **Color:** Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates
- **Finish:** Medium polished texture, slip resistant
- **Model #:** Small aggregate
- **Other:** N/A
- **UFGS:** Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

---

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

- **Applicable N/A**
E02.1.3. Quarry Tile

- **Type:** Style 1
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Earth tones
- **Finish:** Matte, slip resistant
- **Model #:** N/A
- **Other:** Use in commercial kitchen flooring

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

---

E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

- **Type:** Style 1 Porcelain
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Earth tones
- **Finish:** Matte, slip resistant
- **Model #:** Porcelain tile
- **Other:** Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling
**Type:** Style 2 Ceramic

**Applies to:** Group 1 [ ] Group 2 [ ] Group 3 [ ] Group 4 [ ] Other [ ]

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Earth tones

**Finish:** Matte, slip resistant

**Model #:** Ceramic tile, grouted

**Other:** Use in low traffic area toilet rooms

**UFGS:** Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling


---

**E02.1.5. Resilient Floor**

- **Applicable** [ ] **N/A** [ ] **Number of base standards** 1

**Type:** Style 1 Stair Treads

**Applies to:** Group 1 [ ] Group 2 [ ] Group 3 [ ] Group 4 [ ] Other [ ]

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Neutral tones

**Finish:** Factory

**Model #:** Raised design rubber tread

**Other:** Stair tread material

**UFGS:** Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf)
E02.1.6. Carpet

- Applicable
- Number of base standards: 1

Type: **Style 1**

Applies to:  
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf)

E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

- Applicable
- N/A

E02.1.8. Other

- Applicable
- N/A

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls:  

E03.1. Wall Materials
Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary**: Brick (or other as approved by the BCE)
- **Secondary**: Gypsum board (painted)
- **Tertiary**: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary**: Brick
- **Secondary**: Gypsum board (painted)
- **Tertiary**: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary**: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)
- **Secondary**: N/A
- **Tertiary**: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary**: N/A
- **Secondary**: N/A
- **Tertiary**: N/A

1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.

2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.

3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.

4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.

5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.

6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.

8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.

9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.

10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.

11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
### E03.1.1. Concrete

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type:</th>
<th>Formed Concrete</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to:</td>
<td>Group 1 ☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>Custom, TBD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Natural concrete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Medium texture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>Board-formed or sheet-formed concrete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Vertical or horizontal forming is permitted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf)

### E03.1.2. Masonry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type:</th>
<th>Modular Face Brick</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to:</td>
<td>Group 1 ☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr:</td>
<td>Local (TBD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Tan blend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish:</td>
<td>Light texture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #:</td>
<td>Coursed unit masonry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UFGS:** Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf)
### E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

- **Type**: **Style 1**
- **Applies to**:  Group 1  Group 2  Group 3
- **Mfr**: TBD
- **Color**: Earth tones
- **Finish**: Gloss, semi-gloss
- **Model #**: Ceramic wall tile
- **Other**: Located on wet walls in restrooms

**UFGS**: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling  

---

### E03.1.4. Gypsum Board

- **Type**: **Style 1**
- **Applies to**:  Group 1  Group 2  Group 3
- **Mfr**: TBD
- **Color**: Solid Earth tone colors
- **Finish**: Paint (sheen per UFGS)
- **Model #**: Tapered edge
- **Other**: N/A

**UFGS**: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf)  
Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf)

---

### E03.1.5. Metal Panels

- **Type**: **Style 1**
- **Applies to**:  Group 1  Group 2  Group 3

**UFGS**:  
Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf)  
Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf)

---
E03.1.6. Wood Paneling
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

E03.1.8. Other
☐ Applicable  ☑ N/A

E04. Ceilings
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

**Facility Group 1** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)
- **Secondary:** Grid and acoustical tile
- **Tertiary:** N/A

**Facility Group 2** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)
- **Secondary:** Grid and acoustical tile
- **Tertiary:** Gypsum board (painted)

**Facility Group 3** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)
- **Secondary:** Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)
- **Tertiary:** Gypsum board (painted)

**Facility Group 4** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

- **Primary:** N/A
- **Secondary:** N/A
- **Tertiary:** N/A

1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.

3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.
### E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

- **Type:** Style 1
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis
- **Finish:** Field painted (sheen per UFGS)
- **Model #:** Formlok floor and roof decking
- **Other:** N/A

**UFGS:** Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_05_30_00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_05_30_00.pdf)

---

### E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

- **Applicable:** N/A

---

### E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

- **Type:** Style 1 All Purpose
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4, Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** White
- **Finish:** Factory
- **Model #:** 2’x2’ with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16”
- **Other:** Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%

**UFGS:** Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_09_51_00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS_09_51_00.pdf)
**Type:** **Style 2 Kitchen**

**Applies to:**
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** White

**Finish:** Factory

**Model #:** Kitchen - 2' x 2', scrubbable

**Other:** Grid 15/16" (Ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

**UFGS:** Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf)

---

**E04.1.4. Gypsum Board**

- **Applicable:** Yes
- **N/A:** No
- **Number of base standards:** 1

**Type:** **Style 1**

**Applies to:**
- Group 1
- Group 2
- Group 3
- Group 4
- Other

**Mfr:** TBD

**Color:** Solid neutral colors (painted)

**Finish:** Paint (sheen per UFGS)

**Model #:** Tapered edge

**Other:** N/A

**UFGS:**
- Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf)
- Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf)

---

**E04.1.5. Metal Panels**

- **Applicable:** No
- **N/A:** Yes

---

**E04.1.6. Wood**

- **Applicable:** No
- **N/A:** Yes
E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products
☐ Applicable ☐ N/A

E04.1.8. Other
☐ Applicable ☐ N/A

E05. Doors and Windows
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

Facility Group 1
door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 1
door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Hardwood veneer
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2
door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2
door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Hardwood veneer
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3
door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)
Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3
door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.
Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)
Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4
door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.
Primary: N/A
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4
door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.
Primary: N/A
Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)
Tertiary: N/A
1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.

3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.

4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.

5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### E05.1.1. Aluminum

- **Type:** Style 1
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Clear anodized
- **Finish:** Factory
- **Model #:** Interior framing, (2x4 nominal framing)
- **Other:** Satin stainless steel hardware

---

**UFGS:**

Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
[https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf](https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf)
E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Type: **Steel Doors**

- Applies to: [ ] Group 1  [ ] Group 2  [x] Group 3  [ ] Group 4  [ ] Other
- Mfr: TBD
- Color: Neutral colors
- Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)
- Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid
- Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25 "galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames  
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware  
[https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf](https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf)

Type: **Steel Frames**

- Applies to: [x] Group 1  [x] Group 2  [x] Group 3  [ ] Group 4  [ ] Other
- Mfr: TBD
- Color: Neutral colors
- Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)
- Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid
- Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames  
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware  
[https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf](https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf)
E05.1.3. Wood

- **Type:** Style 1, Administrative
- **Applies to:** Group 1, Group 2, Group 3
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Natural hardwood veneer
- **Finish:** Clear sealer, satin (aqueous)
- **Model #:** 3’x7’x 1 ¾”, solid core
- **Other:** Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS:
- Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors
  [http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf)
- Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
  [https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf](https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf)

E05.1.4. Other

- **Applicable:** Yes

E06. Casework Systems

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems:

E06.1. Casework Materials

1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate

Type: **Style 1, Low Use Areas**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Combine with matching solid surface banding on casework edges

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Type: **Style 1, High Use Areas**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf
E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products

- **Type:** Style 1, Moderate Use Areas
- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Natural or amber
- **Finish:** Satin
- **Model #:** Flat grain bamboo plywood
- **Other:** FSC Certified 100%.

**UFGS:**
Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework

---

E06.1.4. Metal

- **Type:** Style 1
- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other
- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** Natural stainless steel or neutral colors (steel)
- **Finish:** Mill (stainless) or powder coated (steel)
- **Model #:** Lab, workbench, computer workstation
- **Other:** Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are subjected to heavy use.

**UFGS:**
Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf)

---

E06.1.5. Other

- **Mfr:** TBD
- **Color:** TBD
- **Finish:** TBD
- **Model #:** TBD
- **Other:** TBD

**UFGS:**
Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework
E06.2. Countertop Materials

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

Applicable Yes  N/A  Number of base standards 1

Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

---

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable Yes  N/A  Number of base standards 1

Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: Group 1  Group 2  Group 3  Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf
### E06.2.3. Natural Stone

- **Type:** Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other
- **Mfr.:** Local (TBD)
- **Color:** Neutral tones
- **Finish:** High polish, sealer
- **Model #:** Custom cut slabs
- **Other:** N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

---

### E06.2.4. Cast Stone

- **Type:** Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
- **Applies to:**
  - Group 1
  - Group 2
  - Group 3
  - Group 4
  - Other
- **Mfr.:** Local (TBD)
- **Color:** Neutral tones
- **Finish:** High polish, sealer
- **Model #:** Custom cast or cut slabs
- **Other:** N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf
### E06.2.5. Metal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Formed Metal Top</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applies to</td>
<td>Group 1, Group 2, Group 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mfr</td>
<td>Local (TBD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Natural stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Mill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model #</td>
<td>Custom fabricated countertops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework  
[http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf](http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf)

### E06.2.6. Other

| Applicable | N/A |

### E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings:  

### E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability:  

### E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories:  

No additional standards beyond AFCFS.

### E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs:  

### E08.1 Types and Color
E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

No additional standards beyond AFCFS.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication


E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency:

E09.2. Types and Color

No additional standards beyond AFCFS.
F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts:

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

![Facilities Districts Overview Map](image-url)

**Note:** Apply the base-wide standards in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

Enter No. of Facility Districts  1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.
Name of District:

Map of District

Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Applicable</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 2</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☐</td>
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<tr>
<td>Group 3</td>
<td>☑</td>
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<tr>
<td>Group 4</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FACILITY DISTRICTS
Aviano Air Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan (IDP). Each district has designated uses that support the base’s operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2. and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

1. District A
District A includes a number of community facilities, including the hospital, library, and schools. It is located toward the west end of Aviano. The facilities are pedestrian in scale, and shall follow standards for Facility Groups 1 and 2.

2. District C
District C includes the Civil Engineering Complex, the Self Help Store and several maintenance shop facilities. It is located just south of Aviano. The facilities are pedestrian in scale and should follow standards for Facility Groups 2 and 3.

3. District D
District D, south of Aviano, is a recreational area and includes sports fields, open air playground, playground and a lodge. The lodge is pedestrian in scale and should follow guidelines for Facility Group 2.

4. District E
District E, adjacent to District D, contains the Contracting Squadron, American Forces Radio Network, Carabinieri (Italian police), CPO, 401 AEG and OSI. It is pedestrian in scale and should follow guidelines for Facility Group 2.

5. District F
District F is about one mile south of Aviano, and it is the largest district. It contains the flightline, supporting facilities, and numerous community services. The facilities are mostly pedestrian in scale and should follow guidelines for Facility Groups 1 and 2. Industrial buildings such as hangars are monumental in scale and should follow guidelines for Facility Group 3.

G. APPENDIX - References
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards:
http://afcs.wbdg.org/index.html

Note: The below listed Supplementary Documents are provided as part of this IFS and shall become fully part of the IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS shall govern.

Aviano AB Security Design
(Superseded by UFC 4-010-01)

Aviano AB Fire Protection
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Civil Design
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Structural Design
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Mechanical Design
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Electrical Design
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Communication Systems Design
Link to be Determined

Aviano AB Environmental Standards
Link to be Determined