
USACE / NAVFAC / AFCEA / NASA UFGS-00 31 10 (April 2006)

Preparing Activity: USACE Replacing without change
UFGS-01415 (December 2004)

UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated October 2011

SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 00 - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

DOCUMENT 00 31 10

METRIC MEASUREMENTS

04/06

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 REFERENCES
- 1.2 GENERAL
- 1.3 USE OF MEASUREMENTS IN SPECIFICATIONS
 - 1.3.1 Hard Metric
 - 1.3.2 Soft Metric
 - 1.3.3 Neutral
- 1.4 COORDINATION
- 1.5 RELATIONSHIP TO SUBMITTALS

-- End of Section Table of Contents --

USACE / NAVFAC / AFCEA / NASA UFGS-00 31 10 (April 2006)

Preparing Activity: USACE Replacing without change
UFGS-01415 (December 2004)

UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated October 2011

DOCUMENT 00 31 10

METRIC MEASUREMENTS
04/06

NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for metric measurements in project specifications.

Adhere to [UFC 1-300-02](#) Unified Facilities Guide Specifications (UFGS) Format Standard when editing this guide specification or preparing new project specification sections. Edit this guide specification for project specific requirements by adding, deleting, or revising text. For bracketed items, choose applicable items(s) or insert appropriate information.

Remove information and requirements not required in respective project, whether or not brackets are present.

Comments, suggestions and recommended changes for this guide specification are welcome and should be submitted as a [Criteria Change Request \(CCR\)](#).

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

NOTE: This paragraph is used to list the publications cited in the text of the guide specification. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only and listed in this paragraph by organization, designation, date, and title.

Use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature when you add a RID outside of the Section's Reference Article to automatically place the reference in the Reference Article. Also use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature to update the issue dates.

References not used in the text will automatically be deleted from this section of the project specification when you choose to reconcile references in the publish print process.

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

IEEE/ASTM SI 10

(2002) American National Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

1.2 GENERAL

NOTE: The Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (P.L. 94-168) designated the metric (SI) system as the preferred system of measurements in the United States. The Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-418) amended the 1975 Act (P.L. 94-168) to include a requirement for each Federal agency "to the extent economically feasible ..., use the metric system of measurement..., except to the extent that such use is impractical or is likely to cause significant inefficiencies...".

Executive Order 12770 of July 25, 1991, Metric Usage in Federal Government Programs, assigned certain responsibilities to the Department of Commerce and to the Executive Branch departments and agencies toward implementation of P.L. 94-168 and P.L. 100-418. The Executive Order requires use of the metric system of measurement in Federal Government procurements, grants, and other business related activities "to the extent economically feasible" and further states that "Metric usage shall not be required to the extent that such use is impractical or is likely to cause significant inefficiencies or loss of markets to United States firms".

Public Law 104-289 of October 11, 1996, Savings in Construction Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 3411) states that "a Federal agency may require that specifications for the acquisition of structures or systems of concrete masonry be expressed under the metric system of measurement, but may not incorporate specifications, that can only be satisfied by hard-metric versions of concrete masonry units, .. unless.. 1) hard-metric specifications are necessary in a contract for the repair or replacement of parts .. in existence or under construction upon the effective date of the Savings in Construction Act of 1996; or 2) the following 2 criteria are met: (A) the application

requires hard-metric concrete masonry units to coordinate dimensionally into 100 millimeter building modules; and (B) the total installed price of hard-metric concrete masonry units is estimated to be equal to or less than the total installed price of using non-hard-metric concrete masonry units." The Savings in Construction Act of 1996 also contains similar requirements for recessed lighting fixtures.

This guide specification establishes the basis for Contractor compliance with the specified metric requirements and provides information necessary for the Contractor and Government administrative personnel to better understand the metric requirements. This guide specification is to be used in projects designated to use metric measurements.

IEEE/ASTM SI 10 have been used to the extent practicable in establishing the metric measurements in guide specifications.

The following is an illustration of designer choices for SI or I-P measurements:

SI MEASUREMENT	I-P MEASUREMENT
45 mm	1-3/4 inch
50.8 mm (2 inches)	2 inches

For the choices shown above, the metric measurement of 45 mm is a hard metric value, and 50.8 mm (2 inches) is a soft metric value.

During the SPECSINTACT printing process two automatic options are available:

- 1) For individual sections in the project either all SI or all I-P units can be selected.
- 2) For all sections in the project either all SI or all I-P units can be used.

A third option for a mix of SI and I-P units in a section is not automatic and requires the removal of the measurement tags and the unwanted requirements on a case by case basis during the editing process.

This project includes metric units of measurements. The metric units used are the International System of Units (SI) developed and maintained by the General Conference on Weights and Measures (CGPM); the name International System of Units and the international abbreviation SI were adopted by the 11th CGPM in 1960. A number of circumstances require that both metric SI units and English inch-pound (I-P) units be included in a section of the specifications. When both metric and I-P measurements are included, the section may contain measurements for products that are manufactured to I-P

dimensions and then expressed in mathematically converted metric value (soft metric) or, it may contain measurements for products that are manufactured to an industry recognized rounded metric (hard metric) dimensions but are allowed to be substituted by I-P products to comply with the law. Dual measurements are also included to indicate industry and/or Government standards, test values or other controlling factors, such as the code requirements where I-P values are needed for clarity or to trace back to the referenced standards, test values or codes.

1.3 USE OF MEASUREMENTS IN SPECIFICATIONS

Measurements in specifications shall be either in SI or I-P units as indicated, except for soft metric measurements or as otherwise authorized. When only SI or I-P measurements are specified for a product, the product shall be procured in the specified units (SI or I-P) unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor is responsible for all associated labor and materials when authorized to substitute one system of units for another and for the final assembly and performance of the specified work and/or products.

1.3.1 Hard Metric

A hard metric measurement is indicated by an SI value with no expressed correlation to an I-P value. Hard metric measurements are often used for field data such as distance from one point to another or distance above the floor. Products are considered to be hard metric when they are manufactured to metric dimensions or have an industry recognized metric designation.

1.3.2 Soft Metric

- a. A soft metric measurement is indicated by an SI value which is a mathematical conversion of the I-P value shown in parentheses (e.g. 38.1 mm (1-1/2 inches)). Soft metric measurements are used for measurements pertaining to products, test values, and other situations where the I-P units are the standard for manufacture, verification, or other controlling factor. The I-P value shall govern while the metric measurement is provided for information.
- b. A soft metric measurement is also indicated for products that are manufactured in industry designated metric dimensions but are required by law to allow substitute I-P products. These measurements are indicated by a manufacturing hard metric product dimension followed by the substitute I-P equivalent value in parentheses (e.g., 190 x 190 x 390 mm (7-5/8 x 7-5/8 x 15-5/8 inches)).

1.3.3 Neutral

A neutral measurement is indicated by an identifier which has no expressed relation to either an SI or an I-P value (e.g., American Wire Gage (AWG) which indicates thickness but in itself is neither SI nor I-P).

1.4 COORDINATION

Discrepancies, such as mismatches or product unavailability, arising from use of both metric and non-metric measurements and discrepancies between the measurements in the specifications and the measurements in the drawings shall be brought to the attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution.

1.5 RELATIONSHIP TO SUBMITTALS

Submittals for Government approval or for information only shall cover the SI or I-P products actually being furnished for the project. Submit the required drawings and calculations in the same units used in the contract documents describing the product or requirement unless otherwise instructed or approved. Use [IEEE/ASTM SI 10](#) as the basis for establishing metric measurements required to be used in submittals.

-- End of Document --