UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated January 2015

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DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK

SECTION 31 62 13.26

PRESSURE-INJECTED FOOTINGS

04/06

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NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for the installation, testing, and forming of enlarged concrete footings and cylindrical shafts by ramming the concrete into place under a specific energy of impact.

Adhere to UFC 1-300-02 Unified Facilities Guide Specifications (UFGS) Format Standard when editing this guide specification or preparing new project specification sections. Edit this guide specification for project specific requirements by adding, deleting, or revising text. For bracketed items, choose applicable item(s) or insert appropriate information.

Remove information and requirements not required in respective project, whether or not brackets are present.

Comments, suggestions and recommended changes for this guide specification are welcome and should be submitted as a Criteria Change Request (CCR).

NOTE: The following information shall be shown on the project drawings:

1. Plan of PIF (singles and clusters) and cluster configurations

2. Batter pile angle

3. Safe design loads

4. Location of test PIF, unless option to allow direction by Contracting Officer is selected.
1.1 REFERENCES

NOTE: This paragraph is used to list the publications cited in the text of the guide specification. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only and listed in this paragraph by organization, designation, date, and title.

Use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature when you add a RID outside of the Section's Reference Article to automatically place the reference in the Reference Article. Also use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature to update the issue dates.

References not used in the text will automatically be deleted from this section of the project specification when you choose to reconcile references in the publish print process.

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE INTERNATIONAL (ACI)

ACI 211.3R (2002; R 2009) Guide for Selecting Proportions for No-Slump Concrete

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)


1.2 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Review Submittal Description (SD) definitions in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES and edit the following list to reflect only the submittals required for the project.

The Guide Specification technical editors have designated those items that require Government approval, due to their complexity or criticality, with a "G". Generally, other submittal items can be reviewed by the Contractor's Quality Control System. Only add a "G" to an item, if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For submittals requiring Government approval on Army projects, a code of up to three characters within the submittal tags may be used following the "G"
designation to indicate the approving authority.
Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy, Air Force, and NASA projects.

An "S" following a submittal item indicates that the submittal is required for the Sustainability Notebook to fulfill federally mandated sustainable requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 29 SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING.

Choose the first bracketed item for Navy, Air Force and NASA projects, or choose the second bracketed item for Army projects.

******************************************************************************
Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are [for Contractor Quality Control approval.][for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government.] Submittals with an "S" are for inclusion in the Sustainability Notebook, in conformance to Section 01 33 29 SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING. Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-02 Shop Drawings
   Steel-shell shaft casings
   Reinforcement
   Dowels
   Fabricated additions and modifications to pressure-injected footings (PIF)

SD-06 Test Reports

******************************************************************************
NOTE: Delete this paragraph if load testing is not required.
******************************************************************************

Load tests

SD-07 Certificates
   PIF installation equipment
   Load test apparatus

SD-11 Closeout Submittals
   Pressure injected footing records

SECTION 31 62 13.26 Page 5
1.3 **DEFINITION**

Pressure-injected footings (PIF) shall consist of an expanded base of concrete, formed by ramming concrete into place, and a [cased] [uncased] [reinforced] concrete shaft to transmit the superstructure load to the expanded base.

1.4 **[BASIS OF BID]**

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Include this paragraph only if there are one or more test piles and their locations are "to be where directed."
**************************************************************************

Assume test pile[s] will be directed to be placed in [a] location[s] that can be incorporated into the work.

1.5 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

1.5.1 PIF Installation Equipment

Submit descriptions of proposed PIF installation equipment before commencing work. Include details of the rig, hammer type, and available energy.

1.5.2 Load Test Apparatus

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Delete this paragraph if load testing is not required.
**************************************************************************

Submit equipment description lists or catalog cuts and a brief description of the load test procedure, including maximum load and modifications in accordance with the procedure required by ASTM D1143/D1143M before commencing tests.

1.5.3 Pressure Injected Footing Records

Maintain daily records and make available to the Contracting Officer at all times. Within 15 days after completion of PIF, furnish to the Contracting Officer a complete and accurate record of all PIF installed. Records shall include, as a minimum, the following information for each PIF:

a. Reference or identification number

b. Shaft type and method of reinforcing used

c. Diameter, length, location, and elevation of finished concrete at top of shaft

d. Elevation of bottom of base

e. Type and volume of concrete in base

f. Number and magnitude of blows required to drive the last 0.14 cubic meter 5 cubic feet of base concrete
g. Unusual or unexpected conditions encountered during installation

h. Date of construction drilling, driving, concrete placing, high and low temperatures, and weather conditions for each PIF

i. For PIF closer than nine shaft diameters, elevations at adjacent PIF, recorded before and after driving

j. Sequence of placing PIF in groups.

PART 2   PRODUCTS

2.1   CONCRETE

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Insert the correlated section number and title or include concrete specification in this section in the blank below in the correct format per UFC 1-300-02.
**************************************************************************

Provide as specified in [_____] except as specified otherwise herein, for minimum 28-day concrete compressive strength of [_____] MPa pounds per square inch, using 19 mm 3/4 inch maximum coarse aggregate. Concrete for base [and for uncased shaft] shall have minimum 3-day compressive strength of [_____] MPa pounds per square inch. [Cased shaft shall have minimum 3-day compressive strength of [_____] MPa pounds per square inch.] The expanded base shall be made of zero-slump concrete. Use [zero-slump concrete for uncased shaft] [75 mm] [3 inch] [slump concrete for cased or uncased shaft] [100 to 150 mm] [4 to 6 inch] [slump concrete for cased shaft]. Zero-slump concrete shall be developed by reducing water in regular-mix concrete in accordance with ACI 211.3R.

2.2   REINFORCEMENT

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Insert the correlated section number and title in paragraph entitled "REINFORCEMENT" or include reinforcement specification in this section, in blank below in proper format per UFC 1-300-02.
Shafts are reinforced only when the shaft is required to withstand tension, moment, or shear. Shaft reinforcement may also be required for compression or lateral loads for battered shafts.
**************************************************************************

Provide as specified in [______].

2.3   CASINGS

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Delete paragraph entitled "Uncased Shaft" if only cased shafts are used. Delete paragraph entitled "Casings" and paragraph entitled "Cased Shaft" if only uncased shafts are used. Do not use uncased shafts in soft clay or silt soils unless:

1. Adjacent PIF are installed in previously bored
holes equal to the inside diameter of the driving tubes, or

2. PIF are located more than 2.7 m 9 feet apart.

Provide permanent steel casing of sufficient thickness, strength, and rigidity to prevent deformation, collapse, or distortion caused by driving adjacent PIF or by soil or hydrostatic pressure. Casings shall be watertight.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

3.1.1 General Requirements

Design of the PIF is based upon assumed subsurface elevations to which the PIF shall penetrate at various locations and total energy required to drive them. [Based upon results of PIF test loadings, the Contracting Officer will specify the actual elevation to which PIF shall penetrate and the total energy to be applied to drive the last 0.14 cubic meter 5 cubic feet of concrete into the base.]

3.1.2 Placement

Do not place PIF until earthwork has been graded to elevation indicated. [Do not place permanent PIF until load test[s] [have] [has] been successfully completed.] Modifications to pressure-injected footings (PIF) shall be approved by the Contracting Officer prior to placement.

3.1.3 Placement Tolerance

Placement tolerance shall be a maximum 38 mm 1.5 inches from plan location for single PIF and 75 mm 3 inches from plan location for PIF in clusters. Except for batter installations, PIF shall be a maximum two percent out of plumb. Batter installations shall be within five percent of the indicated required angle. The required angle shall not exceed 0.44 rad 25 degrees from the vertical.

3.1.4 PIF Damaged, Mislocated, or Out of Alignment

NOTE: For PIF installed beyond tolerance, determine actual load to be supported. Reject PIF unless determination shows that overloading does not exceed 10 percent where no load test has been conducted, or 20 percent when load test has been conducted, providing that materials are not stressed beyond allowable limits.

Abandon PIF damaged, mislocated, or out of alignment beyond maximum tolerance and place additional PIF where directed.

3.2 BASE

NOTE: Use drive tubes from 508 to 610 mm 20 to 24
inches in diameter for loads 72.6 metric tons 80 tons
and greater with energy of 189,840 J 140,000
foot-pounds or use drive tubes from 305 to 406 mm 12
to 16 inches in diameter for loads less than 72.6
metric tons 80 tons with energy of 67,800 to 135,600
J 50,000 to 100,000 foot-pounds.

Charge steel drive tube of [[___] mm [___] inch] [appropriate] diameter
with a plug of 0.14 cubic meter 5 cubic feet of concrete or gravel and
force into ground by drop hammer blows on plug at bottom inside of the
steel tube. Pre-bore or jet to assist driving if appropriate. Drive tube
to predetermined depth of granular soil stratum suitable for forming
expanded base. At this depth, expel plug while preventing further
penetration of the tube, with sufficient seal maintained to prevent entry
of water or soil. During injection of concrete, level of concrete in tube
shall be 152 mm 6 inches above bottom of tube. [Alternatively, drive tube
may be driven into ground with mechanical hammer striking top of drive
tube. In this case, close bottom of drive tube with steel plate which
shall later be driven off during forming of base.]

3.3 PIF BEARING CAPACITY

NOTE: PIF bearing capacity shall be computed per
formula. In absence of a load test, use K-value
from table below: (K-values and Bearing Capacity
Formula from "Dynamic Formula for PIF" by Reymond L.
Norlund, Proceedings of the American Society of
Civil Engineers, Vol. 108, March 1982.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended K with Compacted Concrete Shaft</th>
<th>Recommended K with Cased Shafts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gravel</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium to coarse sand</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine to medium sand</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coarse sand</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium sand</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine sand</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very fine sand</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silty medium to coarse sand</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silty fine to medium sand</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Recommended K-Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended K with Compacted Concrete Shaft with Cased Shafts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Silty fine sand</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Residual soil common to Southeast U.S.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fine sand with &quot;limerock&quot; fragments and/or shells</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Glacial till, granular matrix</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Glacial till, clay matrix</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

N = number of blows from Standard Penetration Test

Determine safe bearing capacity by ramming zero-slump concrete, in batches of 0.14 mm 5 cubic feet, into granular soil stratum by drop hammer in accordance with the following formula:

\[
L = \frac{B \times W \times H \times V^{2/3}}{K}
\]

where

- L = Safe bearing capacity of PIF in metric tons
- B = Average number of blows of hammer required to inject one cubic meter one cubic foot of concrete in expanded base, during injection of the last batch
- W = Weight of drop hammer in metric tons
- H = Height of fall of drop hammer in meters
- V = Total volume of concrete in expanded base measured in cubic meters cubic feet,
- K = [Constant determined from the load test] [______]

### 3.4 SHAFTS

#### 3.4.1 Uncased Shaft

NOTE: Delete paragraph entitled "Uncased Shaft" if only cased shafts are used. Delete paragraph entitled "Casings" and paragraph entitled "Cased Shaft" if only uncased shafts are used. Do not use uncased shafts in soft clay or silt soils unless:

1. Adjacent PIF are installed in previously bored
holes equal to the inside diameter of the driving tubes, or

2. PIF are located more than 2.7 m 9 feet apart.

Ensure continuous and complete contact between concrete shaft and surrounding soil. Form shaft by compacting charges of zero slump concrete with hammer blows of 20,300 to 27,100 J 15,000 to 20,000 foot-pounds of energy and withdraw drive tube in not more than 600 mm 2 foot increments. Concrete level inside drive tube shall be higher than bottom of tube at all times. Alternatively, when shaft is reinforced full length, fill drive-tube with 150 to 200 mm 6 to 8 inches of high slump concrete and withdraw tube, recharging concrete as needed to ensure that final level is at or above cut-off elevation.

3.4.2 Cased Shaft

1. Adjacent PIF are installed in previously bored holes equal to the inside diameter of the driving tubes, or

2. PIF are located more than 2.7 m 9 feet apart.

NOTE: Where soil conditions indicate that it may be impractical or difficult to fill the annular space between the shaft and the soil around a single casing, shaft shall be supported laterally or PIF shall be reinforced. Where a single PIF is used as a foundation and the shaft is cased, shaft shall be supported at the top in at least two directions, perpendicular to each other. Where two PIF are used in a group and their shafts are cased, the groups shall be supported laterally at the top in a direction perpendicular to a line drawn between centers of the footings. Insert minimum nominal diameter of casings.

Concrete shaft shall be cased in a permanent steel casing formed by inserting a steel casing with a minimum diameter of [_____] mm inches into drive tube and embedding in expanded base as required to exclude water or other foreign material. Withdraw drive tube and fill steel casing with 75 mm 3 inch slump concrete to cut-off elevation but not until after all PIF within a 2.7 m 9 foot radius have been installed. Place concrete in continuous flow from bottom to top of shaft, and do not drop through water. Fill spaces between steel casing and surrounding soil with sand by a process of washing sand as the drive tube is withdrawn. Allow shaft to cure 24 hours minimum before constructing additional PIF within a 2.7 m 9 foot radius. Remove mud, water, and other foreign matter before filling.
casing with concrete. Extract and discard distorted, bent, or damaged casings and drive new casings.

3.5 REINFORCEMENT

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Insert the correlated section number and title in paragraph entitled "REINFORCEMENT" or include reinforcement specification in this section. Shafts are reinforced only when the shaft is required to withstand tension, moment, or shear. Shaft reinforcement may also be required for compression or lateral loads for battered shafts.
**************************************************************************

Assemble, securely tie together, and place in shaft as a unit. Use spacers to center reinforcement in the shaft and maintain alignment. [Reinforce full length of battered shafts and uncased shafts to resist uplift force.] Connect shaft to superstructure with reinforcement as indicated. Provide necessary dowels.

3.6 TEST PIF

**************************************************************************
NOTE: Delete these paragraphs if load testing is not required.
**************************************************************************

3.6.1 Load Tests

**************************************************************************
NOTE: The requirement of performing the load test under the direct supervision of a registered professional engineer may be waived at the discretion of the design agency.
**************************************************************************

ASTM D1143/D1143M, [measurement method as recommended by the Contractor]; provide [one] [_____] test PIF[s] conforming to requirements for permanent PIF at location[s] [indicated] [directed by the Contracting Officer]. Place test PIF in same manner specified for permanent PIF. Test PIF indicated or directed to be placed in permanent locations may be incorporated into the final work if load testing is satisfactory. Perform tests and recording of data under the direct supervision of a registered Professional Engineer provided by the [Government] [Contractor]. [Dial gauges and measurements of deflection or settlement [will] [shall] be the responsibility of the [Contracting Officer] [Contractor].]

3.6.2 Test Measurements

Maintain ultimate test load for a minimum of 24 hours before releasing. Determine safe bearing capacity of test PIF from results of load test as approved by the Contracting Officer. [Safe bearing capacity shall be the lesser of two values computed as follows: (a) one-half the load at which the load vs. total settlement curve exhibits a slope of 1.3 mm per 907 kg 0.05 inches per ton of test load; or (b) one-half the load that causes net
settlement after rebound of not more than 25.4 mm one inch.]

3.7 INSPECTION AND SAFETY

PIF [and casings for cased shaft] will be inspected by the Contracting Officer. [Provide sufficient light and access for proper inspection of full length of casings.] Provide safety requirements and access equipment required for proper inspection. [Casing shall be inspected and approved prior to installing shaft.]

-- End of Section --