ALI AL SALEM AIR BASE
INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)


Installation Elements


Site Development


Facilities Exteriors


Facilities Interiors

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Date: 2025.03.27 16:13:14 +03'00'

AIR FORCE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS

2025

Ali Al Salem Air Base IFS

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A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.

2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.

3. All Air Force designs including Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to conform to AFCFS per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023; AFCFS will be used to formulate Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) per the AFI. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IFS.

4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract will be the governing version.

5. *Advanced Modeling Requirements:*
   For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) *for more information on M3 and PxP.*

6. Joint Bases will implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.

7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to Appendix G for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.

8. Host Nation Facilities: Use the International Building Code(r) (IBC) for planning, design and construction of all facilities built for Host Nation personnel use outside of the United States and its territories and possessions. Use the IBC in conjunction with Status of Forces agreements (SOFA), bilateral agreements or other Host Nation (HN) agreements.
   UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code: https://www.wbdg.org/dod/ufc/ufc-1-200-01

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Uniform Spacing of Repetitive Facilities

Group 1 Gate Facilities

Group 2 Facilities

Group 3 Industrial Facility

A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

A02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections):
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

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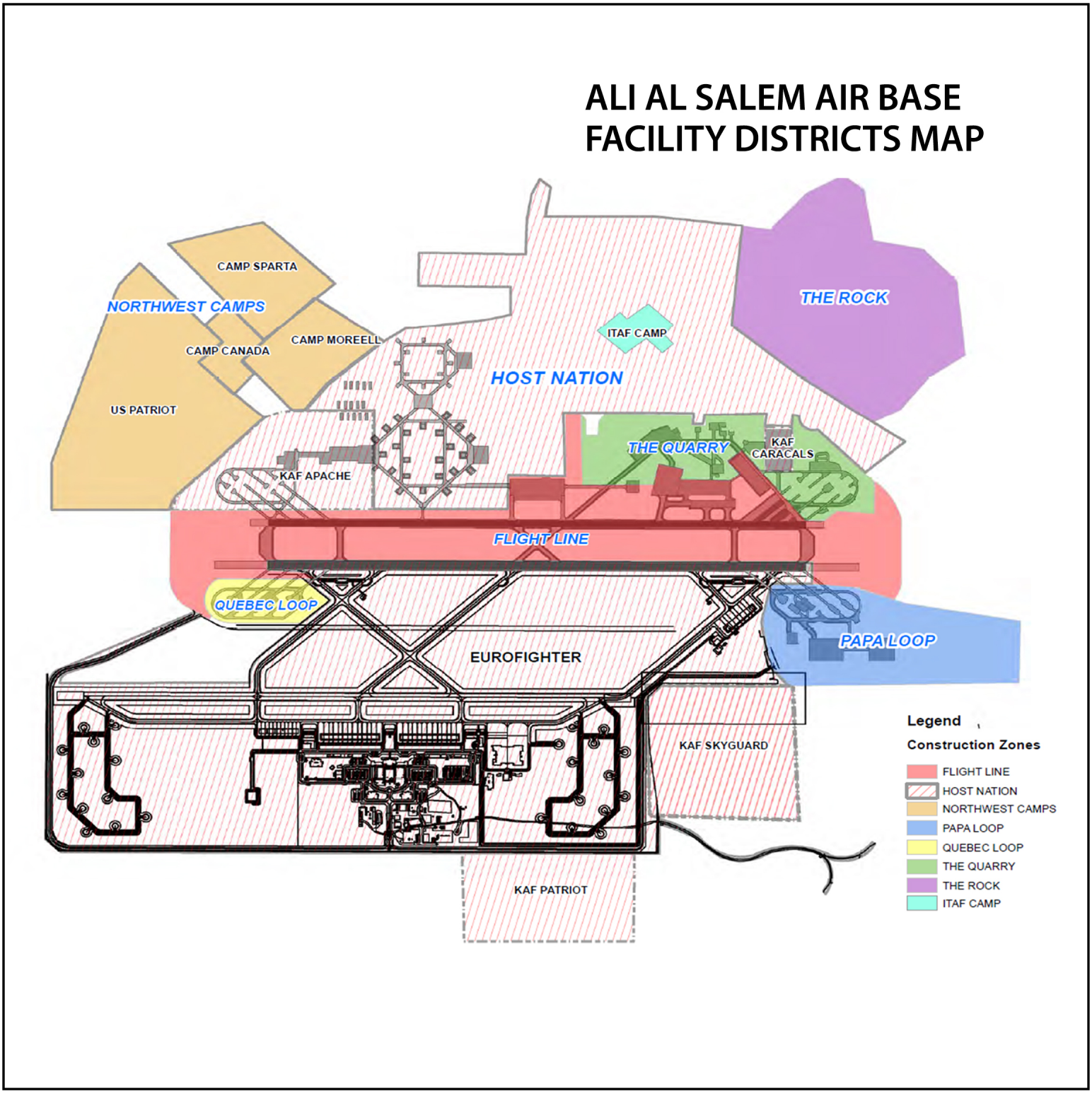


Note: *Apply the base-wide standards in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.*

B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

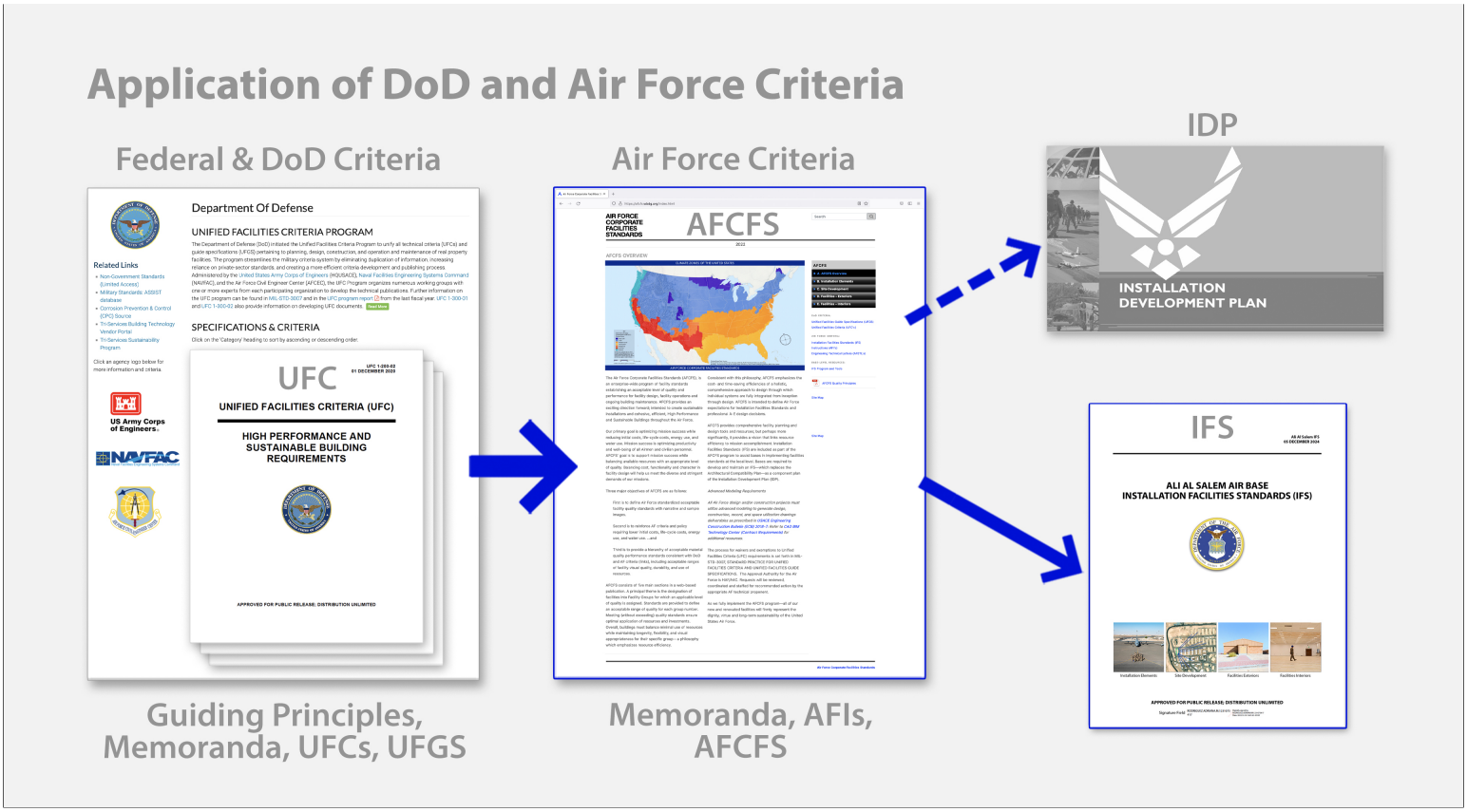
B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Master Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-1015.

2. Refer to the IDP for information on climate and weather and for demographics and related data.

B01.1.1. IFS Requirements and Documents

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

B01.1.2. Brief History of Base

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Facilities Adjacent to the Flightline

Memorial Day Ceremony, 2023

The Rock Chapel, 2022

New Dorm Construction, 2022

Ali Al Salem Air Base hosted the United States Air Force (USAF) and Marine Corps during Operation Southern Watch and Operation Iraqi Freedom.

The garrison's 386th Air Expeditionary Wing is the USAF host unit and serves as the primary airlift hub and gateway for delivering combat power to joint and coalition forces in the U.S. Central Command Area of Responsibility (AOR).

Ali Al Salem and Cargo City are the busiest aerial ports in the AOR supporting ongoing Operations Inherent Resolve and Freedom's Sentinel with a yearly average of 600 monthly missions, delivering approximately 54,000 tons of cargo and 180,000 personnel. The wing also supports more than 4,000 joint and 8,500 coalition forces.

The 386th Air Expeditionary Wing is comprised of the 386th Expeditionary Air Base Group, Wing Special Staff, A-Staff, and the Mission Generation Force Element located at both Ali Al Salem and Ahmed Al Jaber Air Bases, and the 387th Air Expeditionary Group located at Cargo City and Ali Al Salem Air Base.

Many of the wing's Airmen are filling Joint Expeditionary Taskings and Individual Augmentees (JET/IA). These Airmen fill and support requirements for more than 60 different specialties and unique skillsets operating at locations throughout Southwest Asia.

B01.1.3. Future Development

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Aerial Image of Ali Al Salem AB

1. Follow AFI 32-1015 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.

2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS

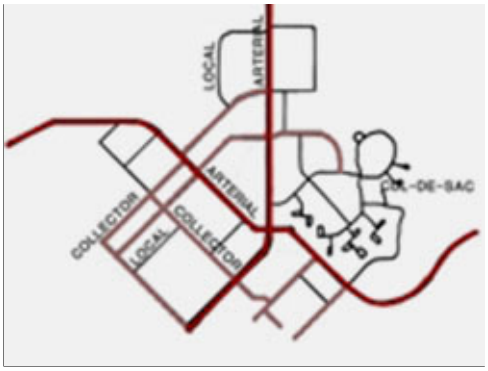
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

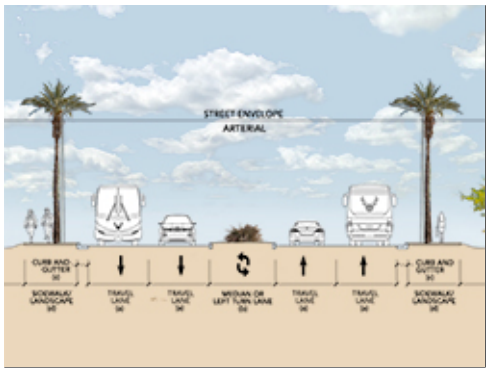
B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Hierarchy of Streets



Street Envelope Section


Street Network in The Rock

1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.

2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.

3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.

4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.

5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.

6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and provide on collector streets only on lower speed roadways such as residential streets.

7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.

8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.

9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.

10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.

11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.

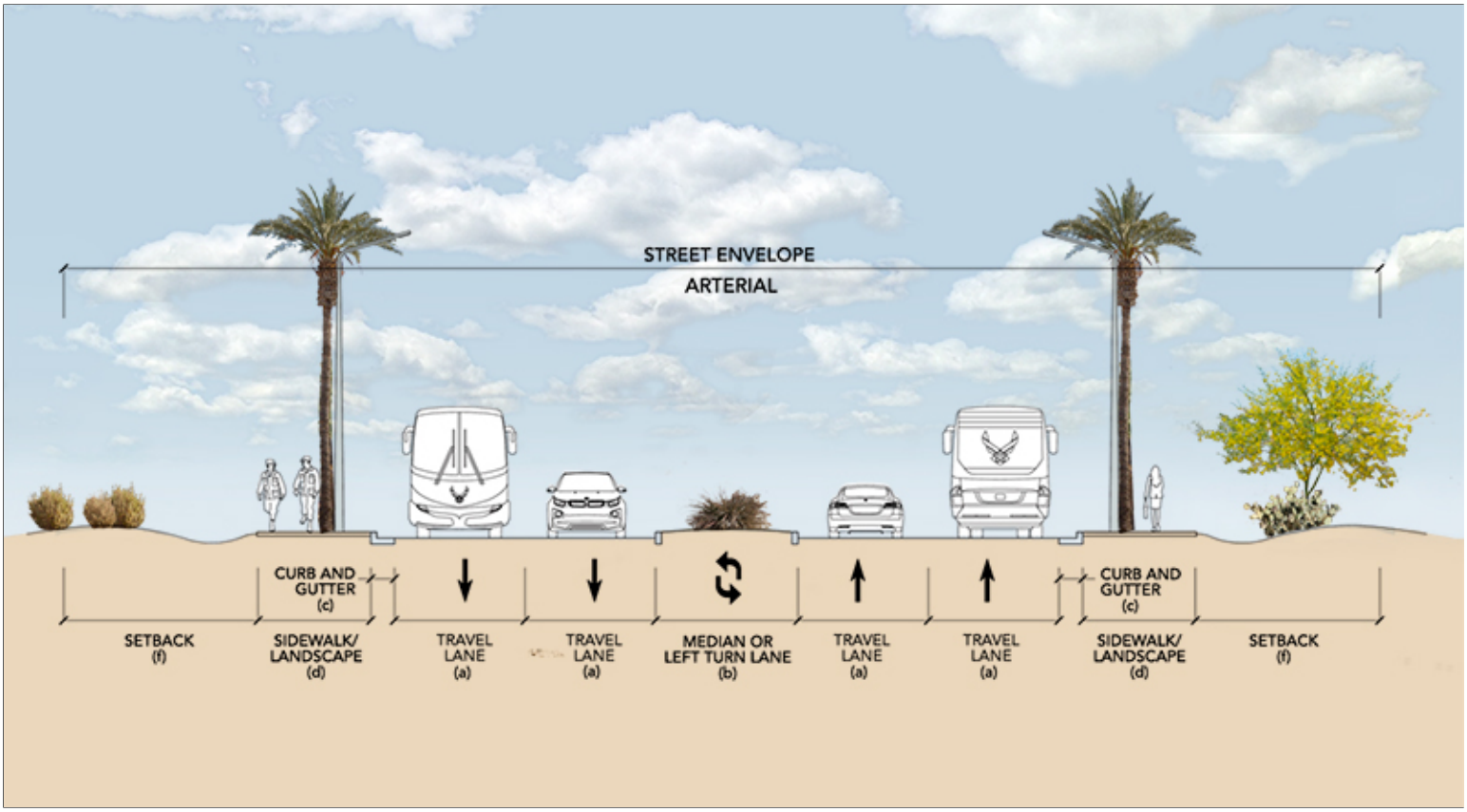
12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

End of Section

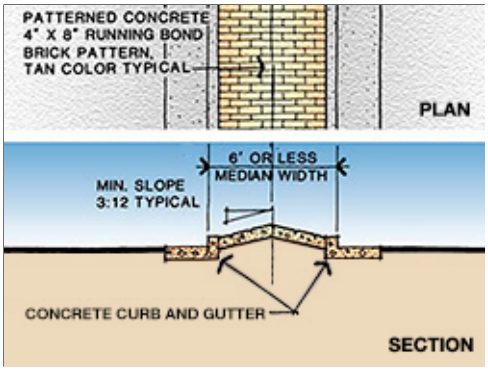
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Travel Lane (a): 12′ Median (b): 12′ Curb and Gutter (c): 2′ Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12′) Setback (f): Min. 35' or per AT



Paved Median

Controlled Access Point

Integrated Security Features

1. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking will not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.

2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6′ buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.

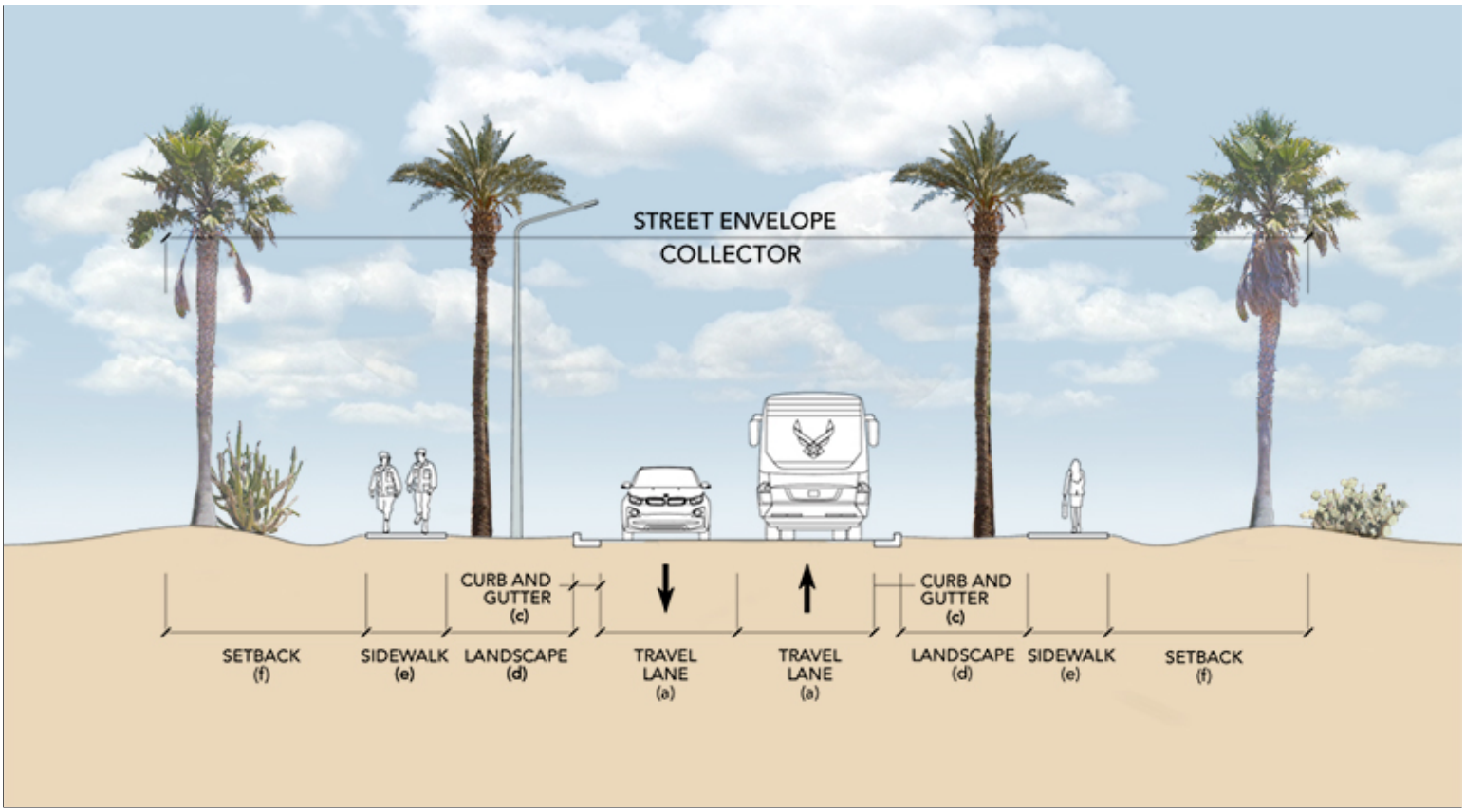
3. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.

4. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

B02.1.2. Collector Streets

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Travel Lane (a): 12′ Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2′ Landscape (d): 10′ Sidewalk (e): 6′ Setback (f): Min. 35' or per AT

On Street Parking

Standard Paving

Open Space Setback

1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets. Speed limits are determined in agreement with the Host Nation.

2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.

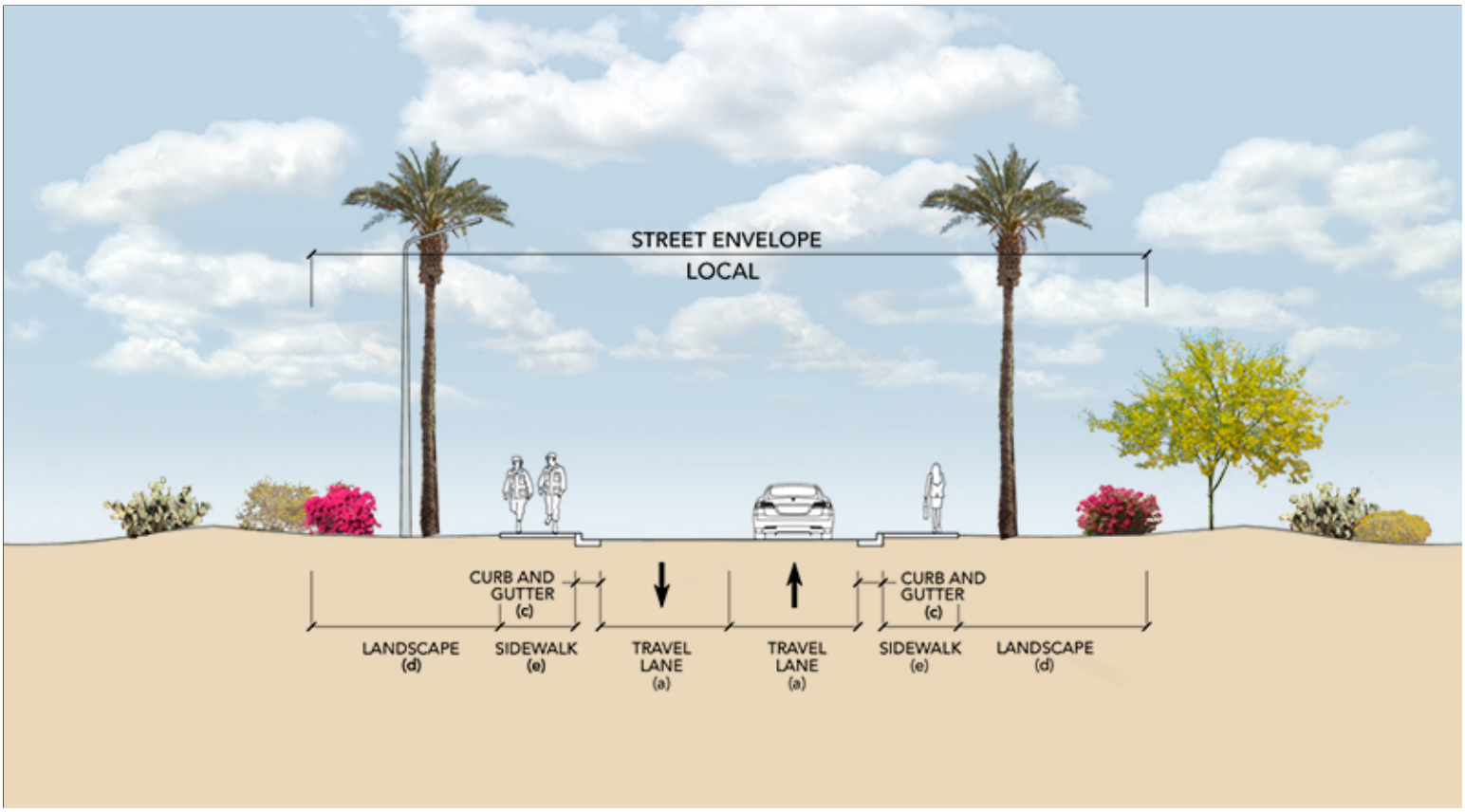
3. On-street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking will not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.

4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of “collector” street.

B02.1.3. Local Streets

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Travel Lane (a): 11’ Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5’ Landscape (d): 15’ Sidewalk (e): 6’

Integrated Curb and Gutter

Sidewalk on One Side of Street

Coordinated Traffic Control Device

1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.

2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of local streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on local streets.

3. On-street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.

4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of “local” street.

5. Cul-de-sacs are only permitted in family housing areas.

B02.1.4. Special Routes

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Traffic Control and Security Elements

Asphalt Paving

Rock Paving in Setback

Coodinated Sign Placement

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

T Intersection with Standard Traffic Control Device

1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.

2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.

3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.2.1. Arterials

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. At arterial intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

End of Section

B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.

B02.2.3. Collectors

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Intersection at The Rock Memorial Plaza

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Concrete Curbing, Sidewalks, Landscape Setback, and Lighting with Buried Utilities at Facility Group 2

1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.

2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

B02.2.6. Sight Lines

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

B02.3. Street Elements

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.

2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and high reflectivity of surfaces, which are appropriate for the local climate.

3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.

4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.

6. Crosswalk markings will follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.

7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

8. Balance energy efficiency and safety by providing street lighting in accordance with antiterrorism measures in UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the lighting quality and quantity are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group.

B02.3.1. Paving

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

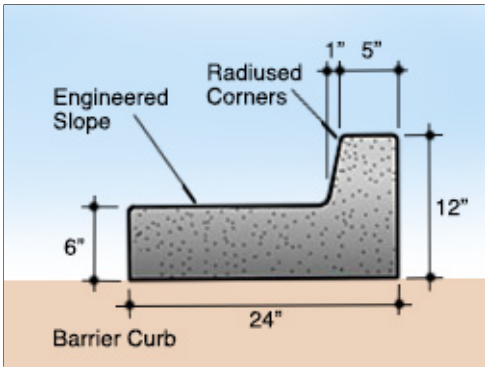
1. Pavement design will comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.

2. Materials will be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

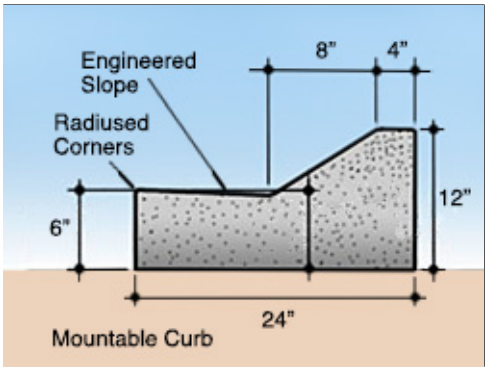
B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Barrier Curb



Mountable Curb


Precast Curb

1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads.

2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.

3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do not use asphalt curbs.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Underground Utility Service Lines

1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.

2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Street Light Fixtures with Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Panels

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Not Applicable.

B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html

B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Plaza with Interlocking Concrete Pavers

Memorial Plaza with Monument

Free-Draining Rock Mulch at Plaza

Stone Marker with Bronze Letters

1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.

2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.

3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

B03.1.1. Paved Plazas

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers will be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer will incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.

2. Pavers will match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of earth tones colors. Bricks used on plazas will typically be 4" x 8" size.

B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Memorial Plaza with Array of Flags, Stone Marker and Lighting

1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.

2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.

3. All proposed memorials will follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.

4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.

5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.

6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Adhere to IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area, with particular focus on traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signage, and lighting. Additionally, ensure compliance with the requirements for the Facility District.

2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.

3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench will be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188


Open Space Beyond Flightline Facilities


Facilities Defining Space


Open Space Buffer

1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.

2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.

3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.

4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.

5. Base-wide utility infrastructure will be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.

6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.

7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.

8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
   · Electrical switch-stations
   · Sewage lift stations
   · Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
   · Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
   · Above ground fuel storage tanks
   · Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view

9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment will be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls that match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.

10. Paint aboveground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.

11. Maintain existing buried utility service lines as a visual asset.

12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
   · Electrical power grid and service lines
   · Telephone lines
   · Cable TV lines
   · Communications lines
   · Exterior lighting service lines
   · Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base

13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

14. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.

2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.

3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer will determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case-by-case basis.

End of Section

B03.2.2. Parks

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Recreational Field

1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.

2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.

3. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that are low maintenance and endure with minimal weathering.

4. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number.

B03.2.3. Preserves

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, by sewage treatment plants, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas as open space.

2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety or eliminating fire hazards.

B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Concrete Wall with Security Elements

1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.

2. Stringently comply with AT requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.

3. Fencing, gates and other elements associated with the main gates will be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.

4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

End of Section

C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the DoD Instruction 4715.05. Final Governing Standards (FGS) for Kuwait, and Kuwait's Environmental Protection Law.

2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure. Consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.

4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure will reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.

5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, and energy management (metering, EMCS).

6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.

7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.

8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.

9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.

10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.

11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.

12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.

13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.

14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.

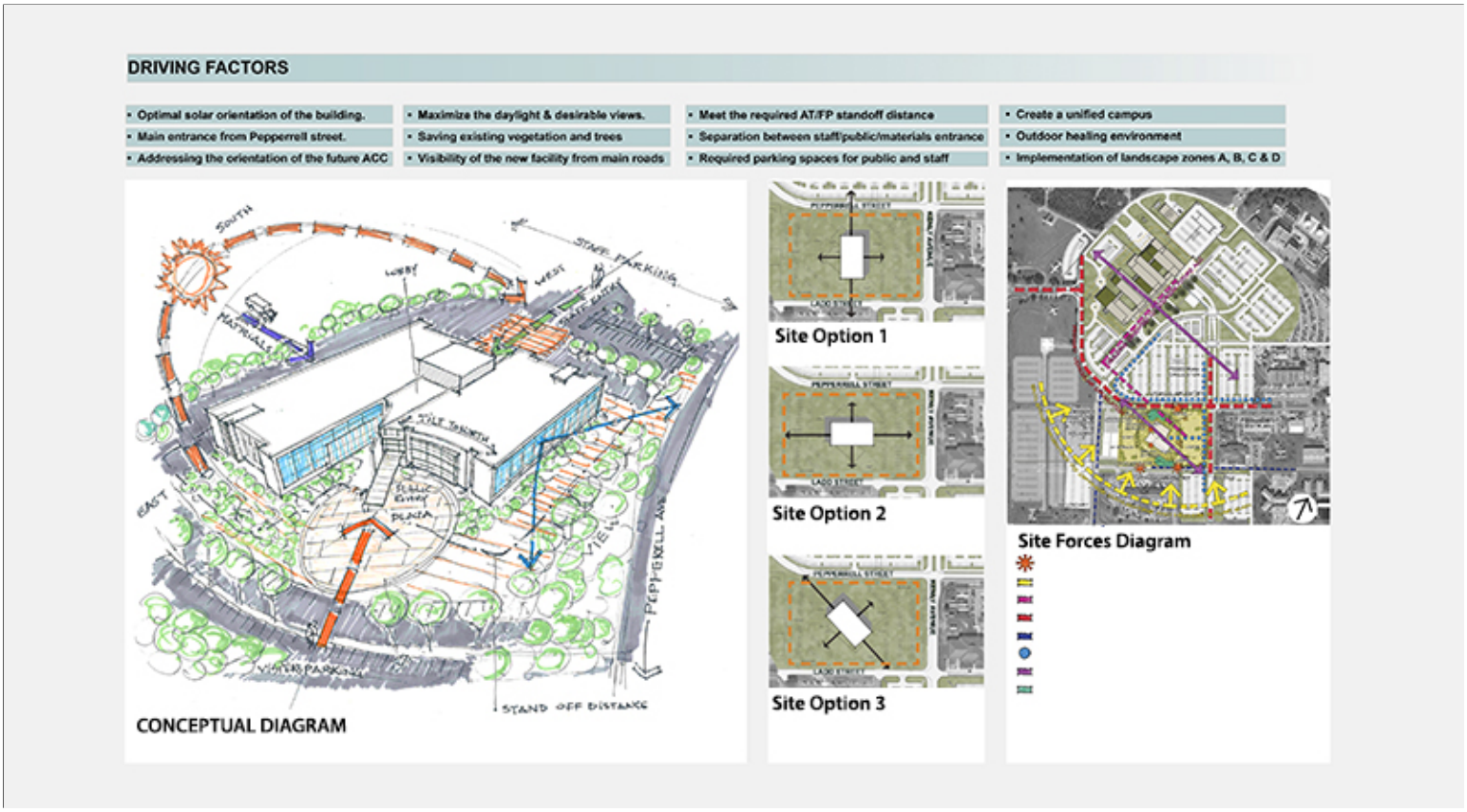
15. Consider the location of “Designated Tobacco Use Areas (DTA).”

End of Section

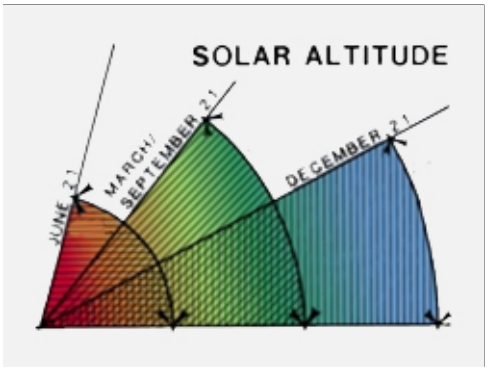
C01.2. Building Orientation

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

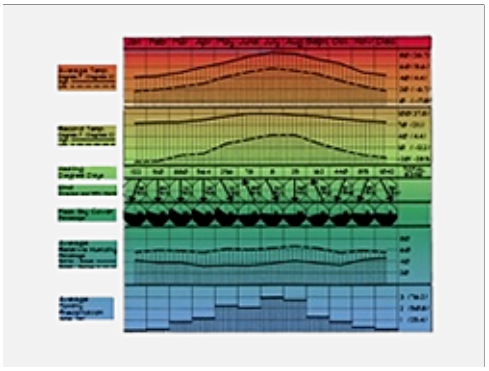
◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6 Image Tool 250 x 188



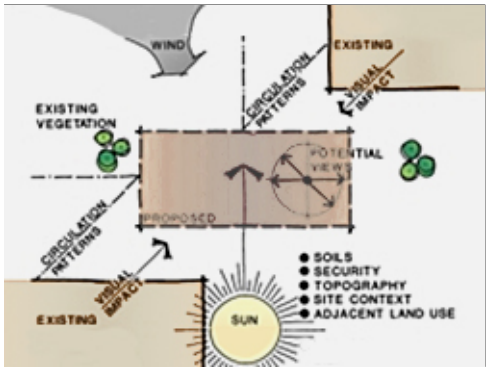
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



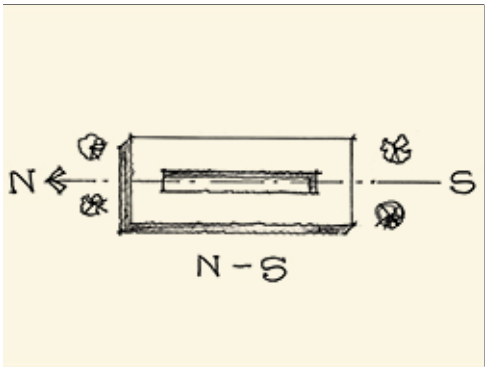
Local Solar Data



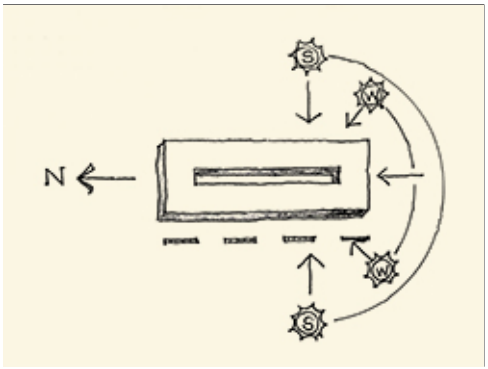
Local Climate Data



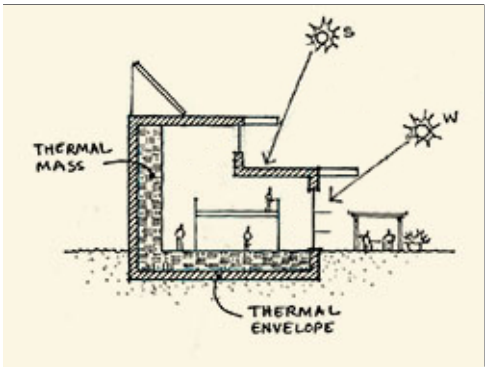
Site Data



North (N) - South (S) Axis



Summer (S) - Winter (W) Solar Control



Summer (S) - Winter (W) Maximized Shading

1. Ali Al Salem Air Base is in a hyper arid desert climate that is highly variable with recurrent extremes such as extremely hot summers and mild winters, which places it in Climate Zone 1B. To control sunlight and heat exposure, the optimal building orientation is a north-south axis - with the much cooler morning and evening sun and heat exposure hitting the East and the West walls, while the south facing walls are continuously exposed to the heat intensity throughout the day. Infusing features like deep overhangs, double walled insulations - heat gain can be controlled especially on the south facing walls.

2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems—including solar systems—and exterior shading systems.

3. Position buildings and ancillary structures to minimize solar gain. If natural ventilation is to be considered in HVAC design, consider using features like courtyards and indirect window placement to reduce heat and block dust-laden winds. Incorporate air barriers and/or trees to further shield against hot, dusty winds, and design for stack ventilation to expel hot air upwards. Prioritize efficient cooling systems and emphasize wind buffering to protect against harsh desert conditions.

4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.

5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

C02. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.

3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.

4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).

5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.

6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

C03. PARKING AREAS

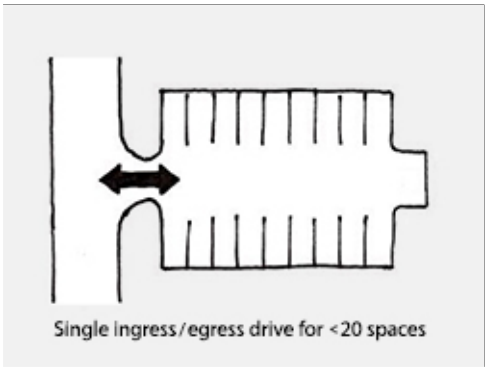
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html

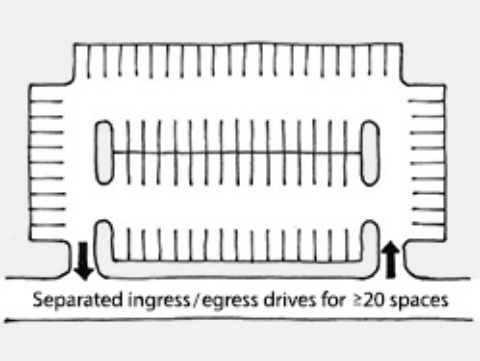
C03.1. Configurations and Design

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

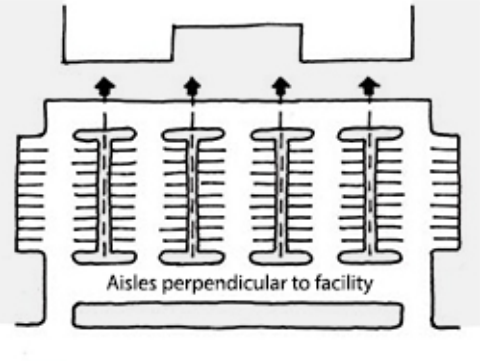
◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Small Lot Configuration



Large Lot Configuration



Facility Group 1 Configuration

1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.

2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting AT requirements.

3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.

4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the building's main entrance.

5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

6. Accessible parking spaces will be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.

7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.

8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.

9. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.

10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.

11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.

12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Asphalt Paving with Standard White Striping

Facility Group 1 paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Asphaltic Concrete
Secondary:	Concrete
Accent:	Permeable Pavers

Facility Group 2 paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Asphaltic Concrete
Secondary:	N/A
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 3 paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Concrete where Required for Operations
Secondary:	Asphaltic Concrete
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 4 paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Asphaltic Concrete
Secondary:	N/A
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 1 paving materials will be as follows.

1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 will be constructed of bituminous pavement following UFC 3-250-01.paving.

2. Porous paving may be considered on a case-by-case basis.

3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install bituminous pavement. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.

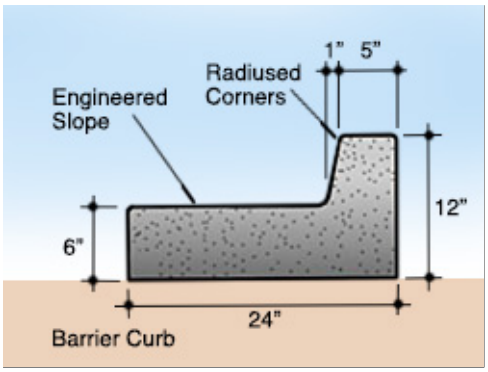
4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.

5. All parking will be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings will only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines will be four inches (4") wide.

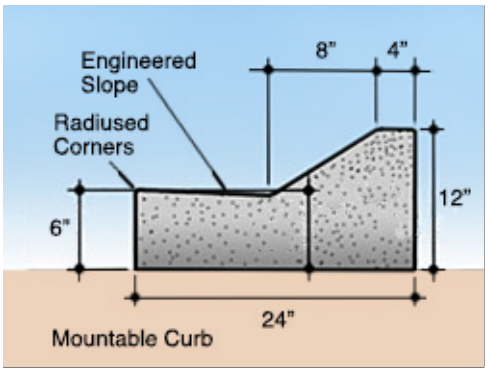
C03.1.2. Curbing

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

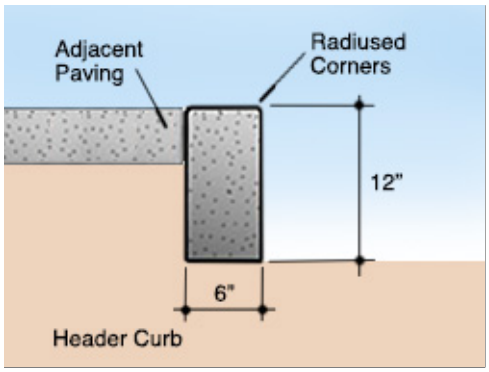
◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



"Barrier" Curb



"Mountable" Curb



Header Curb

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials will be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials will be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials will be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials will be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

1. Define all parking lots with either raised- profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges. All raised curbs will be the rolled (mountable) type.

2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.

3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where vehicle bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens with consideration for winter conditions. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

C03.2. Parking Structures

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.

2. Consider near- term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.

3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure AT guidelines are fully addressed.

4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

C03.3. Connectivity

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Parking Adjacent to Base Sidewalk System

Centrally Located Pedestrian Crossing Area

Parking Lot Adjacent to Facility

1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.

2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.

3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Elevated Road with Adjacent Basin

Permeable Pavers

Free-Draining Rock Mulch

Permeable Native Materials

1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.

2. Stormwater runoff typically discharges via overland flow over existing terrain to detention ponds and areas of lower elevation; existing soil conditions provide minimal infiltration rates. Stormwater is generally detained onsite and evaporates over time or is pumped, hauled, discharged, and detained elsewhere onsite as needed to minimize the impact to facilities and populated, high traffic, or storage areas. The amount of runoff is greatly impacted by the impermeable nature of the soil, the lack of natural slope, and the quantity of improved surfaces, particularly near the airfield.

3. Investigate the feasibility of combining the future grey-water system with the stormwater discharge system to optimize reuse potentials, such as irrigation and dust abatement.

4. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.

C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

C05.1. Circulation and Paving

(●) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

(●) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Street with Attached Sidewalk and Connection to Facility Entrance

Concrete Paving

Unit Pavers with Concrete Edging

Detail of Interlocking Pavers

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Permeable Pavers
Secondary:	Concrete Edging
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Permeable Pavers
Secondary:	Concrete Edging
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Pervious Concrete
Secondary:	N/A
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Pervious Concrete
Secondary:	N/A
Accent:	N/A

1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following AT. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.

2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.

3. Walks in parking areas will provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets will follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.

4. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers will be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer will incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.

5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.

6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.

7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5’ in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.

8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots will be a minimum width of 6’. Walks greater than 10’ wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.

9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks will be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.

10. All sidewalks will have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% will be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks will have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.

11. Pavers will conform to the following range of color grey (concrete)/brown (interlock) - to match existing ones on the base. Pedestrian Circulation shall follow requirements outlined in UFC 3-201-01.

12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.

13. Speed humps and tables will be properly designed and installed to reduce the chance of physical injuries and allow unimpeded bicycle travel for cyclists. Refer to IFS B02.3.6 for speed table or hump design consideration.

14. Bicycle path will be 10' wide multi-use paved and curbed path physically separated from vehicular traffic. Amenity strip that strengthens separation and provides room for existing utilities and native plant buffer.

15. No disturbance to existing roads or light fixtures. Provide trees for shade and physical buffer between road and bicycle path where possible. Where space does not allow a separate path, existing roads will be sized and striped to accommodate a dedicated bike path.

C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. If required, ramps and stairs will be concrete for most applications and should remain unpainted whenever possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

2. Due to the relative flat terrain of Ali Al Salem AB, the use of exterior stairs and ramps are minimized. Currently the majority of the stairs are attached to the semi-permanent prefabricated buildings due to the raised floor construction.

3. For future permanent facilities, all stairs and ramps must conform to ADAAG and UFAS standards. Ramp and stair treads will have non-slip surfaces with a coefficient of friction meeting code standards. Locate and configure ramps and stairs in minimally obtrusive locations, while providing ease of access to buildings.

4. Ramps and stairs will be concrete for most applications and should remain unpainted whenever possible. Only existing painted concrete surfaces should be repainted. Construct stairs and ramps using local aggregates and finishes.

C05.1.2. Lighting

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.

2. All lighting and control equipment must be designed in accordance with UFC 3-530-01, the latest version of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America standard and British Standards 12464-1.

3. Exterior street light poles will be galvanized steel, thirty (30) feet high and at a minimum three (3) feet from edge of roads.

4. Provide high intensity discharge (HID) or light-emitting diode (LED) fixtures for outdoor lighting on streets, parking lots, athletic fields, etc. The external lighting will be controlled by photocell and astronomical dial time clock. Transformers dedicated to lighting will be pad-mounted on concrete.

C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

C06.1. Climate-based Materials

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Planting of Native Tree Species

Use of Native Grasses

Planting in Shaded Area

Native Shrub and Organic Mulch

1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.

2. Follow details and specifications for "Exterior Plants (Vegetative Landscape)" in supplemental document, "G32 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Exterior Improvements" which includes guidance for selection of plant species and recommended plant species.

C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Understated Planting with Native Shrub as a Focal Point

1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.

2. The landscaping will feature a modern xeriscape design incorporating indigenous vegetation that thrives in Kuwait's climate with minimal water requirements.

3. Landscape materials will be used to complement architectural style, provide a transition to human scale, define open space, provide shade for outdoor areas, frame good views, and screen undesirable features.

4. Removal or alteration of existing vegetation outside designated U.S. use areas requires Host Nation coordination and approval.

End of Section

C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.

2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

3. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.

4. Limit irrigation to priority areas and entrances and use grey water when irrigation is desired.

C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Use of Native Species

Accent Planting at Sign

Xeric Planting with Rock Mulch

1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.

2. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.

3. Use native plants that are not invasive, toxic or weedy, wherever possible.

4. All plant material will have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by 386 ECES.

C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.

2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.

3. For all buildings, in addition to providing spigots, new buildings will cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.

4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).

5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Naturally Forming Native Landscape

1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.

2. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.

2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Planting at Building Entrance

Planting at Secondary Entracne

Accent Planting

1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.

2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.

3. Provide wind breaks where required.

C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 10-15 percent of the total area.

2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.

3. Provide xeriscape or xerophilic plants in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS.

C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Accent Planting with Large Plant as Focal Point

1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.

2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.

3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.

4. Providing xeriscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences.

C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. There are currently no other standards.

End of Section

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

( ) Applicable (•) N/A Small graphics do not apply

Ornamental Container Planting

1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.

2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.

3. Group 1 and 2 site furnishing will be concrete, recycled plastic or metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 386 ECES/CEN. Groups 3 site furnishings will be constructed of concrete or coated metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Generally, match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls will match facility architecture.

5. Benches in Groups 1, 2 and 3 will be concrete, wood or metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 386 ECES/CEN. Groups 3 site furnishings will be constructed of concrete or coated metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Generally, match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility districts. Place seating along walkways, building entries, courtyards and plazas. Place benches on paved areas.

6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting AT requirements.

7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use cast-in-place concrete bollards with a natural concrete finish or color inherent finish where possible. Bollards should be customized for the purpose and intended installation location, so sizes and heights may vary. In order to implement a consistent look throughout the base, utilize round bollards with reveals at the top where possible. Consider using precast concrete planters as bollards in public spaces requiring less security measures. Bollards may be obtained from U.S. and Kuwaiti sources. Removable bollards may be used for areas with minimum security concerns. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case-by-case basis.

8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.

9. Generally, limit picnic tables, barbecue grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.

10. The Installation Flagpole location will comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.

11. Flagpoles using approved materials may be installed at locations designated by IFS, and in accordance with AFI 34-1201.

12. Refer to the Overview Section “Facility Hierarchy” topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.

13. Bus shelters will be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case-by-case basis. Generally, emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using stucco or stone walls. Roofs for bus shelters will be flat sloped roofs. Provide a minimum setback from the road edge of 1.5 meters (5 feet) for sidewalk access and a paved floor sloped toward the street.

14. Monuments and static displays will be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.

15. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.

16. For fencing, apply the standards for “Products, Materials and Color” in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.

17. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1 and 2 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.

18. Provide trash dumpster constructed with Split face or ribbed CMU to match adjacent facilities. Height will be 76” above finish grade. Walls will have a rounded and integrally colored grout top matching block color. Color will be beige for walls and brown accents. Locate dumpster enclosures to minimize visual impact. In high-visibility areas provide factory finished metal gates to screen dumpsters. Concrete slab within the enclosure will have positive drainage to exterior.

19. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.

20. Group 1, 2 and 3 picnic tables and seating will be teak wood with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 386 ECES. Generally, limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.

21. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.

22. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.

23. Provide PVDF factory finish due to Ali Al Salem AB Air Base Environmental Severity Classification. All exterior metal components must be in accordance with UFC 3-190-06 Protective Coatings.

24. Manufacturers listed in sections C07.2.1. - C07.2.18. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or Kuwait (KW) Building Regulations.

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Charcoal**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc. (US) or Kuwait (KW) equivalent

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: SS BBQ Grill

Other: Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Natural Gas**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: BBQ Coach (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: 32" 4-Burner

Other: Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.2. Benches

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Concrete**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Weatherstone Gray

Finish: Standard Finish (Smooth)

Model #: Mesa, Rectangular design

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.3. Bike Racks

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Style 1**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Brandir International Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Galvanized or medium bronze

Finish: Factory

Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

C07.2.5. Bollards

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Lighted Round Dome Top**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Lithonia Lighting Products (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: KBA

Other: Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Force Protection, Building Protection**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Local, to be determined

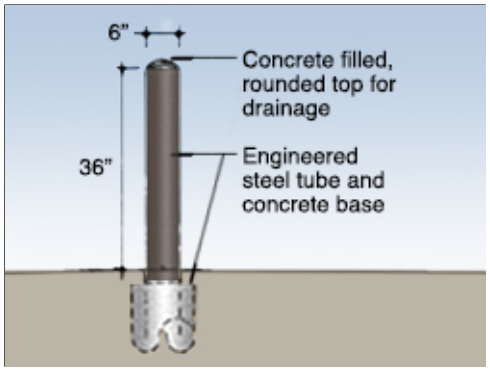
Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Powder coat

Model #: 6" steel, flat top

Other: For Group 3, use only in high visibility areas

UFGS: N/A



Type: **Building Protection, steel**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: (Bollard Cover) Reliance Foundry (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Brown cover may be field painted dark bronze

Finish: Factory

Model #: 6" Steel pipe, concrete filled, Cover: R-7173

Other: A 1" (25.4 mm) rigid conduit and box with shroud may be provided at top of bollard with a receiver/key switch application

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Aluminum Structure**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☑ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Belson Outdoor (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Translucent roof

Other: Provide concrete slab and 2 pre-manufactured aluminum benches

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Pedestal**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☑ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **CMU and Steel**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local to be Determined (TBD)

Color: Tan CMU blend, dark tan doors

Finish: Face brick, powder coated doors

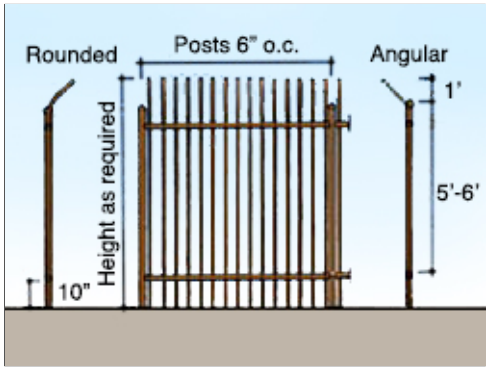
Model #: Match adjacent building

Other: Steel gates and hardware, dark brown, dumpsters must be painted dark brown

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

C07.2.9. Fencing

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 5 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style A Barrier: High Security, High Visibility**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

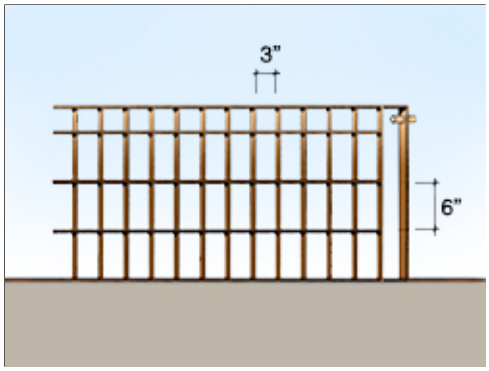
Color: Black or dark bronze

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)

Other: Split Face, beige CMU piers may be used

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Style B Barrier: High Security, Medium Visibility**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

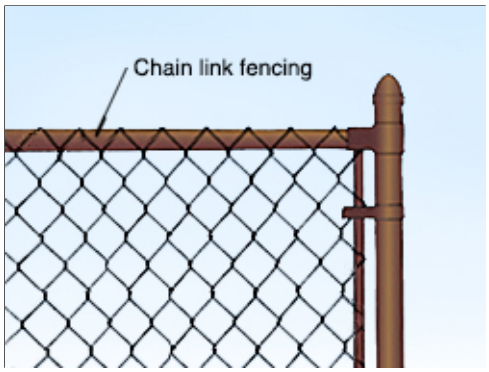
Color: Dark brown

Finish: Powder coat

Model #: Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals

Other: Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; Close all ends of tubing

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Style C Barrier: High Security, Low Visibility**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: TDB

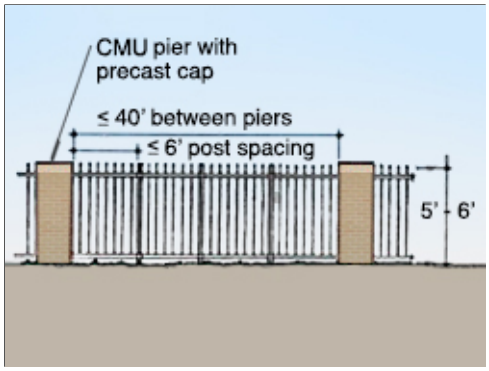
Color: Black or dark bronze

Finish: Powder coated galvanized steel

Model #: Chain link, steel posts and rails, gates and accessories

Other: Posts and rails in heights, lengths and gauges as required, (see Appendix for Facility Districts requirements)

UFGS: Section 32 31 13 Chain Link Fences and Gates



Type: **Style D Barrier: Low Security, High Visibility**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

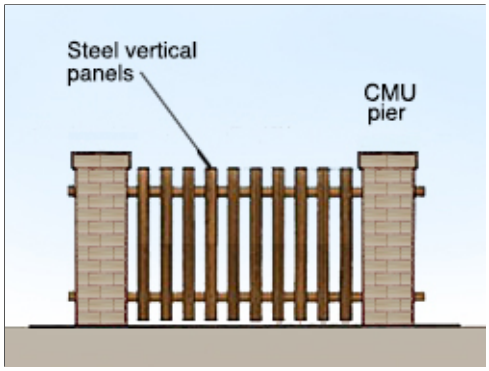
Color: Tan CMU blend, dark brown fencing

Finish: CMU, powder coated metal

Model #: CMU piers with steel posts, rails and pickets

Other: CMU: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 12' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 2"x2", Pickets: 1"x1" (6"o.c.); close all ends of tubing

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal



Type: **Style E Barrier: Low Security, High Visibility**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Tan CMU blend, dark brown fencing

Finish: Powder coated metal

Model #: CMU piers with steel posts, rails and alternating panels

Other: CMU: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

C07.2.10. Flagpoles

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Aluminum Pole**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Eder Flag (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Satin lustre

Model #: ECL30 IH, Internal Halyard

Other: 5" butt dia. 33' h (30' exposed)

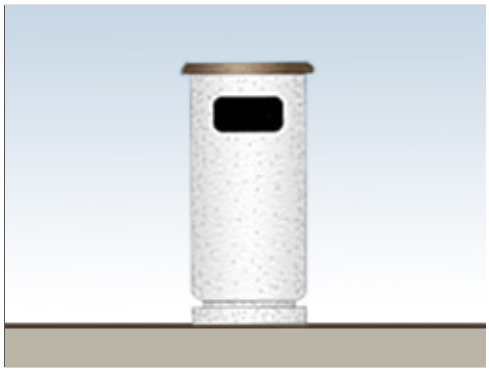
UFGS: N/A

C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Precast Concrete**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Weatherstone gray

Finish: Smooth

Model #: TR-3225 Sante Fe (round or square)

Other: Rigid plastic internal liner,
http://materialsinc.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/TR-3225_SANTA_FE.pdf

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Metal**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Wabash Valley (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Black or as approved

Finish: Perforated pattern

Model #: Urbanscape “E” with liner, 32 gallon

Other: With dome top, without side door

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.13. Picnic Tables

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Precast Concrete**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Weatherstone gray

Finish: Standard finish (smooth)

Model #: TS-3490 New Mexican

Other: (303) 458-9595

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Metal, Vinyl Coated**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Wabash Valley (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Brown or as approved

Finish: Factory vinyl coated

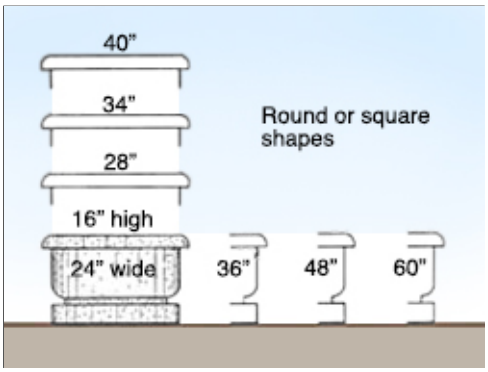
Model #: Signature Series, 46" Square Pedestal Tables with 4 Seats

Other: Perforated pattern, in-ground mount

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.14. Planters

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Precast Concrete**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Weatherstone gray

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Santa Fe

Other: N/A

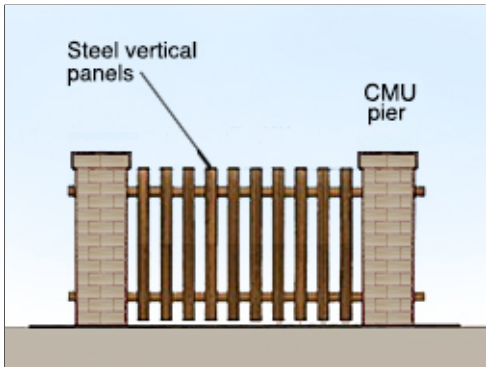
UFGS: N/A

C07.2.15. Play Equipment

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

C07.2.16. Screen Walls

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Brick / Steel**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Tan CMU blend, dark brown fencing

Finish: Powder coated metal

Model #: CMU piers with steel posts, rails and alternating panels

Other: CMU: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

C07.2.17. Tree Grates

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Cast Iron**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Neenah Enterprises, Inc. (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural cast iron

Finish: Cast

Model #: 2-Piece, round or square

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not applicable.

End of Section

C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

C08.1. Colors and Types

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Installation Gate Sign Following Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC)

1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.

2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life- cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.

3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.

4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.

5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.

6. Raised “standout” letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case-by-case basis.

7. Group 2 and 3 facilities will have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.

8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.

9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, will conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration and Kuwait Traffic Control Manual. Traffic control signage must be approved by the Traffic Safety Working Group.

10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.

11. Directional signs will be authorized but limited to the following: Medical Clinic, Lodging Office, Base Exchange/Mall, Chapel, Dining Facilities, Post Office, and Fuel Routes.

12. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.

13. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.

14. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.

15. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.

16. Refer to G. Appendix for more information on Sign Policy.

17. Manufacturers listed in sections C08.1.1. - C08.1.10. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Fabricate sign panels from 0.08 inch high grade aluminum (alloy). Sign posts will be aluminum square tubing with capped ends in a concrete base.

2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.

3. All signage will follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.

   a. Standard Blue
   b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
   c. Standard Red
   d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
   e. Standard White
   f. Standard Brown

Continue to the next page

Materials and Color Specifications

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Typical Sign Face**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Local to be determined (TBD)

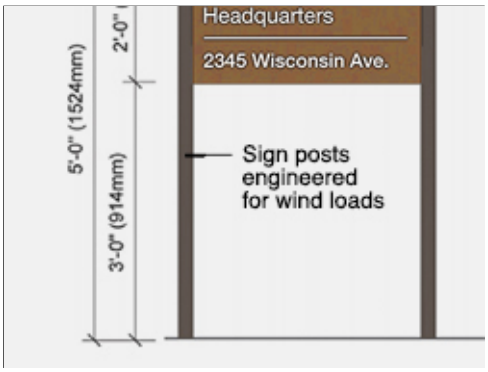
Color: Medium bronze

Finish: Matte vinyl

Model #: Aluminum flat sheet

Other: Mount to square posts. Provide sizes following UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Typical Sign Post**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

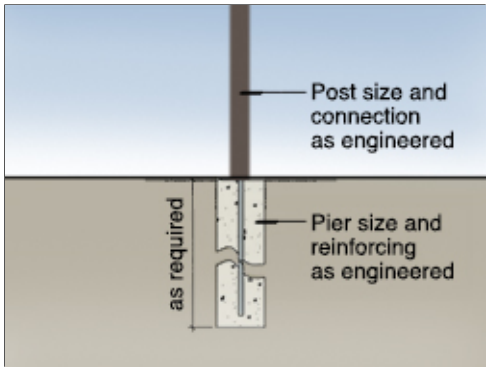
Color: Dark bronze, powder coat finish

Finish: Matte

Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Typical Sign Base**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Sonotube-formed

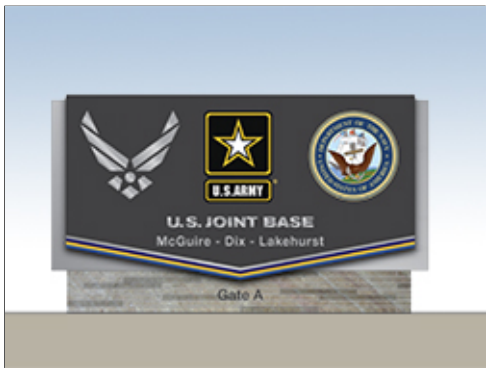
Model #: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.

Other: At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.

UFGS: UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete

C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

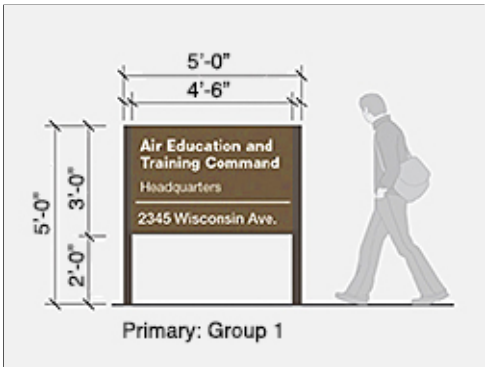
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs must match primary sign's materials, but must be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs must follow the UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 5 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

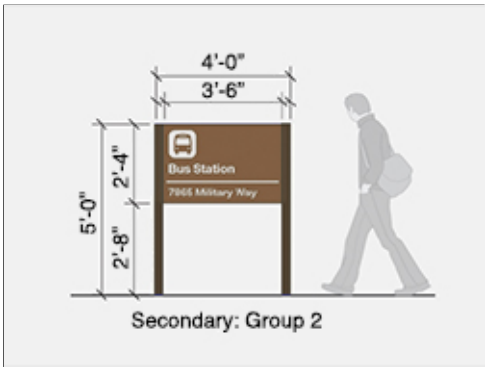
Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

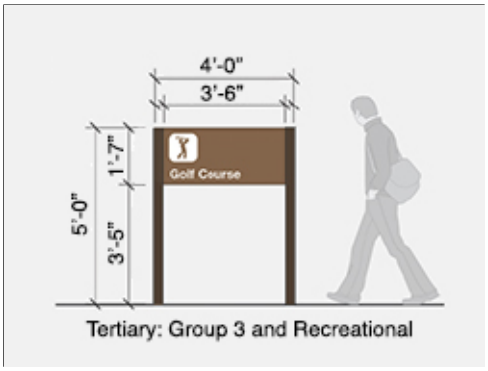
Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

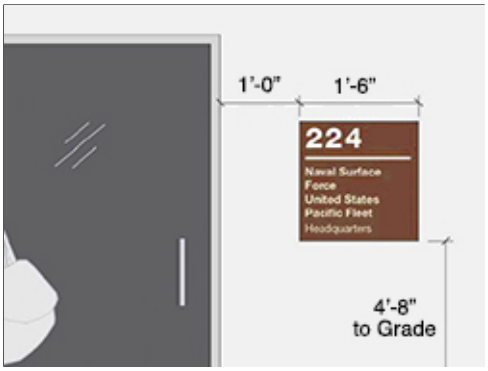
Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Wall Mounted**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Medium brown, white lettering

Finish: Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet

Model #: Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering

Other: Provide layout and sizes following UFC.

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Glass Mounted**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: White vinyl lettering

Finish: Matte vinyl

Model #: Machine-cut sheet vinyl

Other: Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.

UFGS: N/A

C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Street Signs**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: White reflective lettering on a standard brown background

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

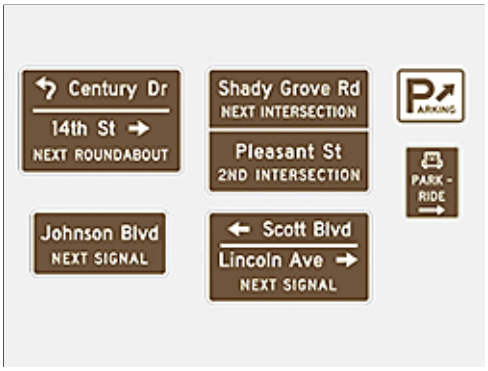
Model #: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted

Other: Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Vehicular**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

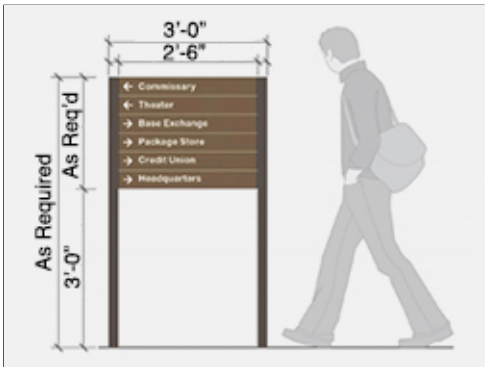
Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: **Pedestrian**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.6. Informational Signs

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.

2. Static display signs will have standard brown background and white letter. The sign will be constructed of aluminum sheets and vinyl finish.

3. Hours of operation signs will have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

4. Temporary / Project Signage will be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.

C08.1.7. Motivational Signage

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.

2. Motivational signs will be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.

3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.

4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.

C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.

2. Permanent approved reserved parking signs will be 14 inches wide by 3 inches high, curb mounted and must be approved by 386 ECES. The total number of reserved parking spaces will not exceed 10 percent of parking spaces in any given parking lot.

3. Agencies with customer service missions are authorized two designated parking spaces.

4. Permanent Distinguished Visitor (DV) or Very Important Person (VIP) reserved parking are not authorized anywhere on base. A limited number of freestanding temporary DV signs for O-6 (or equivalent) and above will be available from the 386 ECES Structures Sign shop.

5. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.

6. To ensure sign quality and standardization, all permanently installed roadway signage will be made with reflective sealed materials.

7. Follow the guidelines and requirements in Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS), Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), and Kuwait Traffic Control Manual for accessible parking signs.

C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, will be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.

2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from “over signage.”

3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.

End of Section

C08.1.10. Other

◯ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not Applicable.

C09. LIGHTING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

◉ Applicable ◯ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◯ Applicable ◉ N/A Small graphics do not apply

Pedestrian Scaled Light Pole and Fixture

1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.

2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.

3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.

5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.

6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.

7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.

8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.

9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.

10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.

11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.

12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally, Groups 1 and 2 will have at-grade bases. Group 3 will have taller bases for added durability.

14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.

15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.

16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.

17. Manufacturers listed in sections C09.2.1. - C09.2.6. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

End of Section

C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

C09.2.1. Street Lighting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Hubbell, Beacon Viper luminaire (US) or KW equivalent**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Hubbell, Kim Lighting (US) or Kuwait (KW) equivalent

Color: Dark bronze, gray or clear anodized aluminum as approved by BCE

Finish: Factory

Model #: VPL/ 80NB-180/4K/T3/UNV/GYS, single arm or dual arm

Other: Lamp LED, Roadway – Poles will be 25' round or square seamless aluminum; up to 8' up swept mounting arm; pole will be rated for 100 MPH wind with a 1.3 factor

UFGS: N/A

C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **LED Parking Lot**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Hubbell, Beacon Viper luminaire (US) or KW equivalent

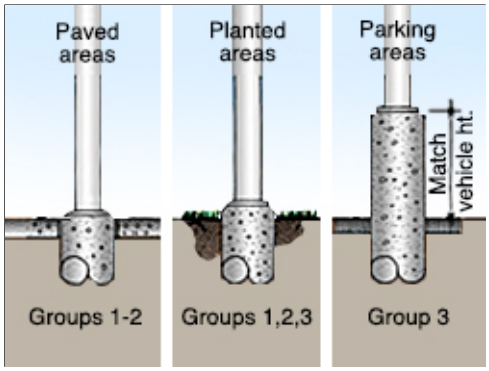
Color: Dark bronze or clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Factory

Model #: VPL/ 80NB-180/4K/T3/UNV/GYS, single arm or dual arm

Other: Lamp LED, Parking – Poles will be 16' round or square seamless aluminum; up to 1.5' up swept mounting arm; pole will be rated for 100 MPH wind with a 1.3 factor

UFGS: N/A



Type: **Parking Lot Fixture Base**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Lighted Round Dome Top**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Lithonia Lighting Products (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: KBA

Other: Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A

C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Rectilinear Cutoff**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: Pinakin Power Solar or equivalent

Color: Aluminum (or as approved by BCE)

Finish: Aluminum

Model #: Rectilinear Cutoff with luminary arm.

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: N/A

Type: **Direct Lighting with Conical Diffuser**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Color: Alabaster diffuser, dark bronze or black pole and housing

Finish: Factory

Model #: Round, conical globe with domed topknot

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Recessed Wall-Mount Fixture**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Vista Lighting (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Dark bronze or clear anodized

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered

Other: Lamp: LED

UFGS: N/A

C09.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Facility Group 1 Materials and Detailing

Control Tower

Standard Materials at Group 2

Group 3 Industrial Facility

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

1. In a hot, dry climate zone like Al Jahra Governorate, Kuwait, where Ali Al Salem Air Base is located, the sun's intensity peaks around midday (solar noon) and gradually decreases as it sets in the evening, with the lowest intensity occurring at dawn and dusk. To minimize heat gain in summer and maximize it in winter, orient new buildings along a north-south axis. The wider sides of the building should face east and west, reducing direct sunlight exposure during the hottest parts of the day while still allowing for some solar gain in winter when the sun is lower in the sky. Shading systems are required on west exposures to block intense mid-afternoon summer solar radiation.

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Consistent North-South Axial Orientation

Articulated Massing at Entrance

Buildings Defining Space

Simplified Massing at Group 3

2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form to minimize construction costs. angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.

3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.

4. Building heights will not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.

6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

7. Group 1 facilities may have greater variation in massing to emphasis hierarchy or order of importance among other facility groups.

D03.2. Architectural Character

1. Develop architectural building systems, design elements, and building materials appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Determine whether primary and secondary entrances may allow transitional space between interiors and exteriors to be used as a gathering space. Refer to IFS sections D04. Building Entrances, D05. Wall Systems, D06. Doors and windows, and D07. Roof Systems.

2. Respond to the local climate, cultural influences, and palette of regional building materials to provide environmentally functional architectural design elements but avoid directly reproducing extravagant features and ornamental detailing found in the regional context.

3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 2 Image Tool 800 x 440

(•) Applicable ( ) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Understated Architectural Features with Consistent Use of Materials

Architectural Character indicative of Industrial Use

Enclosure System Based on Function

Accent Color at Overhead and Personnel Door

Functional Features and Systems

4. Designers are encouraged to continue the established Mission-related architectural theme. Base standards will continue to emulate architectural design elements of adjacent facilities for compatibility and continuity.

5. All facilities will express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide roof overhangs, louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to improve energy efficiency. Incorporating architectural concepts that responds to the unique environmental challenges of this climate zone is encouraged.

6. Strive for economical design development without compromising high-quality constructibility, health and life safety, and a professional appearance.

D03.3. Details and Color

1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, concrete masonry units (CMU) and factory finished metal panels and sheeting. Refer to D05. Wall Systems for detailed material listings.

2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.

3. Use only materials with integral color or factory finished metals as the predominant exterior building material. Do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188

Coordinated Doors, Vents, Lighting, and Downspout Locations

CMU Wall System with Metal Sheeting

Painted Steel Column as an Accent

CMU Cladding at Steel Column

4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, conductor heads, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.

5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.

6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.

7. Manufacturers (Mfr) listed in sections D03.3.2. - D03.3.7. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or Kuwait (KW) Building Regulations.

D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

- (●) Climate dominated by mechanical cooling
- ( ) Climate dominated by mechanical heating
- ( ) Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs
- ( ) Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs

- ( ) Climate with high humidity
- ( ) Climate with moderate humidity
- (●) Climate with low humidity

- (●) High Solar Insolation
- ( ) Moderate Solar Insolation
- ( ) Low Solar Insolation

- ( ) Soils with High Thermal Conductivity
- ( ) Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity
- (●) Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity

Other: Consider the potential for flash flooding and corrosion

Other: Consider extreme heat, intense UV light and solar heat gain, and severe weathering due to airborne particles

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Facility: Buildings oriented along the N-S axis are preferred. Provide over-hangs and shading devices for all openings to reduce heat gain.

Wall: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling)

Doors: Recessed or shaded Doors preferred. North and East-facing entrances are preferred.

Windows: Where provided, insulation glazing is necessary for all windows. Maximize shading for windows on south façades.

Roof: High to medium albedo, minimal to moderate slope

Structure: Exposed metals must be non-ferrous metals or provide concrete or CMU cladding

MEP: Ground-source and solar photovoltaic (PV) following LCCA

Other: Optimize shading devices to allow appropriate levels of solar heat gain in winter

Other: Internal thermal mass walls may be used following LCCA

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Aluminum Windows**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: White (or clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Anodized

Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames.

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Interior Wall Material**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom, TBD

Color: Red brick blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Wall Devices**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer (US) or Kuwait (KW) equivalent

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Ground-Mounted PV Panels**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☑ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking

Other: Coordinate with local utility provider

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

Type: **Roof-Mounted PV Array**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector

Other: Coordinate with local utility provider

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Matte

Model #: Flat plate collector

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors

D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D04.1. Primary Entrances

1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations. Generally, provide sloped metal roofs supported by masonry columns matching the wall material. Ensure an appropriate level of quality consistent with the Facility Group designation.

2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.

3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized, uncluttered appearance.

4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.

5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following Antiterrorism (AT) and IFS.

6. Protect entrances from direct sun with roof overhangs or shading devices. North-facing entrances are preferred.

7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities. Do not use these for prestige or architectural accents.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1. Use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.

2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.

3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.

4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.

5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.

6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.

7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas. Physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.

8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

End of Section

D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Wall Systems:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.

2. Group 1 facilities will be predominantly tan brick. Bands of tan brick, in relief or in an alternative coursing, may be used as an accent. Architectural precast banding in an off-white color may also be used.

3. Groups 2 facilities may use tan face brick or tan ground-face CMU as the predominantly wall material.

4. Large-scale Group 3 facilities will be predominantly tan insulated metal panel systems or ribbed siding, sometimes with a tan CMU base when added durability is required. Match trims to wall color. Small scale and unmanned facilities may be ribbed metal sheeting with matching metal trims and components with a tan fluoropolymer coating.

5. Brick Standards:
   a. Use Brick Industry Association (BIA) or Kuwait (KW) standard nomenclature for brick sizes. Use BIA "Modular" size (2-1/4 x 3-5/8 x 7-5/8) or BIA "Utility" (3-5/8 x 3-5/8 -11-5/8) face brick in a running bond pattern with tooled concave joints.
   b. Header, rowlock and soldier coursing or other accents is encouraged for Group 1.
   c. Tan brick should match Belden Tan Tumbleweed and will be the predominant standard color unless matching adjacent facilities.
   d. Detailing should emulate bearing wall construction.
   e. Joint sealants in brick will match mortar color; when adjacent surfaces are the same color use a darker joint sealant in the same hue.
   f. The use of thin brick is not allowed by DAFCFS.
   g. Conceal expansion joints with downspouts or locate these at transitions in the wall such as at pilasters or reveals.
   h. Use natural gray Portland cement mortar.
   i. Efflorescence in masonry work is unacceptable. Provide measures to prevent it including:
      1) Reduce all soluble alkali sulfates.
      2) Use proven details to prevent water from entering the masonry.
      3) Use proven construction practices to eliminate migratory paths for moisture.

6. Architectural Precast Concrete and CMU Standards:
   a. Architectural precast, in coursed units, is appropriate for lintels, sills, belt courses and friezes.
   b. Use precast elements sparingly to ensure that it is secondary in appearance to the predominant material.
   c. Light tan is the standard color for precast concrete.
   d. Detailed designs and patterns may be cast into the pieces for Group 1 facilities to create an individual character for a single facility or complex.
   e. Site cast concrete systems and components require 386 Expeditionary Civil Engineer Squadron (ECES) approval.
   f. All construction with concrete masonry units (CMU) must comply with UFGS Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry and its references to the American Concrete Institute (ACI) or the KW equivalent.
   g. Light tan ground face (honed or burnished) CMU may be used similarly in lieu of precast with ECES approval.

7. Metal Panel and Metal Sheeting Standards:
   a. Insulated metal panels are required for all actively crewed industrial buildings, such as hangars and repair facilities.
   b. Metal sheeting with draped or batt insulation backup and interior liner sheeting is acceptable for Group 3 buildings that are small in scale and with limited occupancy.
   c. Uninsulated metal panel and sheeting systems are only acceptable where interior heating or cooling systems are absent, such as unoccupied storage buildings.
   d. Proportions, scale, and orientation of metal panels must be approved by ECES.
   e. Exposed fasteners (screws) are not acceptable for either roof or wall panels except with ECES approval only.
   f. All exposed metals will be factory finished with a tan fluoropolymer coating such as Kynar 500 or equal. Silicone applications are not acceptable.
   g. Coordinate flashings and transitions where masonry wainscots are used.

8. When weathering steel is used, ensure vertical surfaces are uninterrupted and shed rain directly to adjacent weathering steel surfaces or to the ground. Avoid allowing weathering steel surfaces to drain against or onto natural concrete or other light surfaces that may stain.

9. Maximize the use of control joints / expansion joints in masonry walls to reduce cracking. Minimize the appearance of these joints behind downspouts or at transitions in the wall such as at pilasters or reveals.

10. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.

11. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.

12. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.

13. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.

14. Per UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Anti-terrorism Standards for Buildings, minimum thickness of reinforced concrete will be 8" or greater. Unreinforced concrete masonry is between 8" to 12". Reinforced concrete masonry is between 8" to 12". European clay block masonry is 8".

15. Per UFC, walls standard warranty will be 10 years.

16. Manufacturers listed in sections D05.4.1. - D05.4.13. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.

2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.

3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.

4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.

5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action per UFGS 07 60 00 Flashing and Sheet Metal.

6. All joint sealants will be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.

7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.

8. Factory finished ferrous metals including standard metal building steel sheeting is discouraged due to its vulnerability to corrosion in the local climate. Aluminum sheeting with a factory finish over a solid back-up substrate, such as rigid insulation, is required.

9. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.

10. Refer to D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains for downspouts.

11. Refer to G. Appendix for the installation's mold prevention policy.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.

2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.

3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they will match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Brick
Secondary:	Architectural Precast
Accent:	Alternate Coursing and Relief

Facility Group 2 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Brick or CMU
Secondary:	Metal Panels or Ribbed Metal Sheeting
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 3 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Metal Panels or Ribbed Metal Sheeting
Secondary:	Optional: CMU (in High Visibility Areas)
Accent:	N/A

Facility Group 4 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Accent:	N/A

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Light Tan**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Metl-Span (US) or Kuwait (KW) equivalent

Model #: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System

Color: Light tan

Finish: Factory fluoropolymer, smooth finish

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf
Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

Type: **Flat Seam Panel - Weathering Steel**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Steel (US) or KW equivalent

Model #: Flat-seam cladding

Color: Natural weathered steel

Finish: Natural

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf
Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Modular Face Brick - Tan Blend**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Face Brick

Color: Tan blend, refer to D05.1.5.c. for acceptable manufacturer color

Finish: Straight edges, smooth texture

Other: No flash brick is permitted

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.3. Architectural Precast

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Coursed Precast**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Smooth casting

Color: Off-white or light tan

Finish: Very light texture

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Board-Formed or Sheet-Formed Bearing Walls**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Model #: Rough-sawn dimensional lumber or liner forming

Color: Natural gray concrete

Finish: Board-formed or liner-formed texture exposed

Other: Board-formed texture has no exposed form ties

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Lap Seam**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Allied (US) or KW equivalent

Model #: Purlin Bearing Rib (PBR) metal panels

Color: Light to medium tan

Finish: Factory powder coat

Other: 24 ga. aluminum is required due to corrosive climate

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EIFS

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.10. GFRC

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner units

Color: Tan or light tan

Finish: Smooth texture

Other: Light or dark mortar to match adjacent faciities

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D05.4.13. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D06.1. Types

1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1 and 2 because these are less susceptible to wear and weathering than dark finishes. Match the color of the door and frame.

2. Galvanized hollow metal doors, frames, and windows are preferred for Facility Group 3 due to durability and corrosion resistance. For capital improvement projects doors, frames, and windows will match existing conditions.

3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only when required to support mission operations.

4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.

5. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life-cycle cost justified.

6. Windows must meet force protection requirements.

7. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.

8. Make efforts to contain noise at its source with properly gasketed doors per UFC 3-450-01 Noise and Vibration Control.

9. Aluminum storefronts may be used at primary entrances. Finish will be anodized aluminum or as specified, with colors matching base standards and a minimum 10-year warranty.

10. Storefront windows will have aluminum, thermal-break frames. Glass will be tinted double-glazed, insulated and low-e with a minimum reflectance in a thickness appropriate for the size of the window and will be laminated per Antiterrorism (AT) blast requirement.

11. All doors must have metal “Metal Jambs” 4.5-inch x “4.5-inch Heavy Duty Commercial Hinges, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless.”

12. Manufacturers listed in sections D06.5.1. - D06.5.4. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.

2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.

3. Openings will augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.

4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environment.

2. Glazing color will follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.

4. Do not use mirrored glazing.

5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.

6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

End of Section

D06.4. Hardware

1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.

2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.

3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.

4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.

5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

6. Coordinate with the Air Force on keying system. New cylinders will need to be compatible to existing master key system. Please provide 7-pin small format best compatible locksets with interchangeable cylinder cores.

7. Color of locks will be “Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless” and all locks will be “BEST Interchangeable Core, 7 Pin” Compatible.

8. All locks will be “Cylindrical Locks, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless” and not mortise pocket locks. This standardization across base would reduce the amount of hardware and door types needed on hand.

9. Panic Hardware will be “Touch Bar Rim Device, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless” for standardization across base, if vertical rod required for double door, it will be “Surface Mount Vertical Rod Touch Bar”.

D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Clear anodized aluminum

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Group 1 and 2: silver, Group 3: medium brown

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: 2x4 frame or, where required for durability, 4x6 frame

Other: Provide thermally broken frames

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D07.1. Roof Type and Form

1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.

2. Generally, match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction. Group 1, 2 and 3 buildings, narrow in plan geometry, will use gable or hip standing seam metal roofing as approved by 386 ECES on a case-by-case basis. Refer to the next section, D07.2. Roof Slope, for slope requirements, and to D07.4. Color and Reflectivity for color standards.

3. Mechanically-seamed, high-seam metal roofing may be used for long-span Group 3 facilities such as hangars.

4. Ethylene propylene-diene-monomer (EPDM) membrane roofing and sprayed polyurethane foam (SPF) roofing may be permitted only with ECES approval.

5. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.

6. Roof eaves will extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions; these should be sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.

7. South-facing eaves will coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.

8. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit will be compatible with adjacent facilities.

Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.

9. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities. Avoid random, arbitrary changes in massing.

10. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life-cycle cost and structural analysis.

11. Roofs will be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.

12. Manufacturers listed in sections D07.9.1. - D07.9.10. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

D07.2. Roof Slope

1. Group 1 and 2 buildings will use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.

2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.

3. Ensure adequate drainage and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.

4. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.

5. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

End of Section

D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

1. All exterior metal component materials will match RAL 1001 Beige using a fluoropolymer factory finish or manufacturer equivalent.

2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs will only use high-albedo, high-reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.

3. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.

4. All roof flashing will match the color of the predominant adjacent roofing material.

D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

1. All sloped roofs will use gutters and downspouts. Locate gutters outside the fascia.

2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs will be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.

3. All gutters and fascias will match the roof color.

4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and host nation requirements for the region.

5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.

6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide conductor heads and transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.

7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally, blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).

8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes matching RAL 1001 Beige color. All metal components will have fluoropolymer factory finish (RAL 1001) or manufacturer equivalent.

9. All downspouts will be solid.

10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.

11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in brick or CMU walls when possible.

12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.

2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.

3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment; however, for renovations and unavoidable configurations, ensure units are screened.

4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.

5. Screen all large vents.

6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.

7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.

8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.

9. Arrange components of Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) in an ordered, uncluttered and inconspicuous appearance; integrate components into the organization of the roof and wall systems.

10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.

11. Additions to a roof will not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.

12. Include permanent fall protection with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.

2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights are not permitted.

3. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.

4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.

5. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable.

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Style 1**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Berridge (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Light beige as approved by 386 ECES

Finish: Factory matte

Model #: Tee-Panel

Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **EPDM (Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Carlisle Systems (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Off-white

Finish: Smooth

Model #: EPDM, single-ply, “flat” minimal slope

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf
Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing
(Not Available on UFGS)

D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.5. Clay Tile

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.6. Slate Shingles

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.7. Vegetated System

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Low Sloped or Barrel**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Berridge (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Light beige as approved by 386 ECES

Finish: Factory, matte

Model #: High Seam tee-panel

Other: Mechanically seamed system, 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height: 1-3/4"

UFGS: Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels
(Not Available on UFGS)

D07.9.9. Composite Shingles

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D08.1. Systems and Layouts

1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities. Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required. When masonry veneer walls are provided, the deflection criteria for steel buildings must follow UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code and its references to the International Building Code.

2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.

3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces. When interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.

4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.

5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.

6. Limit the use of specialty systems such as space frames, vaults or domes, is not permitted.

7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.

8. Manufacturers listed in sections D08.2.1. - D08.2.9. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

D08.2.1. Concrete

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Cast-In-Place**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Post and beam and/or waffle slab

Other: Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf
Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf
Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D08.2.3. Steel

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Rigid Framing**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Steel (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Hot-dipped galvanized metal

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Moment Frame**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Allied Steel Buildings (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Hot-dipped galvanized metal with factory fluoropolymer finish coating

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall systems. Deflection criteria must follow IBC.

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems
(Not Available on UFGS)
Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

D08.2.5. Masonry

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Steel Framing**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Color: Hot-dipped galvanized metal

Finish: Matte

Model #: Standard structural shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System
(Not Available on UFGS)

D08.2.8. Lumber Framing

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D08.2.9. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/mechanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1


Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.

2. Provide optimized passive and active systems. Design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls, ceilings and floors.

3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life-cycle cost effective.

4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged to promote efficiency practices by building occupants. When provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.

5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life-cycle cost effective.

6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP), and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope, and interior design.

2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for ECES) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.

3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views using landscape, building masses or screen walls, and comply with AT requirements.

4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances. Locate service areas / yards on the least visible side of a building.

5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.

6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions to house equipment. Locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.

7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.

8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided. Locate sprinkler heads in an orderly configuration.

9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.

10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.

11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.

12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

13. Refer to G. Appendix for technical mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and fire protection requirements.

End of Section

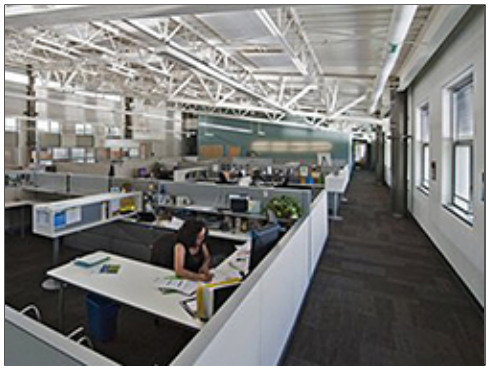
E. FACILITIES INTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Interiors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/index.html

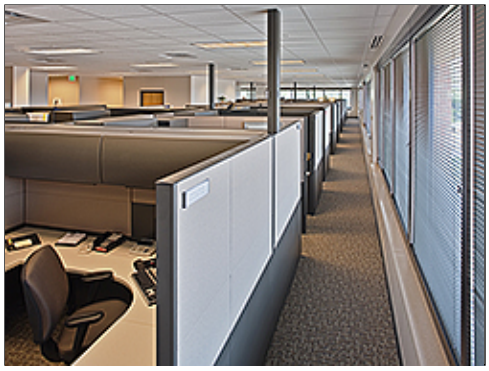
Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1



Group 2



Group 3



Group 4


E01. Building Configurations

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's life span.

2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.

3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.

4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.

5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.

6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.

7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.

8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.

9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.

10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.

11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.

12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html

1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.

2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.

3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.

4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.

6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.

7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.

8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.

9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.

10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

E01.1.1. Interior Design Process

1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.

2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.

3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.

4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.

5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.

6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.

7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.

8. SID Format must follow UFC 3-120-10.

9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.

2. Fire code requirements will be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).

3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/ smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html

1. Include durability in the life-cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.

2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.

3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.

4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.

5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.

6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.

7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.

8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.

9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

E02.1. Floor Materials

Facility Group 1 floor materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished)
Secondary:	Porcelain Tile
Tertiary:	Rubber Stair Treads

Facility Group 2 floor materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished)
Secondary:	Ceramic Tile
Tertiary:	Rubber Stair Treads

Facility Group 3 floor materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Prepared Slabs (Ground)
Secondary:	Prepared Slabs (Sealer)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 4 floor materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	N/A

1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case-by-case basis.

2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.

3. Manufacturers listed in sections E02.1.1. - E02.1.8. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

End of Section

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Ground and Polished Slab**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Heavily ground and fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing
(Not Available on UFGS)

Type: **Polished Slab**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Medium polished texture, slip resistant

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing
(Not Available on UFGS)

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E02.1.3. Quarry Tile

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Quarry Tile**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile (US) or Kuwait (KW) equivalent

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Porcelain Tile**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

Type: **Ceramic Tile**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☑ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Ceramic tile

Other: Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.5. Resilient Floor

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Stair Treads**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Roppe (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Raised design rubber tread

Other: Stair treads material

UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

E02.1.6. Carpet

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Brick (or Other as Approved by the BCE)
Secondary:	Gypsum Board (Painted)
Tertiary:	Ceramic Tile (Restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Brick
Secondary:	Gypsum Board (Painted)
Tertiary:	Ceramic Tile (Restrooms)

Facility Group 3 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Ground Face CMU, Sealed (Do Not Paint)
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	Ceramic Tile (Restrooms)

Facility Group 4 wall materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	N/A

1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case-by-case basis.
7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case-by-case basis.
9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
10. Manufacturers listed in sections E03.1.1. - E03.1.8. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E03.1.2. Masonry

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Modular Face Brick**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Tan blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Ceramic Tile**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E03.1.4. Gypsum Board

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Gypsum Board Partitions (Painted)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Gypsum (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Solid Earth tone colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Tapered edge

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf
Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E03.1.5. Metal Panels

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E03.1.6. Wood Paneling

◯ Applicable ◉ N/A

E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

◯ Applicable ◉ N/A

E03.1.8. Other

◯ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not applicable.

End of Section

E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Grid and Acoustical Tile
Tertiary:	Gypsum Board (Painted)

Facility Group 2 ceiling materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Grid and Acoustical Tile
Tertiary:	Gypsum Board (Painted)

Facility Group 3 ceiling materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Tertiary:	Gypsum Board (Painted)

Facility Group 4 ceiling materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	N/A

1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case-by-case basis.
2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
3. Manufacturers listed in sections E04.1.1. - E04.1.8. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

Continue to the following page.

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Floor and Roof Decking**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Vulcraft (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Neutral colors reviewed on a case-by-case basis

Finish: Galvanized steel, field painted (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **All Purpose Ceiling Tile**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Armstrong (US) or KW equivalent

Color: White

Finish: Factory

Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16"

Other: Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

Type: **Kitchen Ceiling Tile**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Armstrong (US) or KW equivalent

Color: White

Finish: Factory

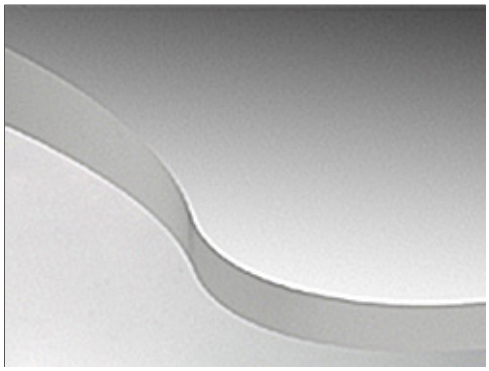
Model #: Kitchen – 2' x 2' Ceramaguard

Other: Grid 15/16" Prelude (Ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Gypsum Board Ceiling (Painted)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Gypsum (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Solid neutral colors

Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Tapered edge

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf
Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E04.1.5. Metal Panels

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E04.1.6. Wood

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E04.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not applicable.

End of Section

E05. Doors and Windows

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

Facility Group 1
door (frame) and window frame materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Aluminum, Clear Anodized
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 1
door (leaf) materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Hardwood Veneer
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 2
door (frame) and window frame materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Aluminum, Clear Anodized
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 2
door (leaf) materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Hardwood Veneer
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 3
door (frame) and window frame materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 3
door (leaf) materials will be as follows.

Primary:	Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)
Secondary:	Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 4
door (frame) and window frame materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	N/A

Facility Group 4
door (leaf) materials will be as follows.

Primary:	N/A
Secondary:	N/A
Tertiary:	N/A

1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case-by-case basis.
2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
5. Manufacturers listed in sections E05.1.1. - E05.1.4. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

Note: *Apply the below base-wide standards for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.*

E05.1.1. Aluminum

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Aluminum Doors and Frames (Interior)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Steel Doors (Interior)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft (US) or KW equivalent

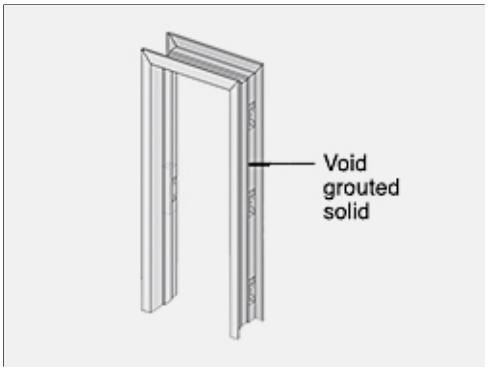
Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25 "galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors must have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: **Steel Frames (Interior)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.3. Wood

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Wood Frames, Administrative Use (Interior)**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Simpson (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 ¾", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

Type: **Residential Grade**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ◉ Other

Mfr: Simpson (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural hardwood veneer or paint grade

Finish: Clear Sealer or paint, satin (aqueous)

Model #: Full slab or panels

Other: Satin nickel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf
Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.4. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not applicable.

End of Section

E06. Casework Systems

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

E06.1. Casework Materials

1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.

2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case-by-case basis.

3. Metal cabinets and countertops will be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.

4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.

5. Manufacturers listed in sections E06.1.1. - E06.1.5. and E06.2.1. - E06.2.6. are provided only to establish a level of quality for use when designers write the salient characteristics of the brand-name item in project specifications following Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) or KW Building Regulations.

End of Section

E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Low-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Formica (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **High-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

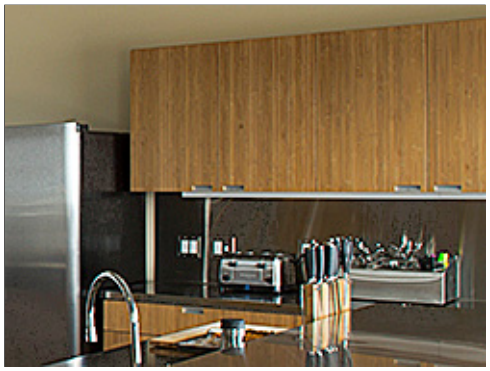
Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Moderate-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Plyboo (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural or amber

Finish: Satin

Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood

Other: FSC® Certified 100%.

UFGS: Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf

E06.1.4. Metal

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Heavy-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steel Sentry (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel)

Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel)

Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

Other: Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are subjected to heavy use.

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E06.2. Countertop Materials

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **Low-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Formica (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: **High-Use Surface**

Applies to: ☑ Group 1 ☑ Group 2 ☑ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian (US) or KW equivalent

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

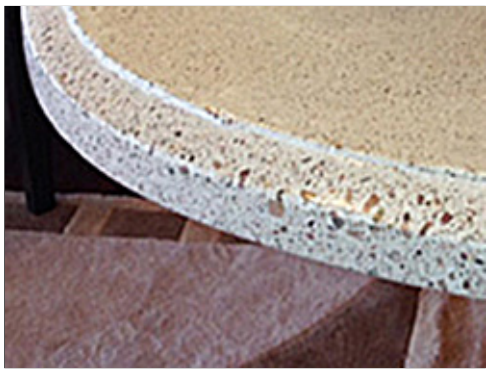
UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.3. Natural Stone

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

E06.2.4. Cast Stone

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy-Use Surface**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

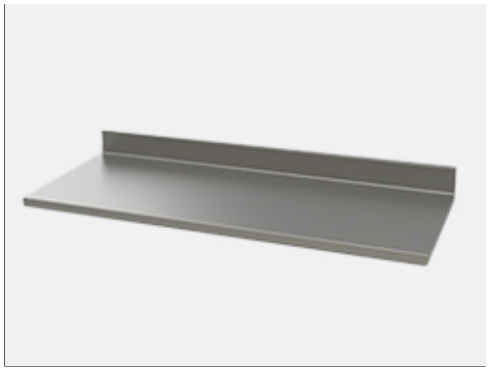
Model #: Custom cast or cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.5. Metal

◉ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Heavy-Use Surface**

Applies to: ◉ Group 1 ◉ Group 2 ◉ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: Custom fabricated countertops

Other: Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ◉ N/A

1. Not applicable.

E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html

E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html

E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

1. Comply with AFCFS.

End of Section

E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html

E08.1 Types and Color

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html

E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case-by-case basis.

2. Comply with AFCFS.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html

E09.2. Types and Color

1. Comply with AFCFS.

End of Section

F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- ○ Applicable
- ◉ N/A

G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards:
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

The below listed documents are provided as supplements to this IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplemental Documents, the IFS will govern.

Note: Document numbers follow UFGS divisions. Only those divisions with supplemental information are included.

386TH Expeditionary Civil Engineer Squadron (ECES)

Abbreviations:
HVAC: Heating Ventilating and Air-Conditioning

G01 Ali Al Salem AB General Requirements
Includes Design Requirements for Architecture, Interior Design, Civil Engineering, Landscape Architecture, and Structural Engineering, CAD Drafting Standards, Building Standards
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G01_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_General_Requirements.pdf

G01B Ali Al Salem AB Outdoor Dining and Patio Café Requirements
Includes Standards and Application and Submission Process for Outdoor Dining and Cafés
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G01B_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Outdoor_Dining_Patio_Cafe_Requirements.pdf

G09 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Finishes
Includes Paints and Coatings, Exterior Painting and Color`s, Interior Painting and Colors
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G09_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Finishes.pdf

G10 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Specialties
Includes Exterior and Interior Signage, Fire Extinguisher Cabinets
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G10_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Specialties.pdf

G21 Ali Al Salem AB Fire Suppression
Includes Fire Sprinklers (Wet and Dry Systems)
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G21_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Fire_Suppression.pdf

G22 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Plumbing
Includes Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment, Toilet Drains, Sewer
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G22_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Plumbing.pdf

G23 Ali Al Salem AB IFS HVAC and Mechanical
Includes HVAC Systems and Controls, Ductless Split Systems
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G23_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_HVAC_Mechanical.pdf

G26 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Electrical
Includes Exterior Lighting, Interior Lighting, Exit Signs
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G26_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Electrical.pdf

G28 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Electronic Safety and Security
Includes Fire Alarm and Mass Notification Control Unit (FMCU)
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G28_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Electronic_Safety_Security.pdf

G32 Ali Al Salem AB IFS Exterior Improvements
Includes Exterior Plants (Guidance for Selection of Plant Species and Recommended Plant Species)
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G32_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Exterior_Improvements.pdf

G33 Ali Al Salem AB Utilities
Includes Fire Hydrants
https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G33_Ali_Al_Salem_AB_IFS_Utilities.pdf

End of Section